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Dynamic Forms 4.1

User Guide

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 What's new in v4.1?

- **Major Performance Improvements - database caching for referenced objects result in significant performance boost.**
- **File Upload options to fit your specific needs!**
 - Need to upload up to 8 files at a time? Use the New Telerik File Upload Field. This works really well with AJAX and Question Events. Plus, you can modify submitted data while editing form results.
 - Want to store uploaded files using the DNN fileID? Choose the DNN File Upload Feature to store files in the DNN Files table.
 - How about storing the actual file names in the Dynamic Forms tables? Use the Standard File Upload, instead.
- **Great new admin options!**
 - Break out of the standard database provider. You can now use an external SQL Server or Oracle data source, allowing standard database to be overridden in specific areas such as SQL Options, and SQL default values. All SQL Binding and SQL Events can now support the Oracle Data Provider, as well!
 - New Warnings / Tips: Administrators get helpful messages to improve implementation and avoid errors such as when two fields have the same short field name. Administrator can choose to review more details or dismiss the message.
 - Export to Excel feature now allows for XLS or CSV files
- **Power-packed Completion Events open doors to better workflow! Responses from one event can now be used in the next event. Imagine the possibilities like these:**
 - Redirect to a specific page if a SQL Event fails
 - Fire a SQL event and include the returned value in your email event
 - Use a confirmation from an HTTP post to fire off a redirect or email
- **New Payment Gateways -- Authorize.NET ARB (Recurring Billing), Verifi, IPPay, and Ideal**

2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

Included in your download are either one (If you only purchased the PA) or two (If you purchased the PA and Source Code) zip files. One zip file is the source code to the application, and the other zip file is the module which you can upload to your site.

When you extract the files, you will notice that it extracts two zip files (**note**: only one if you just purchased the PA).

- **DataSprings_DynamicForms_ModuleVersion_MinimumDNNVersion.zip** - file for installing "Dynamic Forms" with your DNN. Make sure that you
- **DataSprings_DynamicForms_Source.zip** - source zip file you can use in order to make any changes to the application (**note**: meant for advanced users)

In order to install your "Dynamic Forms" module, login with an account to your DNN® site as a host or administrator account. Once logged in, Navigate to the Host menu item, and click on the "Module Definition".

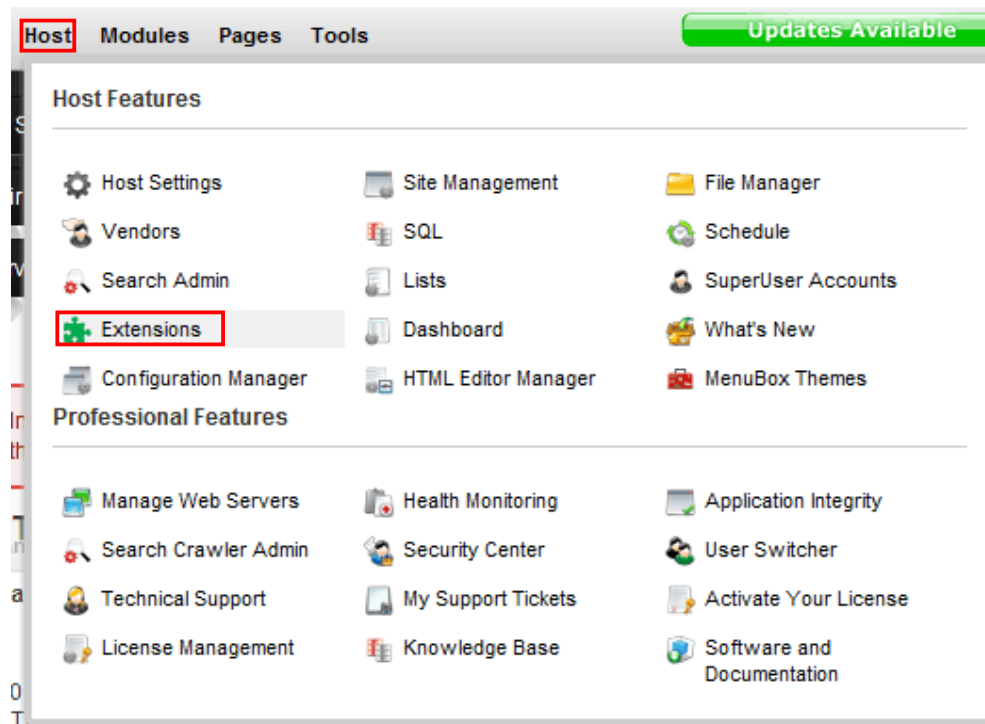


Figure 1: Installation procedure (step 1/6)

The following screen will be displayed.

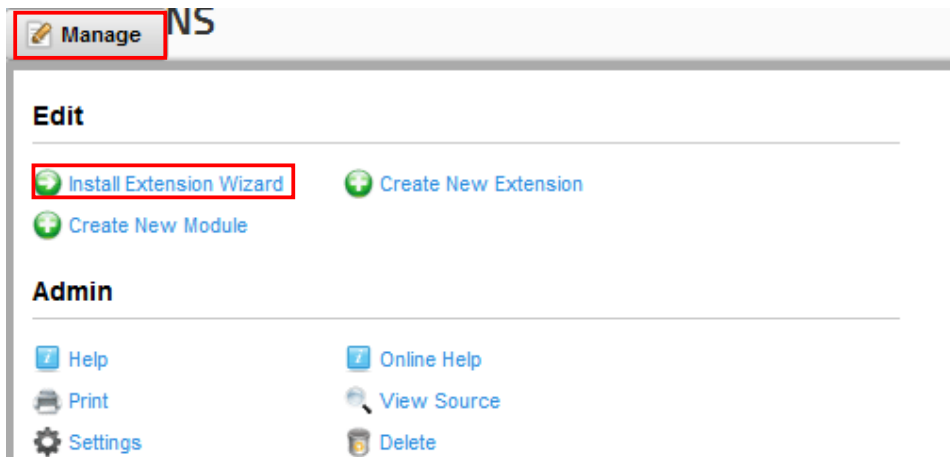



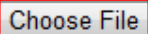
Figure 2: Installation procedure (step 2/6)


Click on the “Upload New Module” to continue installing “Dynamic Forms” and the following screen will be displayed.

Upload New Extension Package

 DotNetNuke can be extended in many ways. This wizard helps you upload

Use the Browse button to browse your local file system to find the extension package then click Next to continue.

 No file chosen

 Your site is configured with a maximum file upload size of 9860 MB.

Next Cancel

Figure 3: Installation procedure (step 3/6)

Click on the “Browse” button and the dialog window for locating the installation file “DataSprings_DynamicForms_ModuleVersion_MinimumDNNVersion.zip” will be displayed.

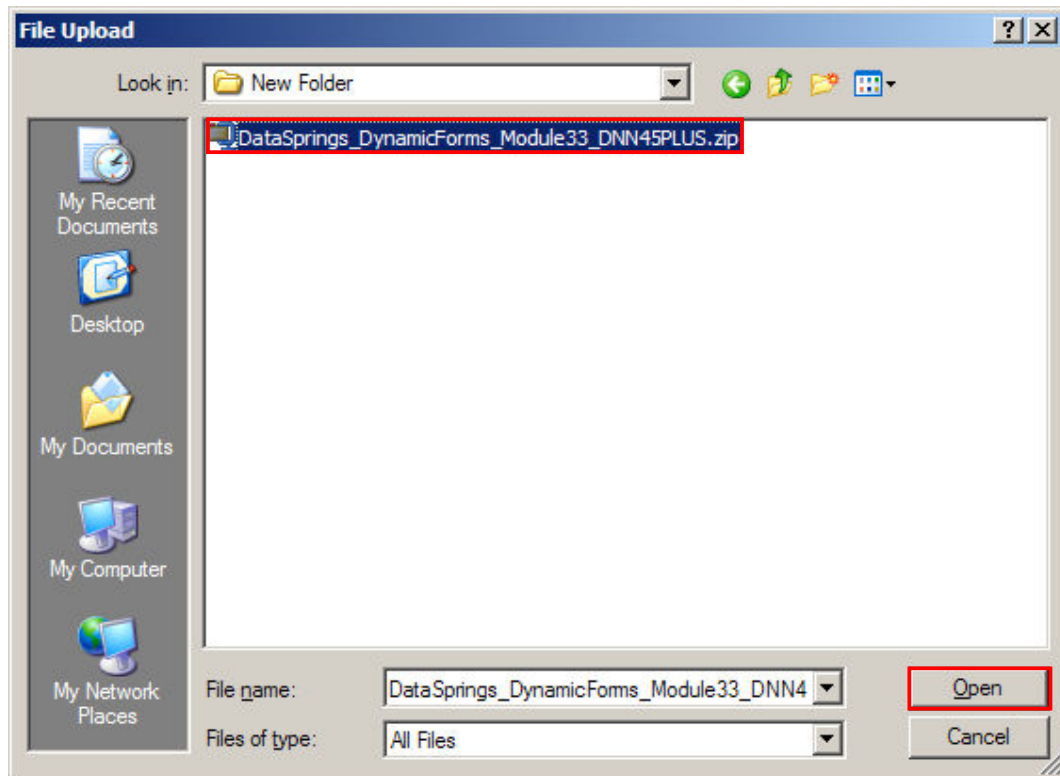


Figure 4: Installation procedure (step 4/6)

Locate the “**DataSprings_DynamicForms_Module33_DNN45PLUS.zip**” and click on the “Open” button. The following screen will be displayed.

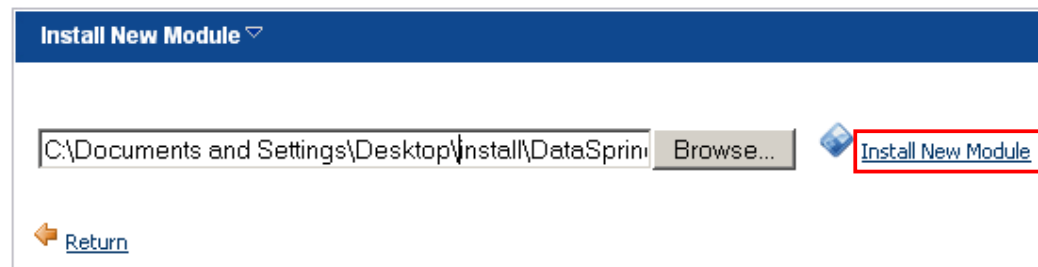


Figure 5: Installation procedure (step 5/6)

Click on the “Install New Module” link. The installation will begin and in couple of moments the screen informing you on successful completion will be displayed.

StartJob Registering DesktopModule

Info Registering Definitions

Info Registering Controls

EndJob Registering finished

EndJob Installation successfull.

[Return](#)


Figure 6: Installation procedure (step 6/6)

Note: please keep track of any errors that appear during the installation. These errors can be helpful if your module has problems.

Note: please note the specific DotNetNuke Version within the file and make sure that your DNN version is at least the version number mentioned. For example DNN52PLUS means that DotNetNuke 5.2 or higher is required. Please also note the module version within the filename in case you need to reference for this a forum thread, support ticket, or other communication.

3 ADDING DYNAMIC FORMS MODULE TO A PAGE

In order to add “Dynamic Forms” module to a desired page follow these steps:

1. Select the “Add New Module” radio button
2. Choose “Dynamic Forms” from the “Module” pull down menu
3. Click on the “Add” link (or the arrow icon .

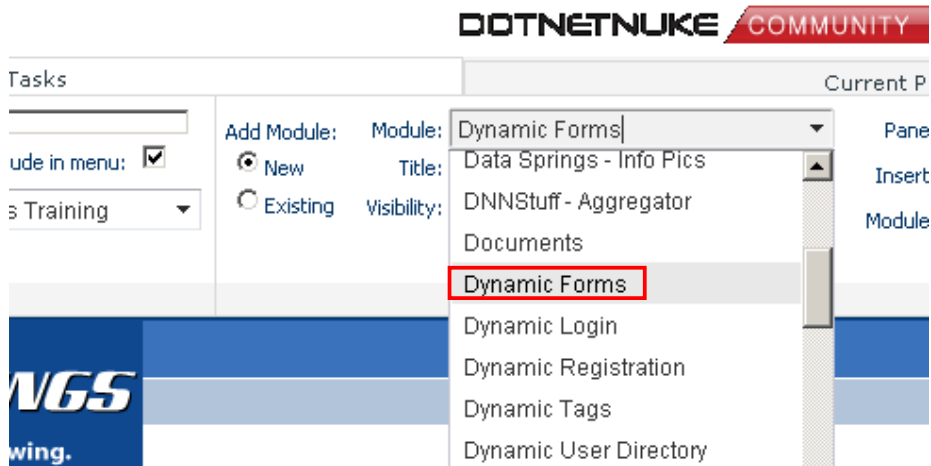


Figure 7: Adding a module to a page

The “Dynamic Forms” module will be added to the page. Click on the arrow next to the title of the module in order to open the main menu (**note**: see section 4 for further information on main menu options).

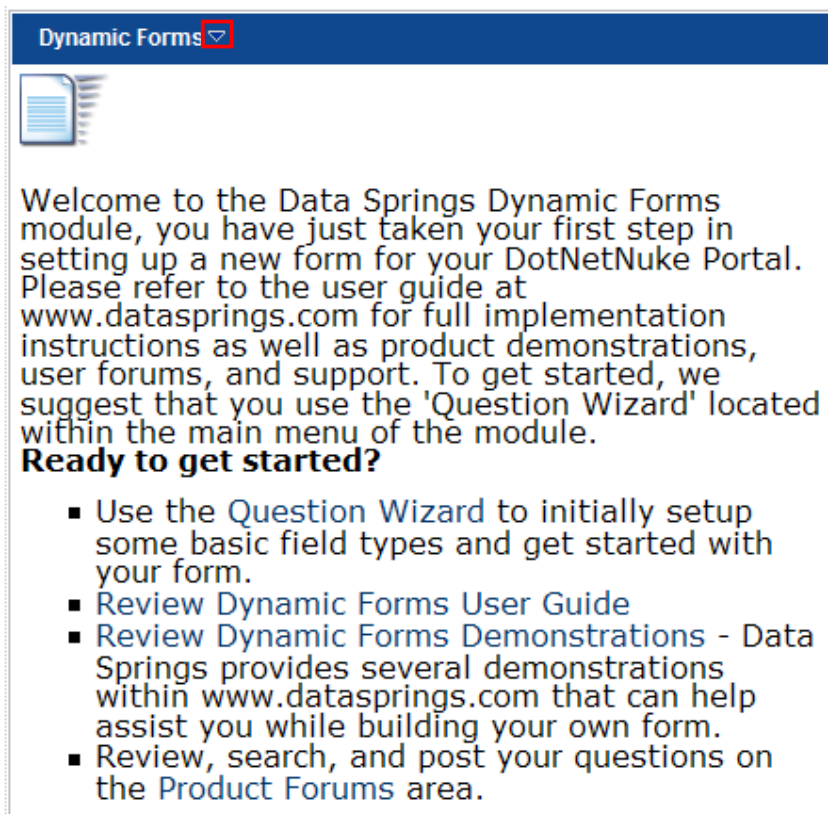


Figure 8: Opening the module main menu

3.1 Registering Dynamic Forms

In order to register your copy of Dynamic Forms, choose option “Dynamic Forms License” from the “Advanced” menu.

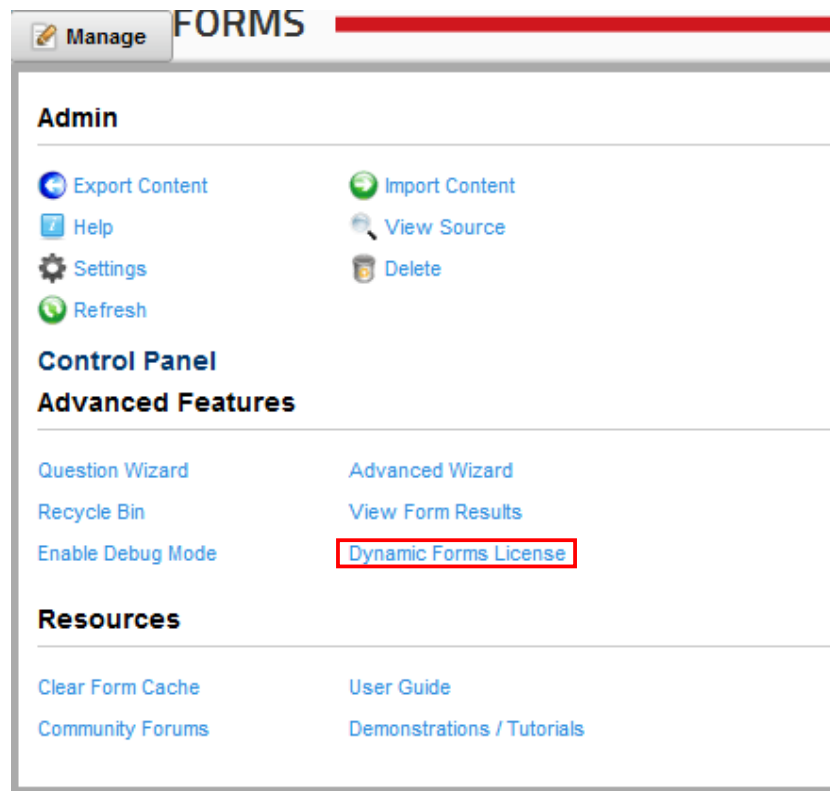


Figure 9: Registering the Dynamic Forms (step 1/2)

The following page will be displayed.

DATA SPRINGS PRODUCT LICENSING

DNN Version:	6.1.3
Product:	Dynamic Forms
Product Variant:	Standard Edition
Product Version:	4.10.0.5601
Machine Key:	E8EBFF68-39EA-46B0-950A-CFD11D58FD0B
Host Title:	DotNetNuke
Portals:	Weekend Explorer Administration Site (weekendexplorer.com) Top Floor Connections (www.dreamshorestudios.com,dreamshorestudios.com) SmackLab Marketing & Social Media (smacklabs.betasprings.com) One Life Diet - iPhone App Configuration (onelife.datasprings.com) My Website (training.betasprings.com) Brandon Smith Law Firm (brandonsmithlaw.com,www.brandonsmithlaw.com) Annie The Pig (www.anniethepig.com,anniethepig.com)
IP Address:	178.148.183.134
Contact / Developer Name:	<input type="text"/>
Contact / Developer Email:	<input type="text"/>
Customer Name:	<input type="text"/>
Invoice ID:	<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> BY CHECKING THE BOX INDICATING I AGREE TO THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE LICENSE	
Register / Submit License Exit	

Figure 10: Registering the Dynamic Forms (step 2/2)

Enter the requested information and click “Register/Submit License” to complete the procedure.

4 DYNAMIC FORMS INTERFACE

This section of the document will describe the options available within the Dynamic Forms interface.

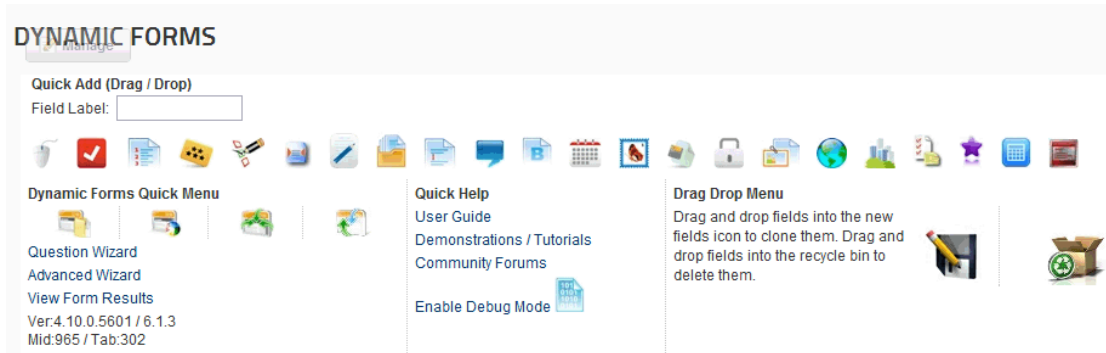








Figure 11: Options within the Dynamic Forms Interface

The following options are available:

- **Dynamic Forms Quick Menu** – this is the quick menu towards the most important functionalities within the Dynamic Forms menu:
 -  - the option for managing the dynamic fields
 -  - the option for managing the module configuration
 -  - the option for managing the completion events
 -  - the option for managing the question events
- **Quick Help** – the part of the interface containing helpful information and instructions on how to use the Dynamic Forms module:
 - **User Guide** – click this option to open the user guide
 - **Demonstrations/Tutorials** – click this option to view the page with the demonstrations and tutorials
 - **Community Forums** – click this option to visit the community forums
 - **Enable Debug Mode** – click this option to enable the debug mode which will display debug information (feedback on errors) which you can use in order to eliminate bugs potential problems
- **Drag Drop Menu** – this part of the interface is used for creating copies i.e. clones of the existing fields (see section [4.3](#))
- **Quick Add (Drag/Drop)** – this part of the interface is used for adding new dynamic fields by choosing the desired icon for the field and using the simple drag and drop method (see section [4.3](#))
- **Field Label** – this field is used for setting the label of the new dynamic question i.e. the name of the field and should be used in combination with the **Quick Add** functionality
- **Recycle bin** – this part of the interface is used for deleting the desired dynamic fields by simply dragging them to the recycle bin (see section [6.3](#))

4.1 Creating the copies of the existing fields

In order to quickly create a copy i.e. a clone of the existing fields directly from within the interface, click on this icon  next to the desired field and move it over to the Drag Drop Menu icon 

Quick Add (Drag / Drop)
Field Label:

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu
Question Wizard
Advanced Wizard

Quick Help
User Guide
Demonstrations / Tutorials
Community Forums
Enable Debug Mode

Drag Drop Menu
Drag and drop fields and drop fields into the bin to delete them.

Form Fields:

- First Name:
- Last Name:
- Email Address:
- Street:
- Country:

Submit

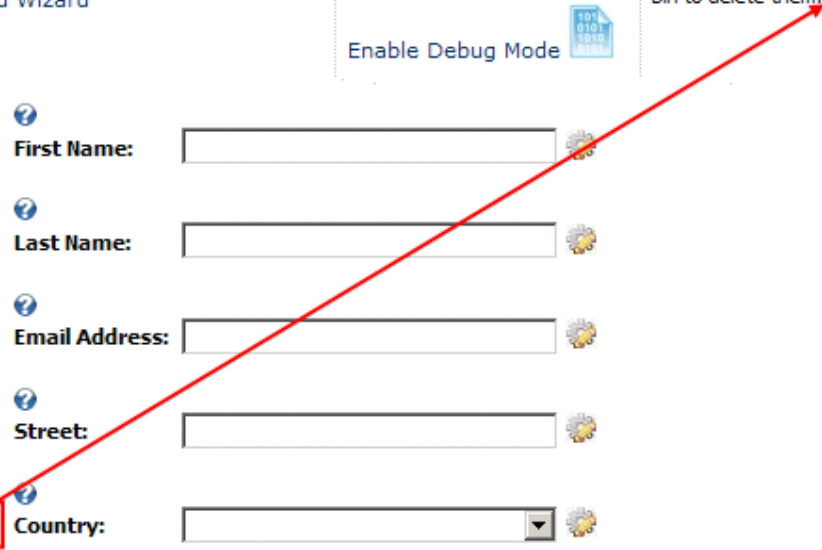


Figure 12: Cloning an existing field (step 1/2)


Once you release the icon on the drag drop menu icon, the screen will be refreshed containing the newly created clone of the field.

Form Fields:


- Last Name:
- Email Address:
- Street:
- Country:
- Country (copy):

Submit

Figure 13: Cloning an existing field (step 2/2)

Use the edit icon  next to the field to further adjust the field if necessary.

4.2 Viewing field info

In order to view quick information about the form field, place your mouse over the info icon  next to the desired field.

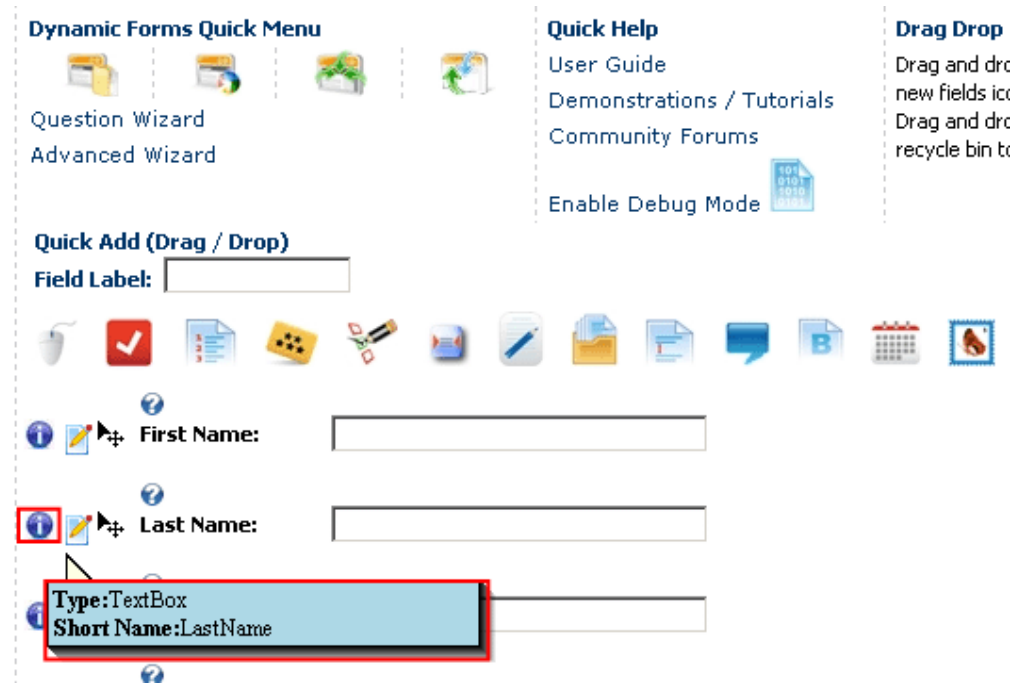


Figure 14: Viewing the field info

The cloud-like blue layer will be displayed containing information about the type of the field as well as the short name for the field.

Additional enabled features will also be displayed, such as if the field is required or if advanced features are enabled to initially hide the field or pass the field value via a querystring or session variable.

4.3 Using the Quick Add functionality

The **Quick Add** functionality is a simple new way to add new dynamic fields directly from the interface.

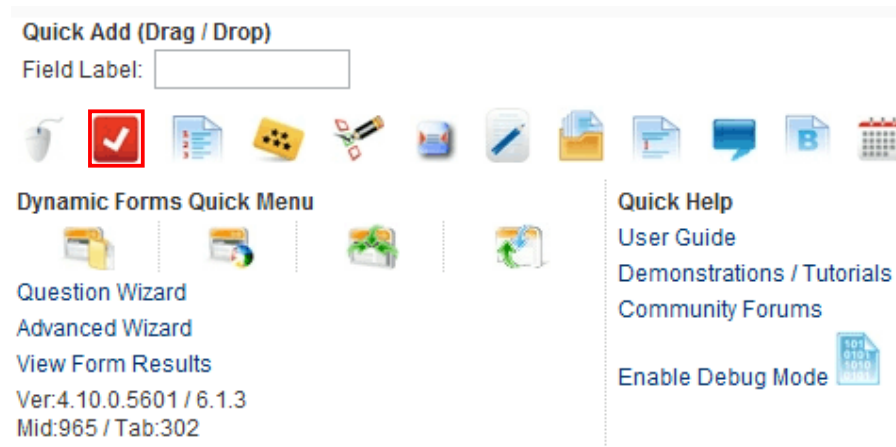


Figure 15: Selecting the desired icon/dynamic field

In order to quickly add a new dynamic field, click on one of the shortcut icons and then drag&drop within the desired location in the form.

Please note that the location where you release the icon will determine the sort order of the new dynamic field.

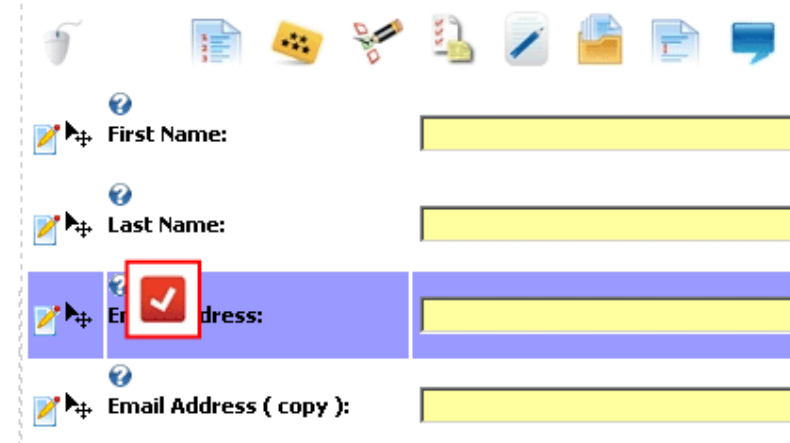


Figure 16: Releasing the new field

Once you release the icon, the new field will be added to the form.

First Name:

Last Name:

New Field:

Email Address:

Figure 17: The new field successfully added to the form

Once the new field has been added, you can place the mouse pointer over it until you see the edit field icon . Click on this icon and you will be able to set the name of the field.

- **Note:** you can also specify the field label before you drag and drop the icon onto the form. You can specify this in the 'Field Label' area above the new field icons (top left hand side and below the quick drag drop menu) – see section [4.4](#).

First Name:

Email Address:

New Field:

Company Name:

The new name for the field.

Figure 18: Setting the new name for the field

For all other adjustments of the field use this icon which will open the usual edit page with all available parameters for the field.

The following icons are available within the interface

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu






















Question Wizard
Advanced Wizard

Quick Help
User Guide
Demonstrations / Tutorials
Community Forums
Enable Debug Mode

Drag Drop Menu
Drag and drop fields into the new fields icon to clone them. Drag and drop fields into the recycle bin to delete them.

Figure 19: Available icons for adding new dynamic fields

- - the option for adding a new **textbox**

-  - the option for adding a new **checkbox** field
-  - the option for adding a new **combo box**
-  - the option for adding a new **radio button** field
-  - the option for adding a new **checkbox list** field
-  - the option for adding a new **listbox** field
-  - the option for adding a new **text/HTML** field
-  - the option for creating a new **hidden field**
-  - the option for creating an **HR ruler**
-  - the option for creating a new **label field**
-  - the option for creating a new **HTML input button field**
-  - the option for creating a new **date field**
-  - the option for creating a new **image** field
-  - the option for creating a new **file attachment** field
-  - the option for creating a new **CAPTCHA** field
-  - the option for creating a new **rich text box** field
-  - the option for creating a new **DNN® country** field
-  - the option for creating a new **DNN® region** field
-  - the option for adding a new **gridview** field
-  - the option for adding a new **Rating (AJAX)** field
-  - the option for adding a new **Data Grid** field
-  - the “**DNN Text Suggest**” field (this functionality suggests the text as the user types recognizing the word/field from the database and based on the SQL query to the database – see section [7.16](#))

4.4 Setting the field name – using the Field Label functionality

The purpose of the “Field Label” functionality is to allow you to quickly and easily set the name of the new field by entering its name into the “Field Label” input field.

For example, if you want to add a “Last Name” field to your form, enter the “Last Name” text into the “Field Label” input field and then drag and drop the desired field icon onto the form.

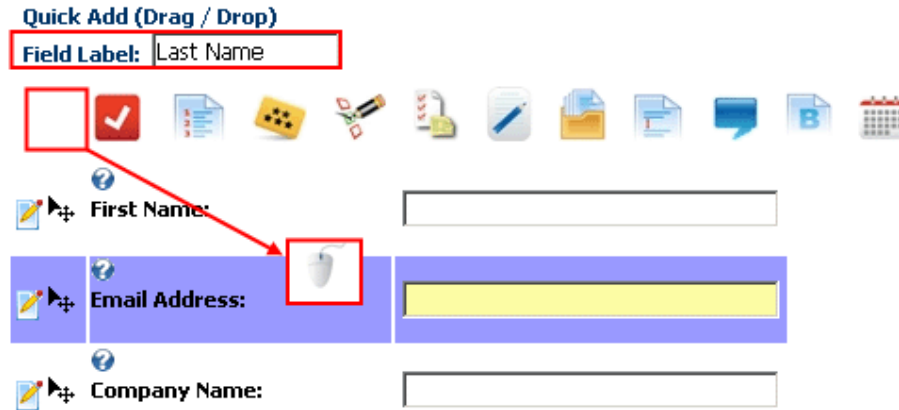


Figure 20: Setting the field name (step 1/2)

Once you release the field, the page will be refreshed containing the new field which is already properly named.

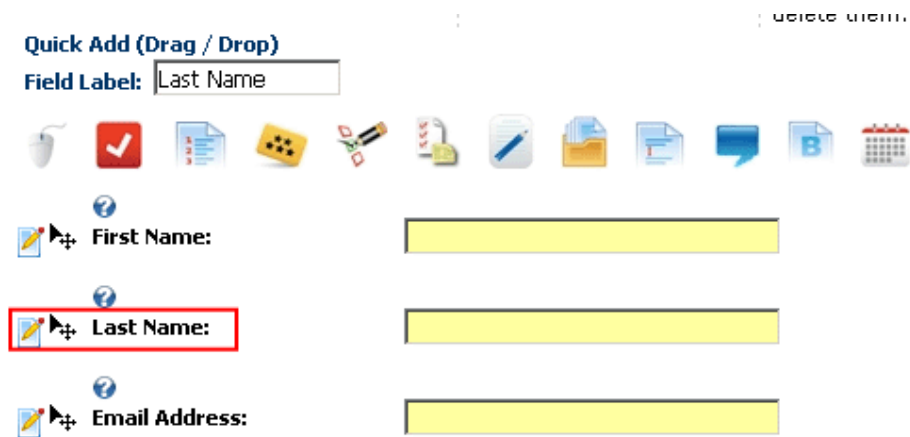




Figure 21: Setting the field name (step 2/2)

4.5 Moving dynamic questions to the Recycle Bin

The “Recycle Bin” functionality is used the same way as your Windows Recycle bin. The purpose of this functionality is to allow you to remove the items from your dynamic form as simply as possible, but still offer a possibility to restore them at any time (**note:** unless removed from the recycle bin altogether).

In order to move the desired item to the recycle bin, click on this icon  next to the item and move it towards the recycle bin icon .

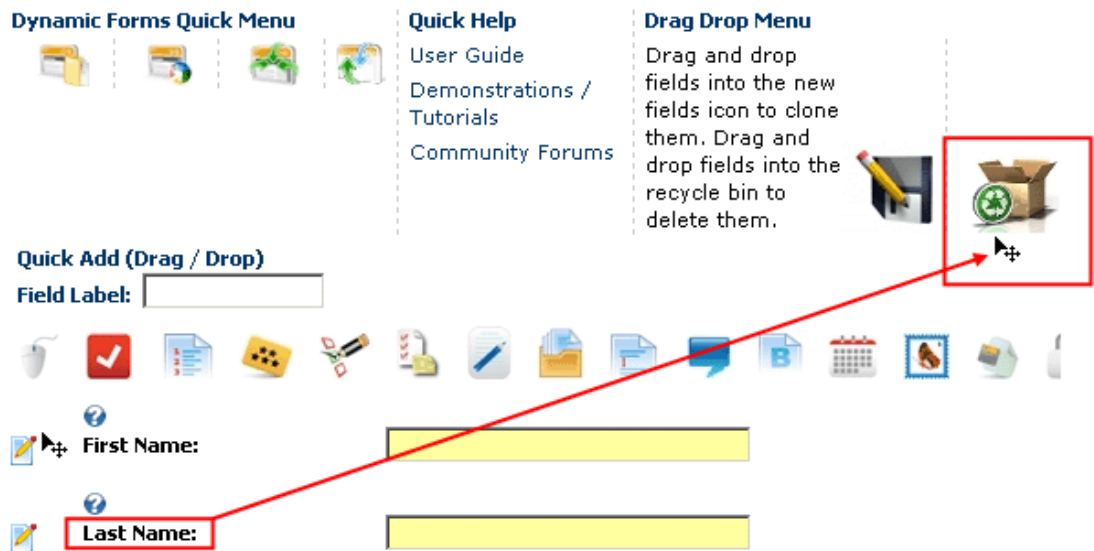


Figure 22: Moving a dynamic question to a recycle bin

The desired item will be removed from the dynamic form and placed into the recycle bin. The items in the recycle bin can be restored or permanently deleted.

In order to access the contents of the recycle bin, choose the “Recycle Bin” option from the “Advanced Features” menu (see section 6.3).

5 DYNAMIC FORMS MAIN MENU

This section of the document will describe the options available in the “Dynamic Forms” main menu options. In order to start using the main menu, click on the arrow next to the title “Dynamic Forms”.

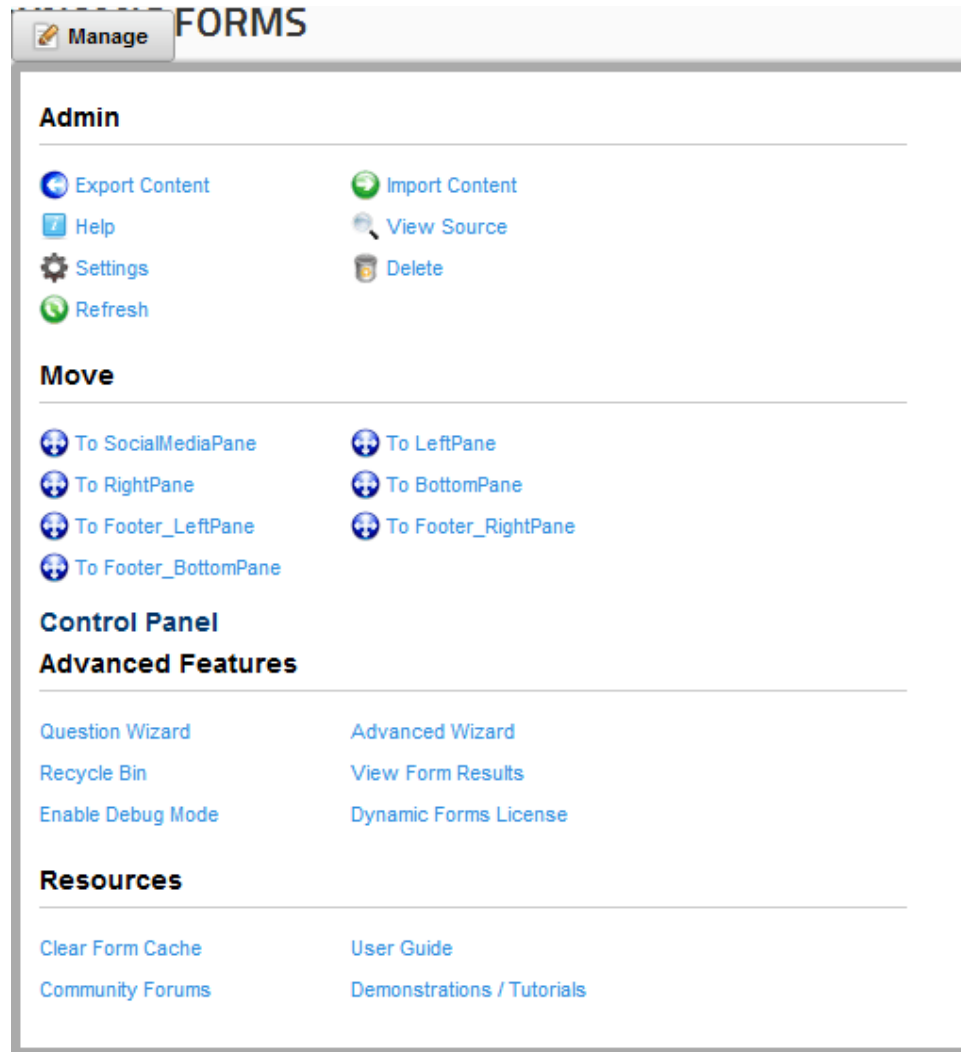


Figure 23: Opening the main menu

The following options are available inside this screen:

- **Import Content** – option for importing content (see section [9](#))
- **Export Content** – option for exporting content (see section [10.1](#))
- **Settings** – option for managing settings (see section [11](#))
- **Delete** – option for deleting a module (see section [12](#))
- **Move** – option for placing the module in the desired part of the page:
 - Move To SocialMediaPane
 - Move To RightPane
 - To Footer_LeftPane
 - To Footer_BottomPane
 - To LeftPane

- To BottomPane
 - To Footer_RightPane
- **Control Panel** – the option for accessing the control panel (see section [7](#))
- **Advanced Features** – option for managing the advanced module features (see section [6](#))
 - **Question Wizard** – the wizard for creating the most common set of questions fast (e.g. “first name”, “last name”, “email”, etc.) – see section [6.1](#)
 - **Advanced Wizard** – the option to apply settings to multiple fields with one step (see section [6.2](#))
 - **Recycle Bin** – the option for accessing and managing the recycle bin with the deleted items (see section [6.3](#))
 - **View Form Results** – the option for viewing the form results (see section [9](#))
 - **Enable Debug Mode** – the option for enabling the debug mode which will give you feedback about the possible errors with the module so you could solve the potential issues more easily
 - **Dynamic Forms License** – the option for registering your copy of the Dynamic Forms module (see section [3.1](#))
- **Resources** – this submenu contains the following options:
 - Clear form cache
 - User Guide
 - Community Forums
 - Demonstrations/Tutorials

6 MANAGING THE ADVANCED MODULE FEATURES

In order to start managing the advanced module features, choose one of the available options from the “Advanced Features” menu.

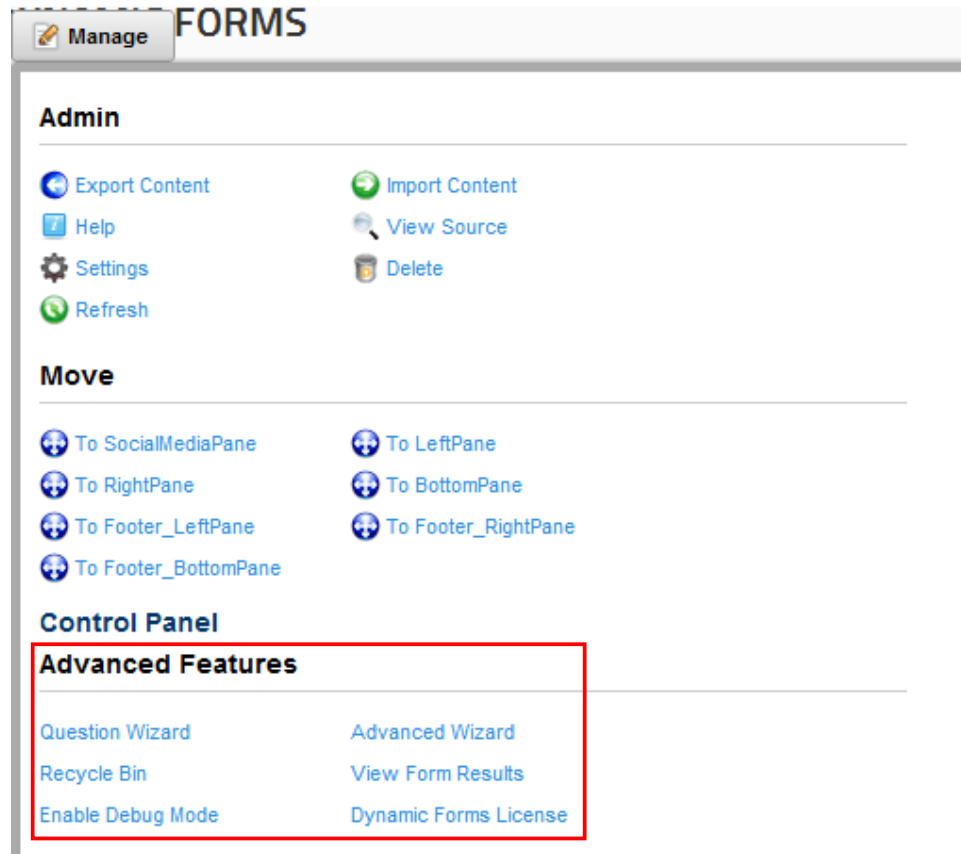


Figure 24: Managing the advanced features

The following options are available within the “Advanced Features” menu:

- **Question Wizard** – the option for using the question wizard, a program designed to help you create the most common questions as quickly as possible (see section [6.1](#))
- **Advanced Wizard** – the option for using the advanced wizard (see section [6.2](#))
- **Recycle Bin** – the option for using the recycle bin (see section [6.3](#))
- **View Form Results** – the option for viewing the form results (see section [9](#))
- **Enable Debug Mode** – the option for enabling the debug mode which will give you feedback about the possible errors with the module so you could solve the potential issues more easily
- **Dynamic Forms License** – see section [3.1](#)

6.1 Using the Question Wizard

The “Question Wizard” is a very useful and practical tool which can help you create a dynamic form in a matter of seconds. The purpose of the wizard is to help you quickly create the most commonly used questions in a form (e.g. “First name” “Last name”).

After using the wizard to create the most common questions, you can continue to customize the form further by incorporating other elements/questions according to your preference.

In order to start using the “Question Wizard”, choose the “Question Wizard” option from the “Advanced Features” menu.

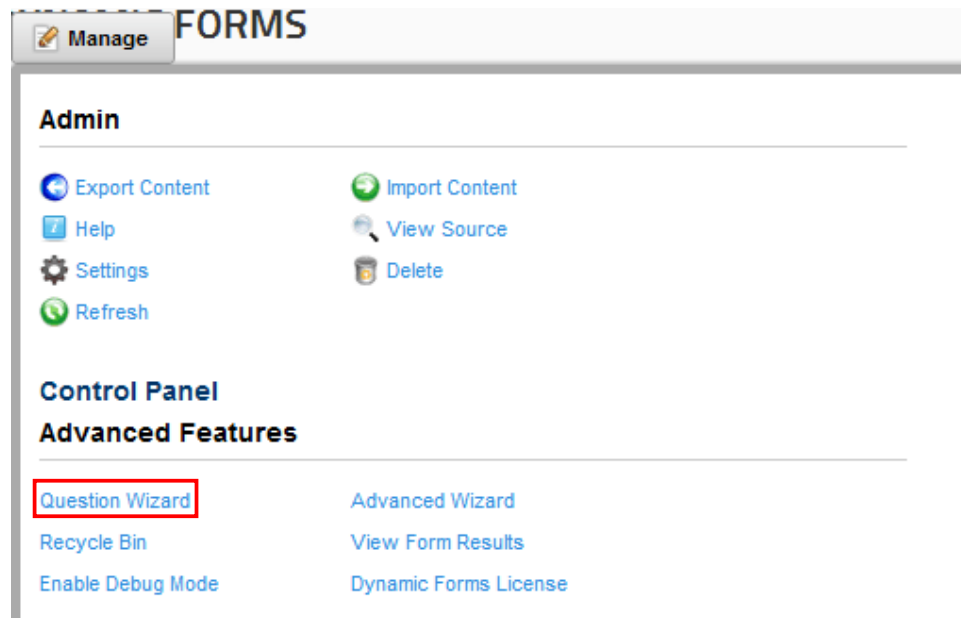


Figure 25: Choosing the "Question Wizard" option

The following screen will be displayed.

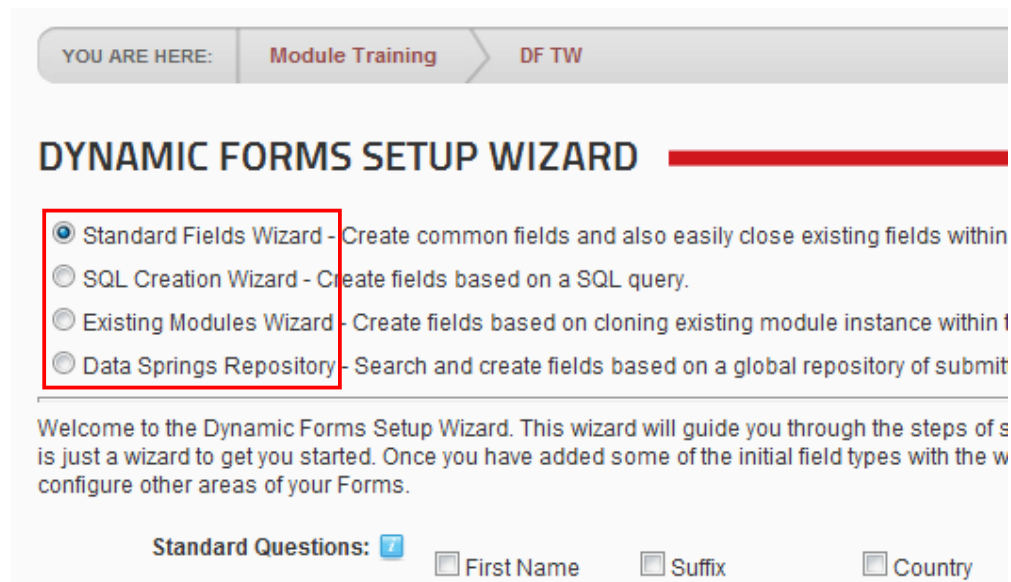


Figure 26: Choosing the desired questions

The following options are available:

- **Standard Fields Wizard** – see section 6.1.1

- **SQL Creation Wizard** – see section 6.1.2
- **Existing Modules Wizard** – see section 6.1.3

6.1.1 Using Standard Fields Wizard

In order to use the Standard fields wizard, choose that option within the menu.

DYNAMIC FORMS SETUP WIZARD

☒ **Standard Fields Wizard** - Create common fields and also easily clone existing fields with the same properties.

☐ SQL Creation Wizard - Create fields based on a SQL query.

☐ Existing Modules Wizard - Create fields based on cloning existing module instance with the same properties.

☐ Data Springs Repository - Search and create fields based on a global repository of sub

Welcome to the Dynamic Forms Setup Wizard. This wizard will guide you through the steps to create a new form. This is just a wizard to get you started. Once you have added some of the initial field types with the wizard, you can then configure other areas of your Forms.

Standard Questions:

<input type="checkbox"/> First Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Suffix	<input type="checkbox"/> Country
<input type="checkbox"/> Last Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Company Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Region
<input type="checkbox"/> Display Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Unit	<input type="checkbox"/> Postal Code
<input type="checkbox"/> Email Address	<input type="checkbox"/> Street	<input type="checkbox"/> Telephone
<input type="checkbox"/> Prefix	<input type="checkbox"/> City	<input type="checkbox"/> Cellular

Other Common Questions:

<input type="checkbox"/> Locale	<input type="checkbox"/> Simple Listbox
<input type="checkbox"/> TimeZone	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes / No Dropdownlist
<input type="checkbox"/> Simple CheckBox	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes / No Radio Buttons
<input type="checkbox"/> Simple Dropdownlist	<input type="checkbox"/> Date
<input type="checkbox"/> Simple Radio Button	

Existing questions:

<input type="checkbox"/> First Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Email Address	<input type="checkbox"/> City	<input type="checkbox"/> Country
<input type="checkbox"/> Last Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Company Name	<input type="checkbox"/> Country	

Run Wizard **Exit**

Figure 27: Using the Standard Fields Wizard

The questions are divided in 3 categories which are:

- **Standard Question** – this part of the screen contains most widely used questions in a form; just select the questions you wish to include in to your form by selecting the checkbox next to the desired question
- **Other Common Questions** – this part of the screen contains other questions that are commonly used within a form; select the ones you wish to include in your form
- **Existing Questions** – this part of the screen contains questions that are already created within the form. You can quickly clone these questions and the wizard will create new questions from the existing fields and their properties

Once you select the questions you wish to include in your form, click on the “Run Wizard” link. The form will be generated.

6.1.2 Using the SQL Creation Wizard

In order to use the SQL creation wizard, choose that option within the menu.

DYNAMIC FORMS SETUP WIZARD


☐ Standard Fields Wizard - Create common fields and also easily close existing fields within the module in

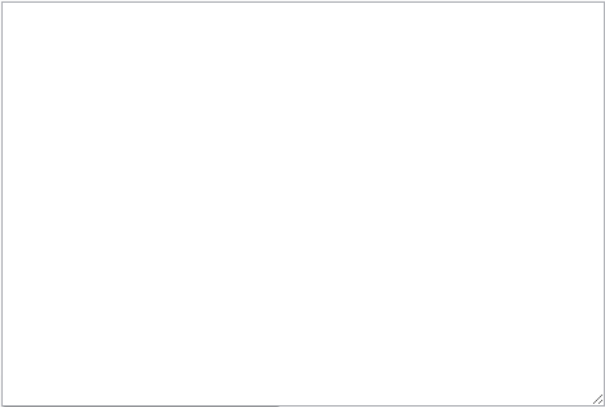
☒ SQL Creation Wizard - Create fields based on a SQL query.

☐ Existing Modules Wizard - Create fields based on cloning existing module instance within the DotNetNuk

☐ Data Springs Repository - Search and create fields based on a global repository of submitted field types

Welcome to the Dynamic Forms advanced field Setup Wizard. You can create initial fields via a SQL query. For columns within the portals table. Once you run the wizard you can select which columns you would like to be : data type (such as textbox for strings, checkbox for boolean, etc...).

SQL Query: 



Execute Query / Return Columns

Run Wizard [Exit](#)

Figure 28: Using the SQL Creation Wizard

Specify the desired query within the SQL Query field and click **Execute Query/Return Columns**.

6.1.3 Using the Existing Modules Wizard

The Dynamic Forms also allow you to clone the questions from an existing instance. In order to clone an existing instance, choose **Existing Modules Wizard**.

DYNAMIC FORMS SETUP WIZARD

☐ Standard Fields Wizard - Create common fields and also easily close existing field
☐ SQL Creation Wizard - Create fields based on a SQL query.
☒ Existing Modules Wizard - Create fields based on cloning existing module instance
☐ Data Springs Repository - Search and create fields based on a global repository

Portal Portal:

Module Instance:

Generate / Import Fields: ☒ Select All / Deselect All

☒ First Name ☒ Display Name

Figure 29: Using the existing module wizard

The following options are available:

- **Portal Portal** - select the DotNetNuke portal that you would like to import Dynamic Forms fields. Note: This field / option will only appear for host users.
- **Module instance** - select the module instance that you would like to import existing fields from; after selecting the module instance you will be able to select which fields you want to import.
- **Generate/Import Fields** - select the fields from the selected module instance that you would like to import into the current module instance.

After setting the desired parameters, click **Run Wizard**.

6.2 Using the Advanced Wizard

The “Advanced Wizard” is a tool designed to help you manage and maintain properties for multiple fields as simply as possible. For example, you can use this wizard to make multiple fields in your form mandatory, by simply selecting those fields and applying the appropriate “Question Action Type” (in this case “Required Field”).

Then use the wizard again to specify the required field text, required field error message, or any of the other actions from within the “Question Action Type” pull down menu.

In order to start using the “Advanced Wizard”, choose that option from the “Advanced Features” menu.

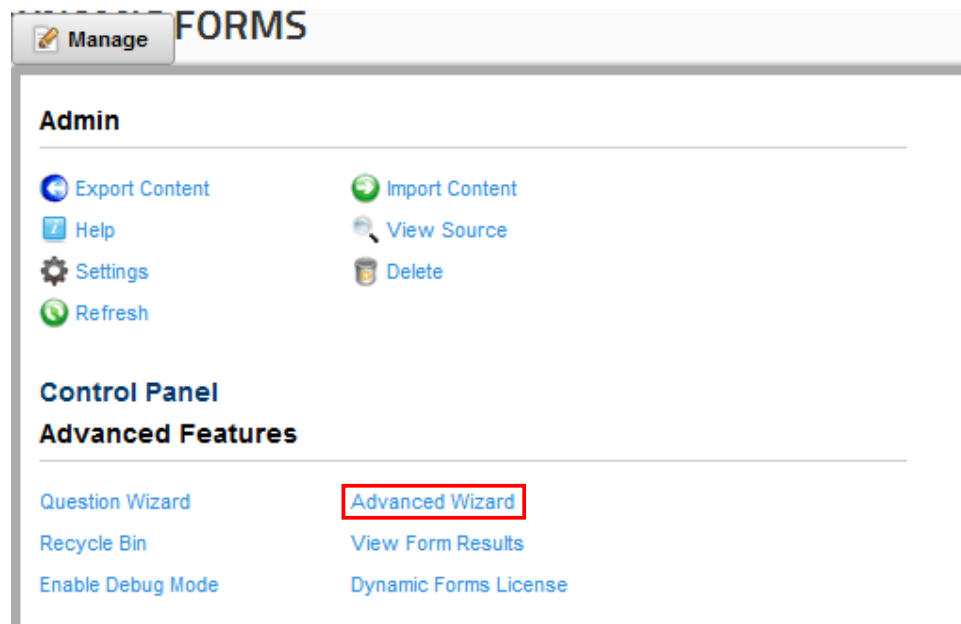


Figure 30: Choosing the “Advanced Wizard” option

The following screen will be displayed.

ADVANCED FIELD WIZARD

Welcome to the Dynamic Forms Advanced Field Wizard. From the wizard below, you can manipulate and maintain to maintain multiple fields properties without having to manually edit each individual fields properties. For example specify that the group of fields should be required. Then use the wizard again to specify the required field text, requ within the dropdownlist below. Note: You can use the parameter \$(FieldLabel) within the options as a parameter th you could set the required field text for each property and include the field label such as: * The field \$(FieldLabel) is

Standard Questions: ☒ ☐ First Name ☐ Last Name ☐ Display Name ☐ Email Address

Select / De-Select All

Question Action Type:

Action:

[Run Wizard](#) [Exit](#)

Figure 31: Using the "Advanced Wizard"

The following options and parameters are available:

- **Standard Questions** – select the question you wish to apply the rest of the options to
- **Question Action Type** - choose the question action type from this pull down menu
 - **For example:** choose the “Hide question from these roles” in case you wish to prevent the question from being displayed to specific roles on your system

The following options are available within the pull down menu:

- Help Text
- Default Value
- Example Text
- Client Side Event
- Hide Question from these roles

- Hide from anonymous users
 - Hide until forced visible by question event
 - Pass values of this question to querystring variable
 - Retrieve values from querystring variable for this question
 - Pass values of this question to session variable
 - Retrieve values from session variable for this question
 - Pass values of this question to cookie variable
 - Retrieve values from cookie variable for this question
 - Do not display the field results within the field results module
 - Do not save results to the database
 - Label class
 - Field class
 - Column span
 - Row span
 - Field width
 - Add field to same row as previous question
 - Display label and field in the same column
 - Show help text as popup text
 - Pop up text width
 - Text box max length
 - Required field
 - Required field error text
 - Required field error message
 - Enable regular expression
 - Regular expression
 - Regular expression error message
 - Use SQL options for field
 - SQL query for field options
- **Action** – this part of the screen will display the available action based on the choice made within the “Question Action Type” pull down menu (**e.g.** in case you choose to hide the question from specific roles, this part of the screen will list all available roles so you could select those you wish to hide the question for)
 - **Run Wizard** – click on this link to start the wizard and execute the associated action

6.3 Using the Recycle Bin

The “Recycle Bin” option functionality is used the same way as your Windows recycle bin. It is a storage for unwanted files which you can decide to restore or permanently delete at any time.

In order to start managing the recycle bin, choose option “Recycle Bin” from the “Advanced Features” menu.

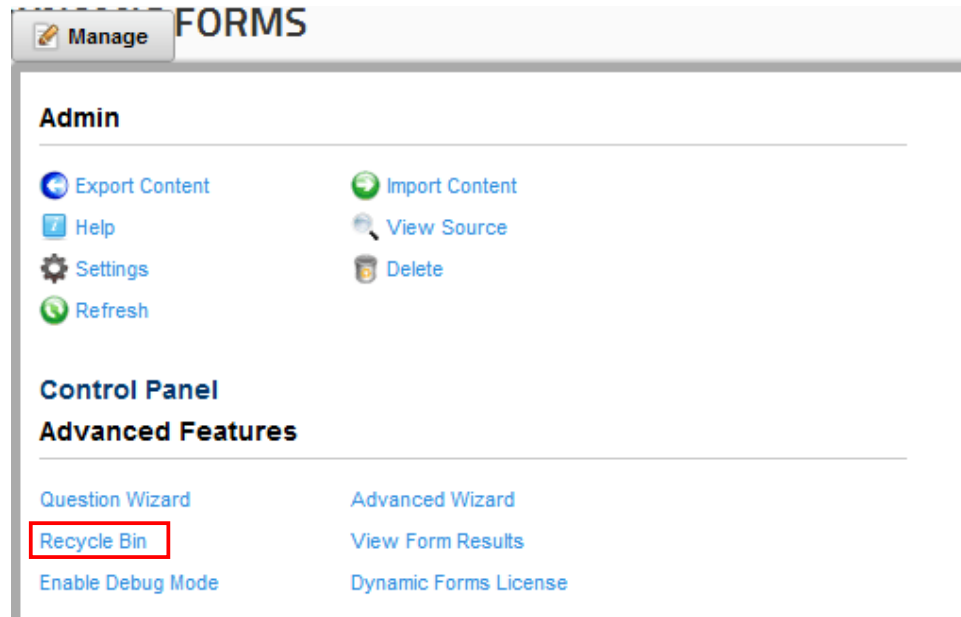


Figure 32: Choosing the "Recycle Bin" option

The following screen will be displayed.

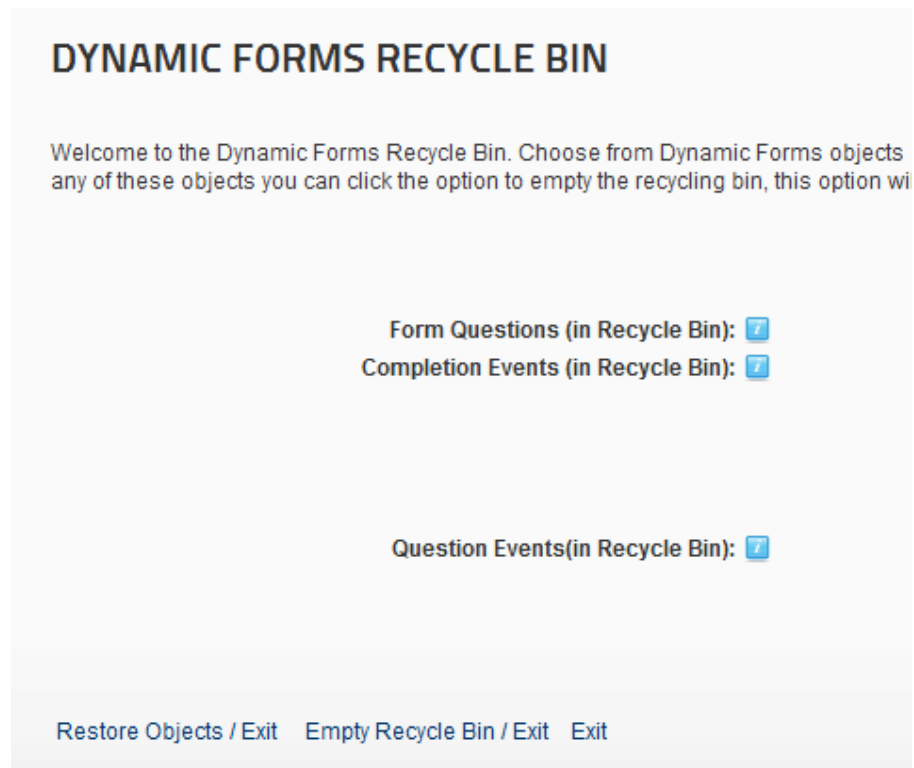


Figure 33: The contents of the Recycle Bin

The items inside the Recycle bin are organized in the following categories:

- Form Questions
- Completion Events
- Question Events

The following options are available:

- **Restore Objects/Exit** – select the items you wish to restore and click on this link to restore them and leave the recycle bin (see section 6.3.1)
- **Empty Recycle Bin/Exit** – click on this link to permanently delete all items inside the recycle bin
- **Exit** – click on this link to exit the recycle bin

6.3.1 Restoring an Object

In order to restore an object from the recycle bin, i.e. undelete it, select the desired object and click “Restore Objects/Exit” link.

DYNAMIC FORMS RECYCLE BIN

Welcome to the Dynamic Forms Recycle Bin. Choose from Dynamic Forms objects below to restore object. If any of these objects you can click the option to empty the recycling bin, this option will permanently delete all objects.

Form Questions (in Recycle Bin):

☒ Last Name ☐ Email Address

Completion Events (in Recycle Bin):

Question Events (in Recycle Bin):

[Restore Objects / Exit](#) [Empty Recycle Bin / Exit](#) [Exit](#)

Figure 34: Restoring an object from the recycle bin


The selected object will be restored.

6.4 Emptying the Recycle Bin


In order to empty the recycle bin i.e. permanently delete the objects within the recycle bin, click "Empty Recycle Bin/Exit" link.


DYNAMIC FORMS RECYCLE BIN

Welcome to the Dynamic Forms Recycle Bin. Choose from Dynamic Forms objects below to restore objects. If any of these objects you can click the option to empty the recycling bin, this option will permanently delete

Form Questions (in Recycle Bin): 

☒ Last Name ☐ Email Address

Completion Events (in Recycle Bin): 

Question Events(in Recycle Bin): 

[Restore Objects / Exit](#) [Empty Recycle Bin / Exit](#) [Exit](#)

Figure 35: Emptying the Recycle Bin

This will empty the recycle bin i.e. all of the objects will be permanently deleted.

7 USING THE CONTROL PANEL

In order to start using the option available inside the control panel, choose that option from the main menu.

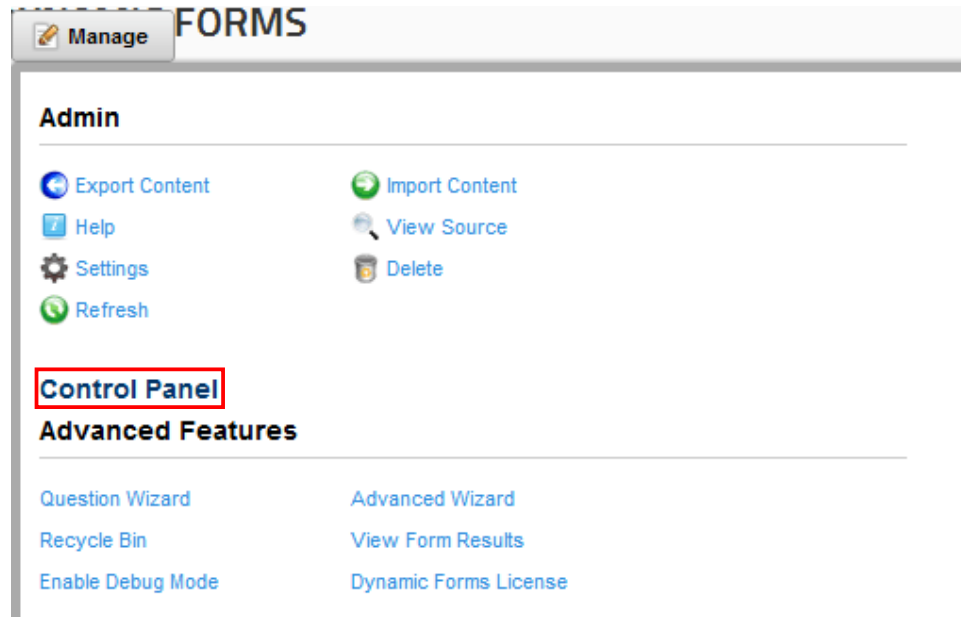


Figure 36: Accessing the control panel

The following page will be displayed.

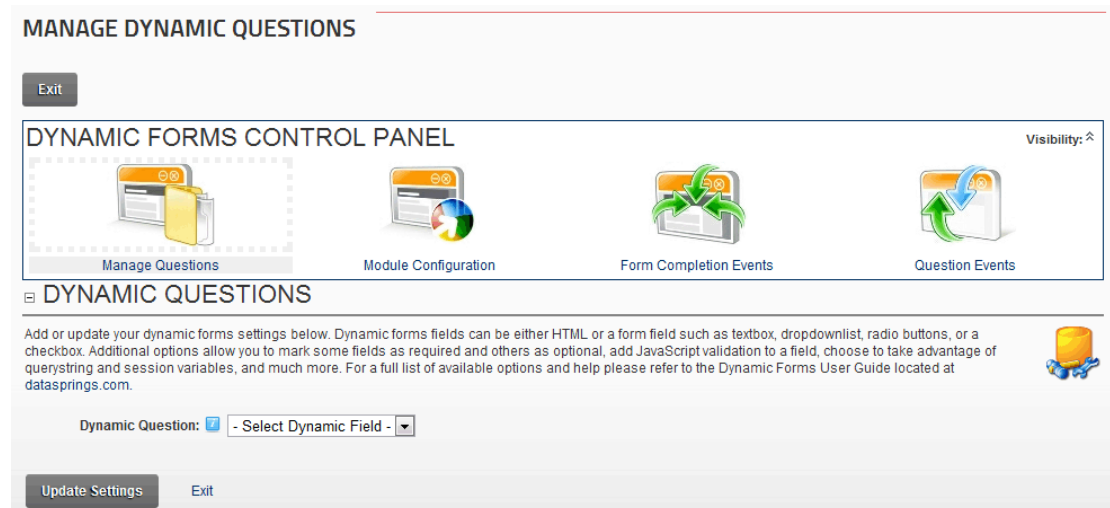


Figure 37: The control panel options

The following options are available:

- **Manage Questions** – option for managing the dynamic questions (see section [7.1](#))
- **Module Configuration** – option for managing module settings, general configuration, form layout, validation settings, payment gateway, and other general features (see section [7.32](#))
- **Form Completion Events** – option for managing the form completion events (see section [7.47](#))
- **Question Events** – option for managing question events (see section [7.48.9](#))

7.1 Managing Questions/Settings

In order to start managing questions and settings, choose option “Control Panel” from the main menu. The page for managing the questions will be displayed by default but you can always access it by clicking the “Manage Questions” link.

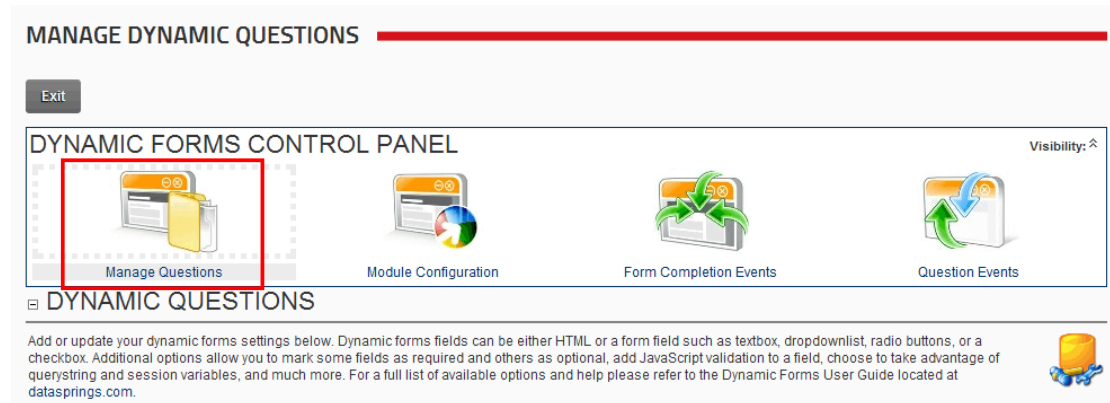


Figure 38: Choosing option "Manage Questions "

The following options are available inside the “Dynamic Question” pull down menu:

- **New Dynamic Field** – option for creating a new dynamic field (see section [7.2](#))
- **Editing Existing Dynamic Field** – in order to edit an existing field, choose the desired field from this pull down menu (see section [7.30](#))
- **Deleting a Dynamic Field** – in order to delete a field, select the desired field from this list and click on the “Delete” link in the screen displayed next (see section [7.31](#))

7.2 Creating a new question

In order to create a new question, choose option “New Dynamic Field” from the pull down menu. The screen for setting question parameters will be displayed.

DYNAMIC QUESTIONS

Add or update your dynamic forms settings below. Dynamic forms fields can be either HTML or a form field such as a checkbox. Additional options allow you to mark some fields as required and others as optional, add JavaScript validation, querystring and session variables, and much more. For a full list of available options and help please refer to the datasprings.com.

Dynamic Question: - Select Dynamic Field - ▼

Clone Question: - Select Dynamic Field - ▼

Question:

Short Name:

Help Text:

Sort Order:

Question Type:

<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Separator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button
<input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey	<input type="radio"/> Rating	<input type="radio"/> Data Grid
<input type="radio"/> DNN Text Suggest		

Figure 39: Creating a new question

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Dynamic Question** – input field for entering the question as displayed inside the form on the website (e.g. “First name”)
- **Clone Question** – this is a useful feature if you are creating a question which closely resembles the one that has already been created; if that is the case, just choose the question you have already made from this pull down menu and the fields will be populated with its value; you can then proceed onwards to modifying the contents according to the requirements for the new question
- **Question** – enter the question which will be displayed in the form (e.g. “First name”). You can include HTML within your question however this is not recommended.
- **Short Name** – set the short name for the question (e.g. “firstname”); this information will be used for creating events triggered based on user responses to this question i.e. customizing email messages sent to the users (see section [7.46.2](#)).
 - **Important:** You should always include a short field name for your form fields and that short field name should be unique between all other fields on the form.
- **Help Text** – input field for entering help text which will be displayed to the user once he places the mouse over the question mark
- **Sort Order** – set the desired sort order for the question, if you change the sort order you should see notes below the sort order field that display where in the display the field will appear.

- **Question Type** – use these options to set the desired type of question i.e. form element
 - TextBox
 - Radio Buttons
 - Hidden Field
 - Horizontal Rule (Separator)
 - Captcha image (Security Code)
 - DNN® Region
 - GridView/Survey
 - DNN Text Suggest
 - Singleline textbox (Short)
 - Singleline textbox (Long)
 - Multiline textbox
 - Checkbox
 - Text/HTML
 - Listbox
 - Image
 - Rich Text Editor
 - Label
 - Rating
 - Combo box
 - CheckBox Group
 - Date
 - File Attachment/ Upload
 - DNN® Country
 - HTML Button
 - Data Grid

After setting the desired parameters, click on the "Update Field" link and the new question will be created.

7.3 Setting the Advanced Field Options

In order to start setting advanced options for the field, click on the “+” symbol next to “Advanced Field Options” label.

ADVANCED FIELD OPTIONS

Default Value: ☒ No default value

DotNetNuke User Default:

Example Text:

Read Only Field: ☐

Client side event:

Hide / show fields by role:

Hide / show field from these roles:

<input type="checkbox"/> Administrators	<input type="checkbox"/> Subscribers
<input type="checkbox"/> Registered Users	<input type="checkbox"/> Translator (en-US)

Figure 40: Managing Advanced Field Options (screenshot 1/2)

The following parameters are available inside the first part of the screen:

- **Default Value** – enter default value for this field
- **DotNetNuke® User Default** – this represents the DotNetNuke® user profile fields. You can choose for this field to represent any DotNetNuke® standard or extended profile field and the field will default the profile field attribute.
 - **For example:** if you default the field to 'First Name' then when the user navigates to the page their first name will automatically be defaulted into the form field.
- **Example Text** – enter the text you want to be displayed as an example
- **Read Only Field** – If a read only field is checked the user will not be able to change the contents within the field; the field's value would either be set to the default value or a value returned from the query string/session variables.
- **Client Side Event** – client side events are JavaScript / AJAX events which can be executed on focus for a field (see section [7.3.1](#))
- **Hide/show fields by role** – use this pull down menu to select if you would like to hide or show the fields by security roles within the form
- **Hide / show field from these roles** – select the roles you wish to hide or show this field for

Hide from anonymous users: ☐

Hide until forced visible by question event.: ☐

Retrieve values from querystring variable for this question: ☐

Pass values of this question to querystring variable: ☐

Retrieve values from session variable for this question: ☐

Pass values of this question to session variable: ☐

Retrieve values from cookie variable for this question: ☐

Pass values of this question to cookie variable: ☐

Do not display field results within the view results module: ☐

Do not save field results to the database: ☐

Encrypt / decrypt field results: ☐

Figure 41: Managing Advanced Field Options (screenshot 2/2)

The following parameters are available inside the second part of the screen

- **Hide from anonymous users** –check this checkbox if you want to hide this question from anonymous users
- **Hide until forced visible by question event** – Check this box if you would like to have the question not display until it should be based on a question event. For example, maybe you would like the question “What version of DotNetNuke® are you running on?” but you don’t want it to be displayed unless they check a previous question called “Do you currently run on DotNetNuke?”. This is the only area of Question Events that is handled outside of the question events area, all other question event details are found in section 7.48.9.
- **Retrieve values from query string variable for this question** – This will retrieve values passed from the querystring within the URL and insert them into the textbox. The querystring value passed must be the Short Field Name for the field. For example: <http://www.datasprings.com/default.aspx?TabID=36&MyFirstName=John&MyLastName=Doe>. If the fields First Name/Last Name which was setup with the short field names of myfirstname/mylastname the values would be John Doe immediately after navigating to that page.
- **Pass values of this question to query string variable** – Once the form has been completed Dynamic Forms can optionally pass values to the url the user is directed to. For example <http://www.datasprings.com/default.aspx?TabID=36&MyFirstName=John&MyLastName=Doe>
- **Retrieve values from session variable for this question** – Similar to Querystring Variables you can accept session variables and default the fields based on the session variable.
- **Pass values of this question to session variable** – similar to passing querystring variables Dynamic Forms can also set session variables. These session variables can later be used by other modules on the site for various purposes
- **Retrieve values from cookie variable for this question** – select this option to retrieve values from the cookie variable (if available) for this field. Cookie values passed must represent the question shortfieldname
- **Pass values of this question to cookie variable** – select this option to pass the values of this question to the cookie variable

- **Do not display field results within the view results module** – select this option if you want to hide the results of this field from the view results section of Dynamic Forms (**note:** this setting will skip this field when viewing form results or exporting results to Excel)
- **Do not save field results to the database** – select this option if you do not wish to save the result of the field to the database; often you might want to process data but don't want the data ever stored within the database DynamicForms_QuestionResponse table.
 - **For example:** if you are processing credit cards and collecting sensitive data such as the credit card number; you might not want to save that data to the database once it has been processed.
- **Encrypt / decrypt field results** – select this option if you want to encrypt the form results then decrypt them within the view results section

After setting the desired parameters, click on the "Update Field" button to save the changes.

7.3.1 Setting up client side events

In order to setup a client side event for the desired dynamic question you need to click on the "+" symbol next to the "Advanced Field Options".

■ Advanced Field Options

Default Value: ☐ Enter Options ☐ SQL Driven

DotNetNuke User Default:

Example Text:

Read Only Field: ☐

Client side event:

Figure 42: Setting up client side events

Enter the desired AJAX or JS code which will be applied to this dynamic question inside the "Client side event" text area.

Client Side Events can utilize the following tokens:

- `$(FieldShortFieldName)` – Represents the value of the field
- `$(FieldShortFieldName_FieldID)` – Represents the HTML Element ID of the field
- `$(FieldShortFieldName_#FieldID)` – Adds a # in front of the HTML Element ID which is used in some jQuery scripts.
- `$(SubmitButton_Field)` – Represents the HTML Element for the Submit Button
- `$(SubmitButton_FieldID)` – Represents the HTML Field ID for the Submit Button

Note: for further information and examples, see section [7.46.3](#).

7.4 Setting up Question Look and Feel

In order to adjust the layout of the desired question click on the “+” symbol next to the “Question Look/ Feel” label

QUESTION LOOK / FEEL

Override label cell style class?:

Override field style class?:

Column Span (Default is 1):

Row Span (Default is 1):

Field Width:

Add field to same row as previous question?: ☐

Add field to same cell as previous question?: ☐

Display label and field in same column (Override general setting): ☐

Hide Field Label: ☐

Show help text as pop up text?: ☐

Pop up text width:

Figure 43: Setting up Question Look and Feel

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Override label cell style class?** - enter a style class if you would like to override the standard class
- **Override field style class?** - enter a style class if you would like to override the standard class
- **Column Span (Default is 1)** – use this input field to specify the desired value for the column span. This feature can be useful if you are using larger fields such as Rich Text Editors or Multi Line Textbox fields and you are also using multiple columns of fields (adding fields to the same row as previous question) within your form, and the form width is expanding more than you would like between columns.
- **Row Span (Default is 1)** - use this input field to specify the desired value for the row span. Similar to column span, this feature can be useful if you are using larger fields such as Rich Text Editors or Multi Line Textbox fields and you are also using multiple columns of fields (adding fields to the same row as previous question) within your form, and the form width is expanding more than you would like between rows within the form.
- **Field Width** - select the desired length for this field
- **Add field to same row as previous question?** – select this checkbox if you want to add fields to the same row as the previous question
- **Add field to same cell as previous question?** – select this checkbox if you want to add fields to the same cell as the previous question
- **Display label and field in same column (Override general setting)** - select if you would like to override the default setting and force the field to be on the same column as the question label

- **Hide Field Label** – select this checkbox in case you wish to hide the field label
- **Show help text as pop up text** – select this checkbox to show the help text within a pop up
 - **Note:**
 - You can setup settings for the pop up (bubble up) help text within the stylesheet area (see section [7.35.1](#)). The default settings are:

```
#hintbox{ /*CSS for pop up help box */  
position: absolute;  
top: 0;  
background-color: lightyellow;  
width: 150px; /*Default width of pop up help.*/  
padding: 3px;  
border: 1px solid black;  
font: normal 11px Verdana;  
line-height: 18px;  
z-index: 100;  
border-right: 3px solid black;  
border-bottom: 3px solid black;  
visibility: hidden;  
}
```
 - see section [7.4.1](#) for examples of the pop up help text
- **Pop up text width** – use this field to specify the desired width for the pop up text (value should be entered in pixels - [7.4.1](#))

7.4.1 Example of the help pop up text

This section give an example of the help pop up text.

Dynamic Forms Demonstration w/ Authorizenet Merchant Account

Contact Information

First Name:

Last Name:

Email Address:

Street:

City:

Region:

Alberta

Postal Code:

Telephone:

Please enter a value for the field
Region

Figure 44: Help pop up example 2

7.5 Setting up Question Header Footer

In order to setup the question header or footer click on the “+” symbol next to the “Question Header/Footer” label inside the screen for creating a new question.

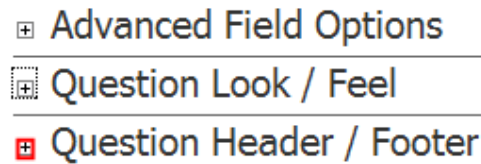


Figure 45: Choosing option "Question Header/Footer"

The following screen will be displayed.

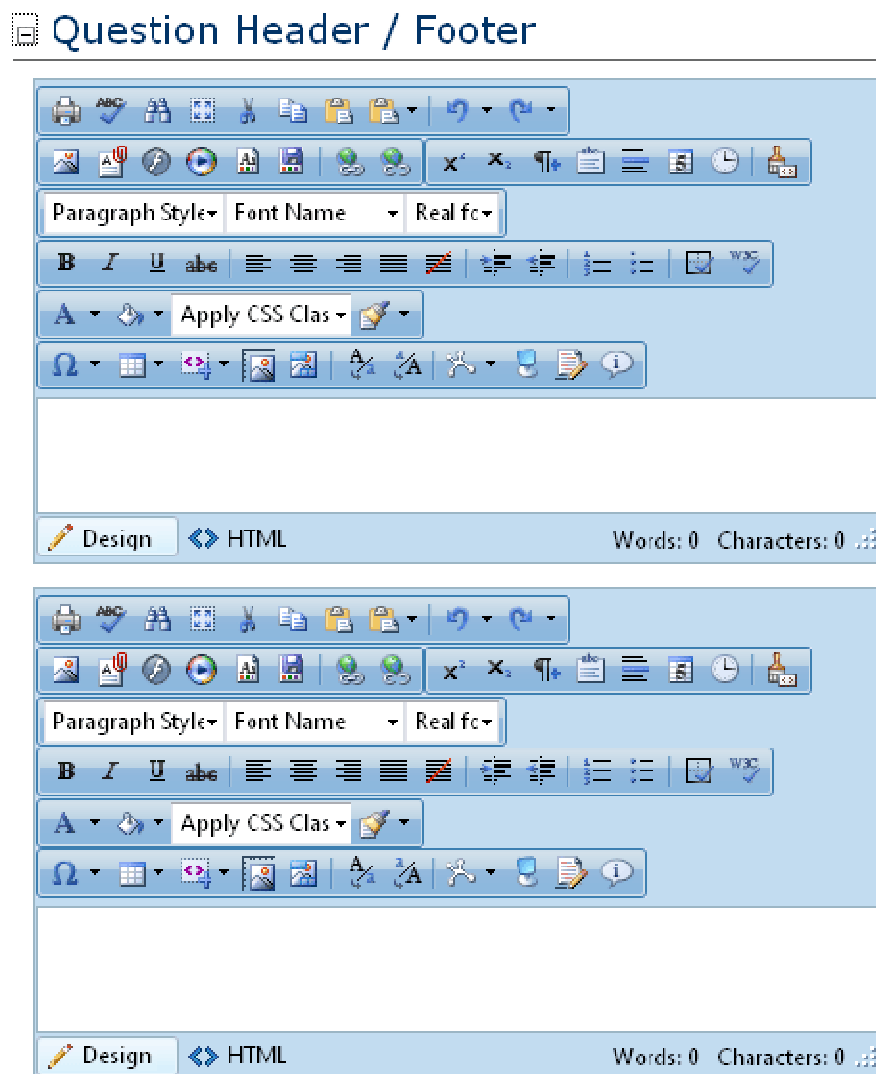


Figure 46: Setting up question header or footer

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Header** – text area for defining the question header
- **Footer** – text area for defining the question footer

7.6 Managing Question Validation

In order to start managing the question validation options click on the “+” symbol next to the “Question Validation” label, inside the screen for creating a new question.

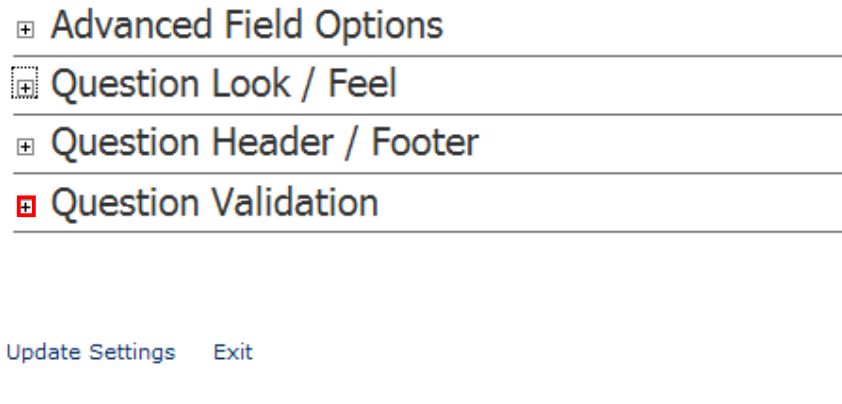


Figure 47: Choosing option "Question Validation"

The following screen will be displayed.

Textbox Max Length:

Required Field: ☐

Required Field Text:

Required Field Error (i.e. *):

Use regular expression?: ☐

Regular Expression:

Regular Expression Validation Text:

Regular Expression Error Message:

Enable Compare Validator: ☐

Compare field:

Compare Validation Text:

Compare Validation Error:

Enable custom SQL Validation script for this specific field.: ☐

Validation SQL Query (should return one column called IsValid):

Validation Error Message:

Figure 48: Managing question validation

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Textbox Max Length** – define the maximum field length (in the number of characters)
- **Required Field** – select this checkbox if the question is supposed to be a required field
- **Required Field Text** – this is the text that the user will be presented with if they do not fill in the required field. This text will either be displayed immediately if client side validation is turned on under general settings, or after the submit button is clicked (if server side validation is turned on under general settings)
- **Required Field Error (i.e. *)** – field for entering the text which will be displayed in case the user forgot to supply information for this field because it is required
- **Use Regular Expression** – select if you would like to use regular expression validation for this field. Regular expression validations can be found on various web sites (try any search on the web for example regular expression validators). Regular expressions can force the user to enter data into a correct format. For example, maybe you want to force the user to enter in 5 numbers exactly, or maybe xxx-xxx-xxx etc... There are literally hundreds of regular expressions you can select from, if you need help finding a specific expression please post a thread to the Data Springs Product Forum and a support representative will be happy to respond.

- **Regular Expression** - enter in the expression for this validation, there are a few examples below:
 - Find the whole word 'yes' within the textbox. You could force the user to type in yes within the textbox as a validation constraint before they submit the form.
 - Expression: "\yes\b"
 - Validate phone number is entered as ###-###-####
 - Expression: "\(?d{3}[-.]? ?d{3}[-.]d{4}"
 - Social Security Number
 - Expression: "\d{3}-\d{2}-\d{4}"
 - Email Address Validation
 - Expression: "^[a-zA-Z0-9-]+(\.[a-zA-Z0-9-]+)*@[a-zA-Z0-9-]+(\.[a-zA-Z0-9-]+)*\.([0-9]{1,3})|([a-zA-Z]{2,3})(aero|coop|info|museum|name))\$"
- **Regular Expression Validation Text** – the field for entering the regular expression validation text for the field; please note that this is not the regular expression itself, but the error text that the user will receive in case the validation was false
- **Regular Expression Error Message** – this is the message the user will receive if they do not enter the correct formatted expression into the field. For example ('You must enter a valid U.S. phone number'). The validation text and validation error message can either be the same, or you could have the error message next to the field as an * and the validation text would only appear in the error summary at the top or bottom of the page.
- **Enable Compare Validator** – select this checkbox in order to enable the compare validator option
- **Compare Field** – use this pull down menu to choose the field which will be used for comparison
- **Compare Validation Text** – field for entering the compare validation text
- **Compare Validation Error** - field for entering the compare validation error text
- **Enable custom SQL Validation script for this specific field** – select this option if you would like to enable a custom SQL Validation Script for this specific field; validation via SQL should ALWAYS use stored procedures to prevent SQL Injection when referencing fields
- **Validation SQL Query (should return one column called IsValid)** - enter a SQL query to perform custom validation for this field.; the SQL query should return one column called IsValid; If the column returns 0 or False then the validation error message will be thrown, anything else and the user can continue; validation via SQL should ALWAYS use stored procedures to prevent SQL Injection when referencing fields.
 - **Notes:**
 - You can return an additional column called **ValidationError** that can be referenced within the Validation Error Message with the token \$(ValidationError)
 - You can reference a token within the validation error message called \$(SQLScript) which will display the SQL query that was used during the validation.
 - SQL Validation Queries can reference the following tokens:
 - **\$(DSParam1), \$(DSParam2), \$(DSParam3)** – These can be querystring parameters that are parsed specifically for SQL Injections. The querystring parameters would need to be DSParam1, DSParam2, or DSParam3.
 - **\$(DSSession1), \$(DSSession2), \$(DSSession3)** – These can be session value parameters

- **\$(PortalID), \$(ModuleID), \$(TabID), \$(PortalAlias), \$(UniqueCompletionID), \$(CurrentURL), \$(URLReferrer), \$(UserID), {objectQualifier}, {databaseOwner}, \$(IPAddress), \$(CurrentLanguage)** – These are all reserved tokens that can be parsed within your SQL Validation query. For example, if you want to use the users current userID within the query, simply reference \$(UserID).
- **\$(ShortFieldName)** - All short field names for fields can be referenced. For example, if you asked a user to enter their birth date you could then reference that within the query by using the short field name such as \$(BirthDate).
- **Validation Error Message** - enter a message the user will receive if the validation is performed via custom SQL Validation
 - **Tips:** You can reference the token '\$(SQLScript)' within your validation error message and this will return the exact query that was used and referenced within your query.
 - **Tips:** You can reference the token '\$(ValidationError)' within the error message and this will return the data if you return an additional called 'ValidationError'. This new token was added within the 3.4 release and allows you to return a specific and more detailed error message from the SQL Validation.

After setting the desired parameters, click on the "Update Field" link to save the changes.

7.7 Creating a Textbox

The purpose of the textbox element is to allow the user to input text information to be used by the program. In order to start creating textbox element, choose option "TextBox" once inside the screen for creating a dynamic question.

Dynamic Questions

Add or update your dynamic forms settings below. Dynamic forms fields can be either HTML or a field such as textbox, dropdownlist, radio buttons, or a checkbox. Additional options allow you to set some fields as required and others as optional, add javascript validation to a field, choose to take advantage of querystring and session variables, and much more. For a full list of available options help please refer to the Dynamic Forms User Guide located at datasprings.com.

Dynamic Question:

Question:

Short Name:

Help Text:

Sort Order:

Question Type:

<input checked="" type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button
<input type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Short)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Long)	
<input type="radio"/> Multiline textbox		

Figure 49: Creating a textbox element

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Question** – input field for setting the question that will be displayed in front of the textbox (e.g. "First Name")
- Short Name
- **Question Type** – choose option "TextBox" and then you have the following subtypes
 - **Singleline textbox (Short)** – see section [7.8](#)
 - **Singleline textbox (Long)** – see section [7.9](#)
 - **Multiline textbox** – see section [7.10](#)

7.8 Creating a Singleline textbox (Short)

In order to create a short singleline textbox, choose option "Singleline textbox (Short)". This is a shorter textbox that can be used for user's first name, last name, username, etc.

Dynamic Questions

Add or update your dynamic forms settings below. Dynamic forms fields can be either HTML or a field such as textbox, dropdownlist, radio buttons, or a checkbox. Additional options allow you to set some fields as required and others as optional, add javascript validation to a field, choose to take advantage of querystring and session variables, and much more. For a full list of available options help please refer to the Dynamic Forms User Guide located at datasprings.com.

Dynamic Question: First Name

Question:

Short Name: FirstName

Help Text:

Sort Order:

Question Type:

<input checked="" type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Separator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Short)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Long)	
<input type="radio"/> Multiline textbox		

Figure 50: Creating a singleline textbox (Short)

After setting the desired parameters, click on the “Update Field” in order to complete the procedure of creating a Singleline Textbox (Short).

The following screenshot demonstrates the shorter singleline textbox as seen by the end user.

Dynamic Forms

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu

First Name:

Figure 51: Example of the Singleline Textbox (Short)

7.9 Creating a Singleline textbox (Long)

In order to create a long singleline textbox, choose option “Singleline textbox (Long)”. This is a longer textbox that can be used for acquiring longer text from the user, such as address.

Dynamic Questions

Add or update your dynamic forms settings below. Dynamic forms fields can be either HTML or a field such as textbox, dropdownlist, radio buttons, or a checkbox. Additional options allow you to make some fields as required and others as optional, add javascript validation to a field, choose to take advantage of querystring and session variables, and much more. For a full list of available options help please refer to the Dynamic Forms User Guide located at datasprings.com.

Dynamic Question: - New Dynamic Field -

Clone Question: - Select Dynamic Field -

Question: Street

Short Name: Street

Help Text: Please enter a value for the field Street.

Sort Order: 110

Question Type:

<input checked="" type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Separator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button
<input type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Short)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Long)	
<input type="radio"/> Multiline textbox		





Figure 52: Creating a singleline textbox (Long)



After setting the desired parameters, click on the “Update Field” in order to complete the procedure of creating a Singleline Textbox (Long). The following screenshot demonstrates the shorter singleline textbox as seen by the end user.



Note: Including the text “DSPASSWORD” within the short fieldname of Dynamic Forms textbox fields, will automatically make that field a password field with *****.



Dynamic Forms ▾

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu

  **First Name:**

  **Last Name:**

  **Email Address:**



  **Street:**

Figure 53: Example of the Singleline Textbox (Long)

7.10 Creating a Multiline textbox

This element should be used in case you want a longer feedback from users, for example, give them the opportunity to post any additional comments. In order to create a multiline textbox, choose option “Multiline textbox”.

Dynamic Questions

Add or update your dynamic forms settings below. Dynamic forms fields can be either HTML or a field such as textbox, dropdownlist, radio buttons, or a checkbox. Additional options allow you to some fields as required and others as optional, add javascript validation to a field, choose to take advantage of querystring and session variables, and much more. For a full list of available option help please refer to the Dynamic Forms User Guide located at datasprings.com.

Dynamic Question: - New Dynamic Field -

Clone Question: - Select Dynamic Field -

Question: Comments

Short Name: Comments

Help Text: Please enter a value for the field Street.

Sort Order: 110

Question Type:

☒ TextBox
☐ Radio Buttons
☐ Hidden Field
☐ Horizontal Rule (Seperator)
☐ Captcha Image (Security Code)
☐ DNN Region
☐ Singleline textbox (Short)
☒ Multiline textbox

☐ CheckBox
☐ Text / HTML
☐ Listbox
☐ Image
☐ Rich Text Editor
☐ Label
☐ Singleline textbox (Long)

☐ Combo Box
☐ CheckBox Group
☐ Date
☐ File Attachment / Upload
☐ DNN Country
☐ HTML Button

Multiline Textbox Height: 100

Figure 54: Creating a Multiline textbox

After setting the desired parameters, click on the “Update Field” link in order to complete the procedure of creating a multiline textbox. The following screenshot demonstrates the multiline textbox as seen by the end user.

Comments:

Submit

7.11 Creating a Radio Button (Options)

Radio button element is used if you want to have a fixed set of choices where only one of the options in the set can be selected at a time.

In order to start creating radio buttons, choose option “Radio Button” once inside the screen for creating a dynamic question.

Dynamic Questions

Add or update your dynamic forms settings below. Dynamic forms fields can be either HTML or a field such as textbox, dropdownlist, radio buttons, or a checkbox. Additional options allow you to n some fields as required and others as optional, add javascript validation to a field, choose to take advantage of querystring and session variables, and much more. For a full list of available options help please refer to the Dynamic Forms User Guide located at datasprings.com.

Dynamic Question: - New Dynamic Field -

Clone Question: - Select Dynamic Field -

Question:

Short Name:

Help Text:

Sort Order:

Question Type:

<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button

☒ Options are vertical ☐ Options are horizontal

Question Options:

☒ Enter Options ☐ SQL Driven Options

Move to Bottom +

Windows XP

Windows Vista

Windows 7

↑
↑
↓
↓

Figure 55: Creating a radio button (step 1/3)

Once you choose the “Radio Buttons” option, the screen will be refreshed containing options for setting the desired orientation for the options (vertical or horizontal) as well as defining the options for radio buttons.

Question Type:

- | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload |
| <input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> Country |
| <input type="radio"/> Region | | |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Options are vertical <input type="radio"/> Options are horizontal | | |

Question Options:

- ☒ Enter Options ☐ SQL Driven Options




- Windows XP
- Windows Vista

Figure 56: Creating a radio button (step 2/3)

The procedure for defining the options is discussed below.

? Question Options:


☐ Enter Options ☐ SQL Driven Options



Windows XP
Windows Vista



 Update Option Text:

 Update Option Value:

 Move Option:



+ Advanced Field Options

+ Question Look / Feel







+ Question Header / Footer

+ Question Validation

Delete Update Field

Figure 57: Creating a radio button (step 3/3)

The following parameters are available inside this screen:


- **Enter Options** – choose this option if you want to enter the options manually
- **SQL Driven Options** – use this option in order to automatically insert options from the database, if you already have them defined so that you wouldn't have to do it manually (see section [7.18.1](#))
-  - button for adding the option once you've entered the option name in the input field
-  - button for deleting the option; choose the desired option in the list of options and click on this button in order to delete it
-   - buttons for setting the desired sort order for the options; select the desired option and click on the up or down arrow to move the option either to the **top** or to the **bottom**
-   - buttons for setting the desired sort order for the options; select the desired option and click on the up or down arrow to move the option **up or down one position**
- **Update Option Text** – use this field to update the option text
- **Update Option Value** – use this field to update the option value
- **Move option** – pull down menu for changing the option location

7.11.1 Example for using radio buttons


One example of using the radio buttons for registration form can be asking the user to provide information about his operating system.


Question Options:


☒ Enter Options ☐ SQL Driven Options



Windows XP Windows Vista Windows 2000	   
---------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

 Update Option Text:

 Update Option Value:

 Move Option:




 



Figure 58: Example of using radio buttons

The parameters would be defined like this:

- **Question** – enter the “Operating System” as a label for the radio buttons set, i.e. informing the user of the requested information
- **Question type** – choose “Radio button”
- **Question Options** – choose “Enter Options”

After setting these parameters, enter the name of the first option inside the input field **e.g.** “Windows XP” and click on this icon . The option will be added to the list of options. You can repeat this procedure for as many options as you like:

- Windows 2000
- Windows 98, etc

Note: use the up and down arrows to set the desired sort order,  to update the option and the  icon to delete the option.

After setting the desired options and radio buttons, you can click on the “+” symbol next to the “Advanced Field Options” in order to set the default value i.e. the radio button that will be selected by default in your registration form.

Advanced Field Options

 Default Value:

☒ Windows XP

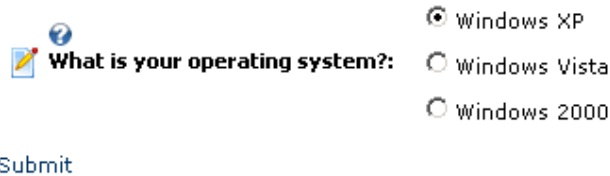
☐ Windows Vista



☐ Windows 2000

Figure 59: Setting radio button advanced options

Select the radio button you want your users to see as selected by default and click on the “Update Field” in order to complete the procedure of creating a set of radio buttons.

The following screenshot demonstrates the created radio buttons set as seen by the user on your website.



  **What is your operating system?:**

☒ Windows XP

☐ Windows Vista

☐ Windows 2000

[Submit](#)

Figure 60: Example of the radio buttons set as seen by the end user

7.12 Creating a Horizontal Rule (separator)

The “Horizontal Rule (Separator)” is used when you wish to divide logical sections within your form. For example if you want to divide personal information (first name, last name, etc.) from information related to user account (username, password, etc.).

In order to create a horizontal rule, choose option “New Dynamic Field” and select option “Horizontal Rule (Separator)”.

Dynamic Questions

Add or update your dynamic forms settings below. Dynamic forms fields can be either HTML or field such as textbox, dropdownlist, radio buttons, or a checkbox. Additional options allow you to some fields as required and others as optional, add javascript validation to a field, choose to take advantage of querystring and session variables, and much more. For a full list of available options help please refer to the Dynamic Forms User Guide located at datasprings.com.

Dynamic Question: - New Dynamic Field -

Clone Question: - Select Dynamic Field -

Question:

Short Name:

Help Text:

Sort Order:

Question Type:

<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button

HR Ruler Width:

HR Rule Thickness:

Figure 61: Creating a horizontal rule


The screen will be refreshed and the following horizontal rule parameters will be available:

- **HR Ruler Width** – field for setting the HR ruler width in pixels (e.g. 450)
- **HR Rule Thickness** - field for setting the HR ruler thickness in pixels (e.g. 2)


After setting the desired values, click on the "Update Field" link and the horizontal rule will be created.



Dynamic Forms ▾

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu





  **First Name:**

  **Last Name:**

  **Email Address:**

  **Street:**

  **First name:**

  **Comments:**

  **What is your operating system?:**

☒ Windows XP

☐ Windows Vista

☐ Windows 2000

Submit

Figure 62: Example of the created horizontal rule

7.13 Captcha Image (Security Code)

The “Captcha Image” element is used as an additional measure of security when making sure the person replying to the questions in the form is human.

This is done by forcing the users to repeat the characters displayed in the automatically created random set of characters (**note:** see <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Captcha> for further information).

In order to create a “Captcha Image” element, choose the “Captcha Image (Security Code)” option.

Question Type:

<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label
<input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey	<input type="radio"/> Rating

Captcha Field Type: Standard DNN Captcha Field

Advanced Captcha Settings:
Note: Data Springs Advanced Captcha field requires additional setup within your portal. Please visit this web site for additional installation steps...

Captcha Text Tyle: AncientMosaic

Enable Captcha Refresh?: ☐

Enable Captcha Sound?: ☐

Captcha Control Height: 150

Captcha ControlWidth: 200

Figure 63: Creating the Captcha image

The page will be refreshed containing further options for the Captcha element i.e. the pull down menu for choosing the desired Captcha type:

- **Standard DNN® Captcha Field** – see section 7.13.1
- **Advanced DataSprings Captcha Field** – see section 7.13.2

7.13.1 Setting up a standard DNN® Captcha Field

In order to setup a standard Captcha Field, choose that option from the “Captcha Field Type” pull down menu and click on the “Update Field” link.

Question Type:

- | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> DNN Country |
| <input type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Button |
| <input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey | <input type="radio"/> Rating | <input type="radio"/> Data Grid |

Captcha Field Type:

Standard DNN Captcha Field

Advanced Captcha Setup

Standard DNN Captcha Field

Advanced DataSprings Captcha Field

Note: Data Springs Advanced Captcha Field requires additional setup within your portal. Please visit [this web site](#) for additional installation steps...

Captcha Text Tyle:

AncientMosaic

Enable Captcha

☐

Refresh?:

Enable Captcha

☐

Sound?:

Captcha Control

150

Height:

Captcha ControlWidth:

200

Advanced Field Options

Question Look / Feel

Question Header / Footer

Question Validation

Update Field





Update Field / Exit



Update Settings Exit



The screenshot below demonstrates the Captcha image element as seen by your users.



Dynamic Forms ▾



Dynamic Forms Quick Menu







  **First Name:**



  **Last Name:**




  **Email Address:**

  **Street:**

  **First name:**

  **Comments:**

  **What is your operating system?:** ☒ Windows XP
☐ Windows Vista
☐ Windows 2000

  : 

Submit

Figure 64: Example of the created Captcha image

7.13.2 Setting up an advanced Datasprings Captcha Field

In order to setup an advanced Datasprigs Captcha Field, choose that option from the "Captcha Field Type" pull down menu.

Question Type:

- | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox C |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachm |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> DNN Countr |
| <input type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Buttor |
| <input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey | <input type="radio"/> Rating | <input type="radio"/> Data Grid |

Captcha Field Type:

Standard DNN Captcha Field

Advanced Captcha Settings

Standard DNN Captcha Field

Advanced DataSprings Captcha Field

Note: Data Springs Advanced Captcha Field setup within your portal. Please visit this web site for additional installation steps...

Captcha Text Tyle:

AncientMosaic

Enable Captcha

☐

Refresh?:

Enable Captcha

☐

Sound?:

Captcha Control

150

Height:

Captcha ControlWidth:

200

Advanced Field Options

Question Look / Feel

Question Header / Footer

Question Validation

Update Field

Update Field / Exit

Update Settings Exit

Figure 65: Setting up an advanced Datasprings Captcha Field

The following options are available:

- **Captcha Text Style** - select the desired CAPTCHA text style from this pull down menu
- **Enable Captcha Refresh** – select this option if you would like to enable the CAPTCHA refresh icon/feature within the Captcha control; this will allow the users to refresh the Captcha image i.e. change the image if they cannot make out the contents
- **Enable Captcha Sound** - select this option if you would like to enable the CAPTCHA sound icon/feature within the Captcha control which will allow your users to hear the read out of the letters and numbers within the image
- **Captcha Control Height** – use this input field to determine the height of the Captcha image in pixels
- **Captcha Control Width** – use this input field to determine the width of the Captcha image in pixels

Important note:

The Advanced Data Springs Captcha control uses a 3rd party captcha control with specific setup instructions. If you choose the Advanced Captcha field type you need to setup your DotNetNuke® Portal with these additional steps:

1. Make a backup of your web.config file.
2. Within your DotNetNuke® installation web.config file, you need to add this line to your "httpHandlers" section of the web.config. The line should be place (or can be placed) directly above the line which refers to the core DotNetNuke® Captcha field <!-- This is for CAPTCHA support -->

```
<add verb="*" path="LanapCaptcha.aspx" type="Lanap.BotDetect.CaptchaHandler,
Lanap.BotDetect"/>
```

Note: For IIS7 installs, you need to add this config setting in the <handlers> section.

```
<add name="LanapCaptcha" verb="*" path="LanapCaptcha.aspx"
type="Lanap.BotDetect.CaptchaHandler, Lanap.BotDetect"/>
```

After implementing this step your Advanced Captcha control should be configured and ready to work within Dynamic Registration or Dynamic Forms.

You can review updates to these procedures here:

<http://www.datasprings.com/products/dnn-modules/dynamic-registration/data-springs-advanced-captcha-page>

7.14 Creating a DNN® region

The purpose of the "DNN® Region" field is to allow you to request information about the region the user resides in. In order to start creating "DNN® Region" field, choose that option once inside the screen for creating a new dynamic field.

? Question Type:

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload |
| <input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> DNN Country |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Button |

+ Advanced Field Options**+ Question Look / Feel****+ Question Header / Footer****+ Question Validation**

Delete Update Field Update Field / Exit

Update Settings Exit

Figure 66: Creating a region

The rest of the procedure for creating the region is identical to creating the textbox.

The screenshot shows a form builder interface with a list of fields on the left and their corresponding input elements on the right. The fields are:

- First Name:** Text input field.
- Email Address:** Text input field (highlighted in yellow).
- Company Name:** Text input field.
- How did you hear about us?:** Text input field.
- Country:** Dropdown menu.
- Region:** Text input field (highlighted with a red box).
- Agree to Terms?:** Checkbox.
- Marital Status:** Radio buttons for "Single / Divorced" and "Married / Domestic Partner".

At the bottom left, there is a "Submit" button.

Figure 67: Example of the region element

7.15 Creating a GridView / Survey

The purpose of the “GridView/Survey” field is to allow you to create surveys. In order to start creating “GridView/Survey” field, choose that option once inside the screen for creating a new dynamic field.

☒ GridView / Survey
 ☐ Rating
 ☐ Data Grid

Question Options:

☒ Enter Options
 ☐ SQL Driven Options

☐

☐

☐

☐ Radio Button
 ☐ Checkbox

Figure 68: Creating a grid view/survey field

The following options and parameters are available:

- **Represents Grid Column** – select this option if you would like the column to be represented as a grid view initial column (see the screenshot below)

Products_Services	Product Features	Ease of Use	Customer Support	Pricing
Dynamic Forms	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dynamic Registration	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dynamic User Directory	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Opt In Email	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Renewal Reminder	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Dynamic Login	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

- **Initially Selected Column** - select this option for the option you wish to be initially selected within the gridview (see screenshot below)

2a. How much do you use the modules in your collection?	Not Used	Light Use
Dynamic Forms	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Dynamic Registration	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Dynamic User Directory	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Interactive User Import	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Opt In Email	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Renewal Reminder	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
News Ticker	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Flash Image Rotator	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- **Hide Grid Header** – select this option in case you would like to hide the grid view control header (see screenshot below)

Custom Module Development	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Project Implementation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Product Training	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Site Performance Evaluation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

- **Grid/Survey Inner Control Type** - select the type of inner control that the survey / grid view will contain; this can either be a radio button for single selection implementation or a check box to allow the user to select multiple items

Custom Module Development	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Project Implementation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Product Training	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Site Performance Evaluation	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

How well are we doing?	Poor	So-So	Awesome	Blew
Customer Service	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	
Product Support	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	
Product Documentation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	
Competitive Pricing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	
Product Features	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	

Note: see section 7.18 for further information since the procedure for adding options to the survey are identical to creating combo box options.

7.16 Creating a DNN Text Suggest Field

The “DNN Text Suggest Field” allows you to create a field which will dynamically offer text suggestions to the users as they type. So while they type, they will see the suggestions allowing them to quickly make the selection and move forward.

This is done by linking a SQL query to a list of items to help the user pick an option. For example, typing “Micr” could produce suggestions such as Microbiotics, Micromanagement, Microscope, etc. This is a great alternative to offering options in a combo box.

In order to create a DNN text suggest field, choose option “DNN Text Suggest Field” inside the screen for creating a new dynamic question.

Question Type:

<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button
<input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey	<input type="radio"/> Rating	<input type="radio"/> Data Grid
<input checked="" type="radio"/> DNN Text Suggest	<input type="radio"/> Signature	

Minimum Character Lookup:

Maximum Suggested Rows:

Lookup Delay:

Lookup SQL:

Figure 69: Creating a DNN Text Suggest Field

The following parameters are available:

- **Minimum Character Lookup** - select the minimum characters the user should type before the DNN Text Suggest starts checking the content against the lookup query
- **Maximum Suggested Rows** – specify the maximum number of rows that should be returned at a time
- **Lookup Delay** – specify the delay (in milliseconds) the user should wait while typing before the lookup occurs (e.g.: 300 would be for 3 seconds)
- **Lookup SQL** - enter the Lookup SQL or stored procedure SQL to return the selected list of items for the query. The query should return two columns, one called ID and another column called Name. The ID column should be unique and typically would be an integer. The Name column should return the text option.

After setting the desired parameters, click “Update Field” to save the changes and complete the procedure of creating the DNN text suggest field.

Figure 70: DNN Text Suggest Field

7.16.1.1 DNN Text Suggest Field - Example 1

This example will explain how you can use the DNN Text Suggest field to help the user by displaying all usernames from the database which begin by letters the user is typing inside the field as they type.

To create such field you will need to use the following SQL lookup:

```
select userid as ID, username as Name from users order by username
```

Dynamic Forms Demonstration - DNN Text Suggest within Dynamic Forms

This DNN Text Suggest grabs the username from the users table. The actual Lookup SQL is:
select userid as ID, username as Name from users order by username
 So if you were to type in characters "dav", it should populate a drop down combobox with every username beginning with letters "dav".

DNN Text Suggest

Example 1 -

Username :

This DNN Text Suggest grabs the rolename from the roles table. The actual Lookup SQL is:
select roleid as ID, rolename as Name from roles order by rolename
 So if you were to type in characters "pre", it should populate a drop down combobox with every rolename beginning with letters "pre".

dave7968

davebpya

davebpya2008

daveflan

daveh

DaveK

daveopware

DaveMaxG

davemcminoway

Figure 71: DNN Text Suggest Field - Example 1

As demonstrated in the screenshot, if the user types "dav", it should populate a drop down combobox with every username beginning with letters "dav".

7.16.1.2 DNN Text Suggest Field - Example 2

This example will explain how you can use the DNN Text Suggest field to help the user by displaying the user roles from database which begin by letters the user is typing inside the field as they type.

To create such field you will need to use the following SQL lookup:

```
select roleid as ID, rolename as Name from roles order by rolename
```

Dynamic Forms Demonstration - DNN Text Suggest within Dynamic Forms

This DNN Text Suggest grabs the username from the users table. The actual Lookup SQL is

```
select userid as ID, username as Name from users order by username
```

So if you were to type in characters "dav", it should populate a drop down combobox with beginning with letters "dav".

DNN Text Suggest

Example 1 -

Username :

This DNN Text Suggest grabs the rolename from the roles table. The actual Lookup SQL is

```
select roleid as ID, rolename as Name from roles order by rolename
```

So if you were to type in characters "premium", it should populate a drop down combobox rolename beginning with letters "premium".

DNN Text Suggest

Example 2 -

Rolename:

Save

Premium
 Daily
 Premium
 Hourly
 Support
 Premium
 Monthly
 Support
 Premium
 Quarterly
 Support

Dynamic Form Demonstration 29 - DNN

THIS DEMONSTRATION WILL HIGHLIGHT

WITH THE DNN TEXT SUGGEST

Example 1 - Obtaining Username

SQL table

DNN Text Suggest Field Type uses

from an SQL table to

Figure 72: DNN Text Suggest Field - Example 2

As demonstrated in the screenshot, if the user types "premium", it should populate a drop down combobox with every role name beginning with "premium".

7.17 Creating a Text/HTML

The purpose of the “Text/HTML” field is to allow creating additional elements in your registration form, i.e. divide the form in sections by using various HTML elements or add additional text explaining the users what the specific part of the registration form is asking from them.

In order to start creating “Text/HTML” field, choose that option once inside the screen for creating a new dynamic field.

Question Type:

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload |
| <input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> DNN Country |
| <input type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Button |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Short) | <input type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Long) | |
| <input type="radio"/> Multiline textbox | | |

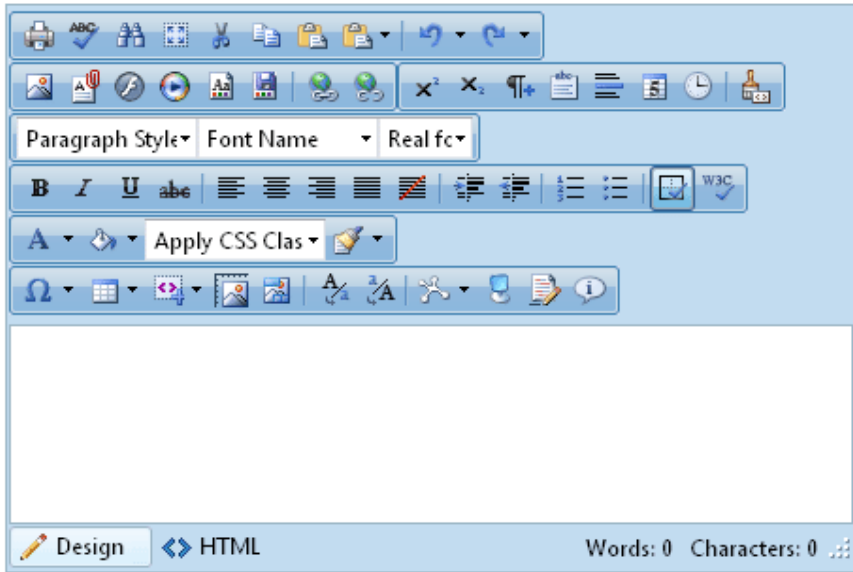
Figure 73: Creating Text/HTML element

The page will be refreshed displaying further options for this element.

Clone Question: - Select Dynamic Field -

Editor: ☐ Basic Text Box ☒ Rich Text Editor

Question:



Short Name:





















Help Text:







Sort Order:

Figure 74: Creating a text/html element

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Basic Text Box** – use this option if you want to define the news as text only

- **Rich Text Editor** – use this option if you want to be able to use rich formatting options (HTML, images, text formatting, etc.)
- **Paragraph** – use this pull down menu to apply the desired style (heading) to the selected text
- **Font** – pull down menu for choosing the desired font
- **Size** – pull down menu for choosing the font size
- **Color** – pull down menu for choosing the font color
- **B** - bold
- **I** - italic
- **U** - underline
-  - strikethrough
-  - superscript
-  - subscript
-  - remove all formatting
-  - justify left
-  - justify center
-  - justify right
-  - justify full
-  - bulleted list
-  - numbered list
-  - indent
-  - outdent
-  - cut
-  - copy
-  - paste
-  - delete
-  - undo
-  - redo
- **Symbols** – pull down menu for inserting special characters
-  - insert horizontal line
-  - insert date
-  - insert time
-  - create link

-  - remove link
-  - insert image from gallery
-  - insert table
-  - preview
-  - select all
-  - use this option if you are pasting the text from Word so that all unnecessary Word formatting would be removed

Parsed Field Values

The following tokens can be replaced within HTML Field Types

- \$(ShortFieldName) – Any field that has been already stored in viewstate or rendered should be able to be rendered with the value based on using the short field name wrapped within the token.
- \$(DSPParam1), \$(DSPParam2), \$(DSPParam3) – Querystring parameters DSPParam1, DSPParam2, and DSPParam3.
- \$(DSSession1), \$(DSSession2), \$(DSSession3) – Session parameters DSSession1, DSSession2, and DSSession3
- \$(PortalID), \$(ModuleID), \$(TabID), \$(PortalAlias) - Portal / Module / TabID of the current module instance
- \$(UniqueCompletionID) – Current unique identifier for the form submission
- \$(CurrentURL) – Current URL that the form is located on
- \$(URLReferrer) – Referring URL from within the HTTP Context
- \$(UserID) – The UserID of the current user or -1 for anonymous
- \$(IPAddress) – The IP Address of the user
- \$(CurrentLanguage) – The currently selected language for session within DotNetNuke.

7.18 Creating a Combo Box

In order to create a combo box element, choose option “Combo Box” inside the screen for creating a new dynamic question.

Question Type:


- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload |
| <input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> DNN Country |
| <input type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Button |

Figure 75: Creating a combo box (step 1/2)

The page will be refreshed and further options for setting up a combo box will be available.

? Question Options:








- ☒ Enter Options
 ☐ SQL Driven Options

Other Move to Bottom 

Google
 Yahoo

Figure 76: Creating a combo box (step 2/2)

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Enter Options** – choose this option if you want to enter the options manually
- **SQL Driven Options** – option for automating process of acquiring options by extracting them from the database (see section [7.18.1](#))
-  - button for adding the option once you've entered the option name in the input field
-  - button for deleting the option; choose the desired option in the list of options and click on this button in order to delete it
-  - button for updating the option
-   - buttons for setting the desired sort order for the options; select the desired option and click on the up or down arrow to move the option either to the **top** or to the **bottom**
-   - buttons for setting the desired sort order for the options; select the desired option and click on the up or down arrow to move the option **up or down one position**

7.18.1 Example for SQL Driven Options

Note: this option is meant for advanced users.

The “SQL Driven Options” can be used in order to simplify the process of creating options if you already have that information inside the database (**e.g.** list of states).

In order to use this functionality, choose “SQL Driven Options” and enter the query inside the text area.

Question Options:

☐ Enter Options
 ☒ SQL Driven Options

You can query the database directly for question options. You MUST select only two columns for the query and those columns must be QuestionOption and QuestionOptionValue. (I.E. select Text as QuestionOption, Text as QuestionOptionValue from Lists where ListName= 'Region')

```
select Text as QuestionOption from Lists where ListName= 'Region'
```

Test SQL

Figure 77: Using SQL Driven Options

Note: only two columns can be returned for the query and those column names must be QuestionOption and QuestionOptionValue (i.e. select Text as QuestionOption, Value as QuestionOptionValue from Lists where ListName= 'Region').

```
select Text as QuestionOption from Lists where ListName= 'Region'
```

Test SQL Total Rows:64

Other Move to Bottom +

- Alberta
- Alaska
- Alabama
- Arkansas
- Arizona
- British Columbia
- California
- Colorado
- Connecticut

Update Option Text: Yahoo

Update Option Value: Yahoo

Move Option: Same Location

✗

Figure 78: Using SQL Driven options

After entering the query, click on the “Test SQL” option in order to see the results of the query, i.e. whether it is obtaining desired results. The page will be refreshed and the options fill be filled in.

Note: The following tokens will be replaced at runtime within the SQL Options

- \$(ShortFieldName) – Any field that has been already stored in viewstate or rendered should be able to be rendered with the value based on using the short field name wrapped within the token.
- \$(DSParam1), \$(DSParam2), \$(DSParam3) – Querystring parameters DSParam1, DSParam2, and DSParam3.
- \$(DSSession1), \$(DSSession2), \$(DSSession3) – Session parameters DSSession1, DSSession2, and DSSession3
- \$(PortalID), \$(ModuleID), \$(TabID), \$(PortalAlias) - Portal / Module / TabID of the current module instance
- \$(UniqueCompletionID) – Current unique identifier for the form submission
- \$(CurrentURL) – Current URL that the form is located on
- \$(CurrentDomain) – Current domain that the form is located on
- \$(URLReferrer) – Referring URL from within the HTTP Context
- \$(UserID) – The UserID of the current user or -1 for anonymous
- \$(IPAddress) – The IP Address of the user
- \$(CurrentLanguage) – The currently selected language for session within DotNetNuke.
- \$(ApplicationPath) – The application path from the HTTP Context
- \$(RAWURL) – The RAW URL from the HTTP Context
- {objectQualifier} – This will be replaced with the object qualifier of your DotNetNuke site if you have one defined within the web.config.
- {databaseOwner} – This will be replaced with the database owner (or dbo.) as defined within your database connection settings for DotNetNuke within your web.config file.

The last step is setting the desired default value for the pull down menu inside the part of the screen with “Advanced Field Options”.

After setting the desired parameters, click on the “Update Field” button and the procedure of creating combo box by using “SQL Driven Options” will be completed.

Note: this was one example for using “SQL Driven Options”. Advanced users can use this feature to retrieve and link fields which have options to a query instead of having to enter those values manually.

7.18.2 Example for using combo box

One example of using the combo box for registration form can be asking the user to provide information about the preferred search engine, where you can have multiple predefined answers the user will choose from (e.g. "Google").

Question Options:

☒ Enter Options ☐ SQL Driven Options



Other Move to Bottom ▾ 



Figure 79: Example of using combo box

The parameters would be defined like this:

- **Question** – enter "What is your favorite search engine?" as a label for combo box, i.e. informing the user of the requested information
- **Question type** – choose "Combo Box"
- **Question Options** – choose "Enter Options"

After setting these parameters, enter the name of the first option inside the input field **e.g.** "Google" and click on this icon . The option will be added to the list of options. You can repeat this procedure for as many options as you like:

- Yahoo
- Google, etc

Note: use the up and down arrows to set the desired sort order and the  icon to delete the option.

7.19 Creating a Checkbox

In order to start creating a checkbox element, choose option “Checkbox” inside the screen for creating a new dynamic question.

Question Type:

<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input checked="" type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button
<input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey	<input type="radio"/> Rating	<input type="radio"/> Data Grid

☒ Display label on checkbox field: ☐
☒ Align field label on checkbox.: Left

+ Advanced Field Options

+ Question Look / Feel

+ Question Header / Footer

+ Question Validation

[Update Field](#) [Update Field / Exit](#)

Figure 80: Creating a checkbox

After you choose the “CheckBox” option, the screen will be refreshed containing checkbox-specific options:

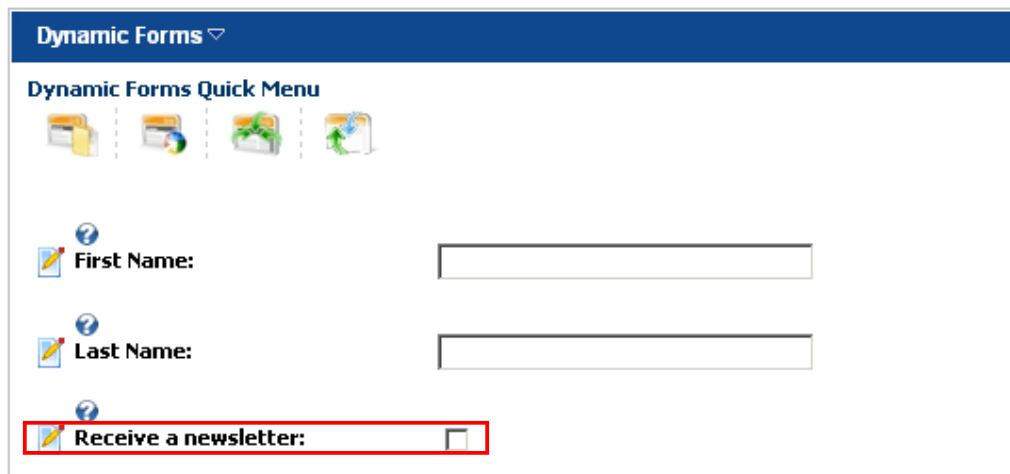
- **Display label on checkbox field** – select this option if you wish to display the label on the checkbox field itself (**Note:** if you do this you might want to hide the actual question label in the Question Look / Feel section).
- **Align field label on checkbox** – choose the desired alignment for the label on the checkbox field

After setting the desired parameters, click on the “Update Field” in order to complete the procedure of creating a Checkbox.

Notes:





- use the “Default Value” in order to determine if the checkbox will be selected by default or not


The following screenshot demonstrates the checkbox element as seen by the end user.




Dynamic Forms ▾

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu

 **First Name:**

 **Last Name:**


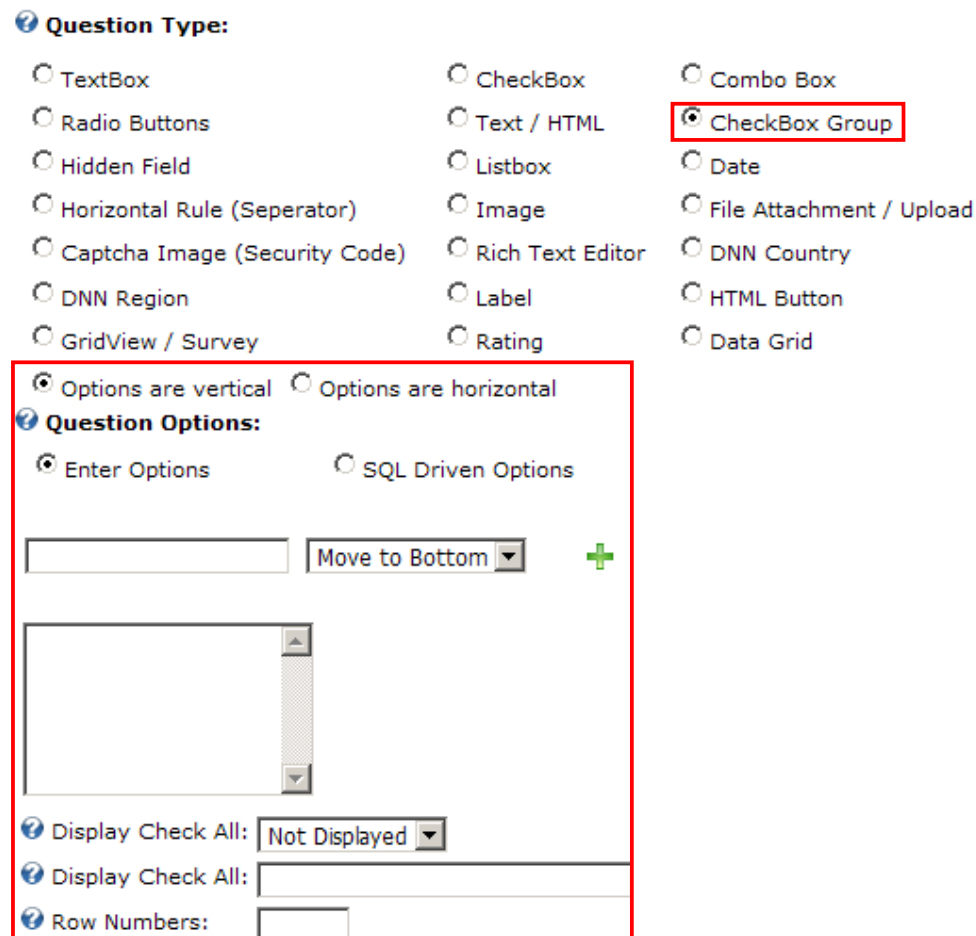
 **Receive a newsletter:** ☐

Figure 81: Example of the checkbox as seen by the end user

7.20 Creating a Checkbox Group

Checkbox group can be used when you want to acquire several answers from users by letting them select from the checkboxes. The user can select none, one or several checkboxes simultaneously.

In order to start creating a checkbox group element, choose option “Checkbox group” inside the screen for creating a new dynamic question. The page will be refreshed with further options you can set for this element.



Question Type:

- ☐ TextBox
- ☐ Radio Buttons
- ☐ Hidden Field
- ☐ Horizontal Rule (Seperator)
- ☐ Captcha Image (Security Code)
- ☐ DNN Region
- ☐ GridView / Survey
- ☐ CheckBox
- ☐ Text / HTML
- ☐ Listbox
- ☐ Image
- ☐ Rich Text Editor
- ☐ Label
- ☐ Rating
- ☐ Combo Box
- ☒ **CheckBox Group**
- ☐ Date
- ☐ File Attachment / Upload
- ☐ DNN Country
- ☐ HTML Button
- ☐ Data Grid

☒ Options are vertical ☐ Options are horizontal

Question Options:

☒ Enter Options ☐ SQL Driven Options





Display Check All:

Display Check All:

Row Numbers:

Figure 82: Creating a checkbox group

The following parameters are available inside this screen:


- **Enter Options** – choose this option if you want to enter the options manually
- **SQL Driven Options** – use this option in order to automatically insert options from the database, if you already have them defined so that you wouldn't have to do it manually (see section [7.18.1](#))
-  - button for adding the option once you've entered the option name in the input field
-  - button for deleting the option; choose the desired option in the list of options and click on this button in order to delete it
-  - buttons for setting the desired sort order for the options; select the desired option and click on the up or down arrow to move the option either to the **top** or to the **bottom**
-  - buttons for setting the desired sort order for the options; select the desired option and click on the up or down arrow to move the option **up or down one position**
- **Display Check All** – use this pull down menu to decide if you wish to display the “check all” and if so the location of the feature i.e. above or below the check box list
- **Display Check All** – enter the desired text for the “Check all” feature. i.e. “Select All”
 - **Note:** If no text is specified then the module will render a localized variable for this setting
- **Row Numbers** – Row numbers is a feature used to select the number of items to display per row. The row numbers property works directly with the horizontal/vertical alignment property. For example, although the alignment might be setup for horizontal do you want it to display 2 across before starting a new row? If so select 2 for the row numbers property.

7.20.1 Example for using checkbox group

One example of using the checkbox group for registration form can be asking the user to provide information about your products, where you can have multiple predefined answers as checkboxes (e.g. “Which products do you like?”, and then you can list of all your products as checkboxes/answers).

Question Options:

☒ Enter Options
 ☐ SQL Driven Options



Opt in Email
 Dynamic Registration
 Dynamic Forms







Figure 83: Example of using combo box


The parameters would be defined like this:

- **Question** – enter “Which products do you like?” as a label for checkbox group, i.e. informing the user of the requested information
- **Question type** – choose “Checkbox group”
- **Question Options** – choose “Enter Options”

After setting these parameters, enter the name of the first option inside the input field e.g. “Image Flash Rotator” and click on this icon . The option will be added to the list of options. You can repeat this procedure for as many options as you like:

- Opt In Email
- Dynamic Registration

Note:

- use the up and down arrows to set the desired sort order and the  icon to delete the option.
- after setting the desired options for the checkbox group, you can click on the “+” symbol next to the “Advanced Field Options” in order to set the default value i.e. checkbox that will be selected by default in your registration form; you can select more than one checkbox to be checked by default

7.21 Creating a Listbox

In order to start creating a listbox element, choose option “Listbox” inside the screen for creating a new dynamic question.

Question Type:

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload |
| <input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> DNN Country |
| <input type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Button |

Question Options:

- ☒ Enter Options ☐ SQL Driven Options

Move to Bottom ▼ +

Selection Type: Single Select ▼

Row Numbers:





Figure 84: Creating a listbox


After choosing the “listbox” option, click on the “Update Field” link and choose the newly created element from the pull down again.

The rest of the procedure for creating listbox options is identical to creating radio buttons (see section [7.11](#)). The screenshot below illustrates a created listbox as seen in the front end.

Dynamic Forms ▾

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu


Example of a listbox:

Listbox option 1
Listbox option 2
Listbox option 3

Figure 85: Example of the created listbox

7.22 Creating an Image Element

The purpose of the "Image" element is to allow users to upload images. In order to start creating an image element, choose option "Image" inside the screen for creating a new dynamic question. The screen will be refreshed containing further image specific parameters.

? Question Type:

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload |
| <input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> DNN Country |
| <input type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Button |
| <input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey | <input type="radio"/> Rating | <input type="radio"/> Data Grid |

Image Type: Save full image only

Thumbnail Type: Relative

Thumbnail Height: 100

Thumbnail Width: 100

Preview Image: ☐

Enabled:

Image Preview Type: Link Button

Image Name Type: Unique Name (system generated)

Alternate Upload Path:

Image File Save Type: Filename only (i.e. yourfile.jpg)

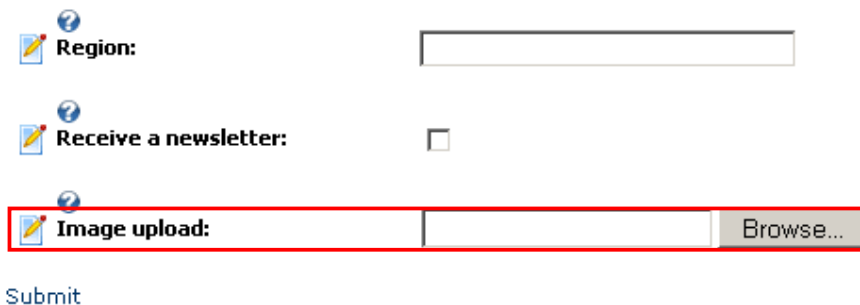
Figure 86: Creating an image element

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Image Type** – choose the desired image type from this pull down menu
 - **Save Full Image Only** – select this option if you want to display the full image uploaded by the user
 - **Save Thumbnail Only** – select this option if you want to display a thumbnail image of the image uploaded by the user
 - **Save Thumbnail and Full Image Link** – select this option if you want to display a thumbnail of the image uploaded by the user with a link for opening a full image
- **Thumbnail Type**
 - **Relative** - if you choose to have it created based on relative parameters, the thumbnail will be created based on width and height of the image the user is uploading
 - **Fixed** - if you choose to have it created as fixed, the thumbnail image will always be generated based on the thumbnail width and height
- **Thumbnail Height** – set the desired height for the thumbnail image (in pixels, **e.g.** 100)
- **Thumbnail Width** – set the desired width for the thumbnail image (in pixels, **e.g.** 100)
- **Preview Image Enabled** – select this checkbox if you want to allow your users to see the preview of the image

- **Image Preview Type** – use this pull down menu to specify the method for enabling the image preview; you can select either to have a link button appear, an image, or automatically as soon as the user selects the file
 - **Image Name Type** – use this pull down menu to specify the method for naming the images; this can either be a unique name, a friendly name which is the name of the file with a date and time stamp, or the exact filename of the file
- **Alternate Upload Path** – Please specify an alternate portal upload directory for this image. By default all files will be uploaded under a directory called DynamicForms_Images within your portal root directory (usually /portals/0/DynamicForms_Images/).
- **Image File Save Type** – use this pull down menu to specify the method for naming the file i.e. saving it in the database, this can either be just the name of the file or it can be the full HTTP path to the file.

After setting the desired parameters, click on the “Update Field” link in order to save the changes. The screenshot below demonstrates the image element as seen by the end users.



The screenshot shows a form with three fields. The first field is labeled "Region:" and has a text input box. The second field is labeled "Receive a newsletter:" and has a checkbox. The third field is labeled "Image upload:" and has a text input box followed by a "Browse..." button. The "Image upload:" field is highlighted with a red border. Each field has a small icon to its left: a pencil and question mark for "Region:", a pencil and question mark for "Receive a newsletter:", and a pencil and question mark for "Image upload:". Below the fields is a "Submit" button.

Figure 87: Image element as seen by the end users

7.23 Creating a Rich Text Editor

The purpose of the “Rich Text Editor” option is to allow your users to use the text editor in the front end. In order to start creating the rich text editor element, choose option “Rich Text Editor” inside the screen for creating a new dynamic question.

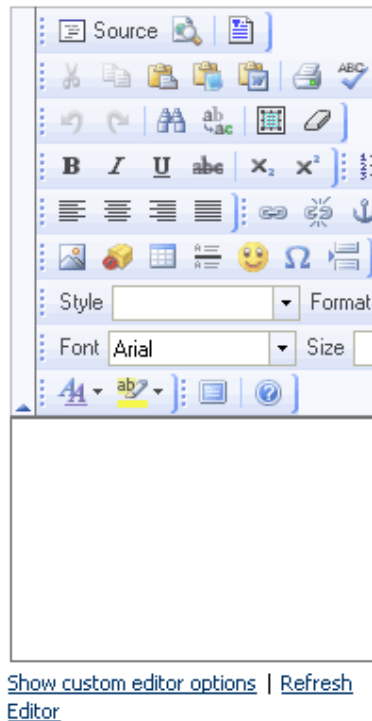
Question Type:

- | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload |
| <input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> DNN Country |
| <input type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Button |
| <input checked="" type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Short) | <input type="radio"/> Singleline textbox (Long) | |
| <input type="radio"/> Multiline textbox | | |

Figure 88: Adding the rich text editor element

After selecting the “Rich Text Editor” radio button, click on the “Update Field” link in order to save the changes and complete the procedure of adding the “Rich Text Editor”. The screenshot below demonstrates the added rich text editor as seen by the end users.

Rich Text Editor:



[Submit](#)

Figure 89: The "Rich Text Editor" as seen in the front end

7.24 Creating a Label

The purpose of this field is to allow you to create an independent label within the form. In order to create a label field, choose that option from the “Question type” part of the screen while creating a new field.

Question Type:



<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Label
<input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey	<input type="radio"/> Rating

Figure 90: Creating a label


After selecting the “Label” option, click the “Update Field” link and the label will be added. The screenshot below demonstrates a label field.

Dynamic Forms ▾

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu

 Question Wizard
 Advanced Wizard













Quick Help

[User Guide](#)
[Demonstrations / Tutorials](#)
[Community Forums](#)
[Enable Debug Mode](#) 

Drag
[Drag new I](#)
[Drag recyc](#)

Quick Add (Drag / Drop)

Field Label:

First Name:

Last Name:

Label:

Street:


Figure 91: Example of the label field


7.25 Creating a rating


The purpose of this field is to allow you to create a rating field which will allow your visitors to give a rating on the desired subject by choosing the desired amount of stars. In order to create a label field, choose that option from the “Question type” part of the screen while creating a new field.

Question Type:

<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button
<input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Rating	<input type="radio"/> Data Grid

 Max Rating:

 Current Rating:

 Align Rating:


 Rating Direction:



Figure 92: Creating a rating


The following options and parameters are available:

- **Max Rating** - select the maximum rating that the module should allow for the field
- **Current Rating** - select the rating that the module should initially display for the field
- **Align rating** – choose the desired alignment for the rating; this setting can either be horizontal or vertical
- **Rating Direction** - select the desired direction for the rating control; this setting can either be left to right top to bottom, or right to left bottom to top

The screenshot below demonstrates a rating field.














Dynamic Forms ▾




Dynamic Forms Quick Menu

Question Wizard

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Enable Debug Mode 




Drag Drop
Drag and dr
new fields ic
Drag and dr
recycle bin t

Quick Add (Drag / Drop)
Field Label:











First Name:






Last Name:






Email Address:



Street:



City:



Rating:









Figure 93: Example of the rating field

7.26 Creating a Date

The “Date” field is used for acquiring a date from the user, either by asking them to select one from the pull down menus or by entering it manually (**note**: depending on the selected type of date – further discussed below). In order to start creating a date, choose option “Date” while creating a new dynamic field.

Question Type:

<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button
<input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey	<input type="radio"/> Rating	<input type="radio"/> Data Grid

Date Display Type: Textbox w/ Calendar

Starting Years: -90

Ending Years: -14

Figure 94: Creating a “Date” dynamic field (step 2/2)


The page will be refreshed with further options for selecting the date type (format). The following options are available:

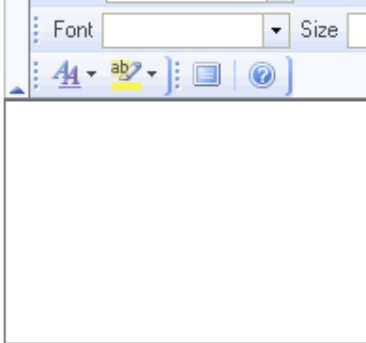
- **Date Display Type** – the following options are available inside the “Date Display Type” pull down menu:
 - **Textbox w/Calendar** – see section [7.26.1](#)
 - **Month and Day** – see section [7.26.2](#)
 - **Month and Year** – see section [7.26.3](#)
 - **Month, Day, Year (Textbox)** – see section [7.26.3.1](#)
- **Starting Years** - please specify the number of years to go back, for example a -90 would start the years for the date field to start 90 years ago
 - **Note** :the starting years property is only valid for date field types that use a years dropdownlist
- **Ending Years** - please specify the number of years from now to add to the years dropdownlist, for example a -5 would start the years for the date field to stop 5 years ago.
 - **Note**: the starting years proprety is only valid for date field types that use a years dropdownlist

After setting the desired parameters, click the “Update field” link in order to complete the procedure of creating a “Date” dynamic field.


7.26.1 Textbox with Calendar

The following screenshots demonstrates the “Textbox and Calendar” date type as seen by the end users. The user will be able to either enter the date manually or choose one from the calendar by clicking on the “Select Date” link.

 **Rich Text Editor:**



[Show custom editor options](#) | [Refresh Editor](#)

 **Date:**

[Select Date](#)

[Submit](#)

Figure 95: Textbox with Calendar



Figure 96: Choosing the date from the calendar

7.26.2 Month and Day

The following screenshots demonstrates the “Month and Day” date type as seen by the end users. The user will be able to enter the date by using the month and day pull down menus.

Figure 97 shows a web form titled "Date:" with a question mark icon and a "Submit" button. The date is displayed as "December 1". A dropdown menu is open, showing a list of months from February to December, with "April" selected. The form is divided into two main sections: "contentpane" and "bottompane". The footer contains copyright information: "Copyright 2005 - 2007 by Data... Contact Us | Terms Of Use | Privacy Statement".

Figure 97: “Month and Day” example

7.26.3 Month and Year


The following screenshots demonstrates the “Month and Year” date type as seen by the end users. The user will be able to enter the date by using the month and year pull down menus.

Figure 98 shows a web form titled "Date:" with a question mark icon and a "Submit" button. The date is displayed as "December 2007". A dropdown menu is open, showing a list of months from February to December, with "April" selected. The form is divided into two main sections: "contentpane" and "bottompane". The footer contains copyright information: "Copyright 2005 - 2007 by Data... Contact Us | Terms Of Use | Privacy Statement".


Figure 98: “Month and Year” example

7.26.3.1 Month, day, year textbox


The following screenshots demonstrates the “Month, day, year” date type as seen by the end users. With this date type the user enters the date manually.

 **Rich Text Editor:**

Font Size



[Show custom editor options](#) | [Refresh Editor](#)

 **Date:**

[Submit](#)

Figure 99: “Month, day, year textbox” example

7.27 Creating a File Attachment/Upload

The purpose of the “File Attachment/Upload” element is to allow your users to upload files via form. In order to start creating a file attachment element, choose option “File Attachment/Upload” inside the screen for creating a new dynamic question.

Question Type:

<input type="radio"/> TextBox	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox	<input type="radio"/> Combo Box
<input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons	<input type="radio"/> Text / HTML	<input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group
<input type="radio"/> Hidden Field	<input type="radio"/> Listbox	<input type="radio"/> Date
<input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator)	<input type="radio"/> Image	<input checked="" type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload
<input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code)	<input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor	<input type="radio"/> DNN Country
<input type="radio"/> DNN Region	<input type="radio"/> Label	<input type="radio"/> HTML Button
<input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey	<input type="radio"/> Rating	<input type="radio"/> Data Grid
<input type="radio"/> DNN Text Suggest		

Filename Type:

Alternate File Upload Map Path:

Alternate Upload Folder:

File Save Type:

Alternate Allowable Extensions (comma seperated):

Invalid Extensions Error Message:

Maximum File Size (in KB):

File Upload Field Type:

Initial file upload count (Telerik only):

Maximum file uploads (Telerik only):

ADVANCED FIELD OPTIONS

QUESTION LOOK / FEEL

QUESTION HEADER / FOOTER

QUESTION VALIDATION

Figure 100: Creating a “File Attachment/Upload” element

The following options are available:

- **Filename Type** – use this pull down menu to specify the method for storing the name of the file, this can either be a unique name, a friendly name which is the name of the file with a date and time stamp, or the exact filename of the file
- **Alternate File Upload Map Path** – please select an alternate map path for the files that are uploaded with this specific field

- **Note:** If no alternate map path is selected the default map path is the portals home directory (typically \portals\0\)
- **Alternate Upload Folder** - Please specify an alternate portal upload directory. By default all files will be uploaded under a directory called DynamicForms_Uploads within your portal root directory (usually /portals/0/DynamicForms_Uploads/).
- **File Save Type** - specify how you would like the filename to be saved in the database, this can either be just the name of the file or it can be the full HTTP path to the file
- **Alternate Allowable Extensions (comma separated)** – use this field to specify alternate extensions for this file upload (i.e. CSV,PDF,XLS)
 - **Note:** If no extensions are selected the module will use the allowable extensions defined under host, host settings.
- **Invalid Extensions Error Message** - please enter the email message the user will receive if they fail to select allowed type extension
- **Maximum File Size (in KB)** - please enter a maximum file size for this upload. Keep in mind that the file size is also based on the allowable file size settings setup in your web.config file.
- **File upload field type** - select the field type for this file upload. Field types for file upload can currently include both a standard file upload and also the Telerik Async Upload field if you want to allow for AJAX processing and multiple file uploads
- **Initial file upload count (Telerik only)** - select the initial count of file upload fields that will be allowed for this field. This property is setup only when using the Telerik Async File Upload option and will display the initial file upload count when the form renders.
- **Maximum file uploads (Telerik only)** - select the maximum number of files allowed for this file upload field. This property is setup only when using the Telerik Async File Upload option and will display an additional file upload field after each file is uploaded until the max count is reached.

This screenshot demonstrates the “File Attachment/Upload” element as seen by the end users.

The screenshot shows a web form with the following elements:

- Rich Text Editor:** A text area with a toolbar for font and size selection.
- Date:** Three input fields for day, month, and year.
- Upload a file:** A text input field followed by a "Browse..." button. This section is highlighted with a red box.
- Submit:** A button at the bottom of the form.

Figure 101: “File Attachment/Upload” element as seen by the end users

7.28 Creating a DNN® Country Element

The purpose of the “DNN® Country” element is to allow simple and quick setup of the pull down menu with the list of countries and add it to your dynamic form.

In order to start creating the country element, choose option “Country” inside the screen for creating a new dynamic question and click on the “Update Field” link.

? Question Type:

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload |
| <input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input checked="" type="radio"/> DNN Country |
| <input type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Button |

Figure 102: Creating a Country

The screenshot below demonstrates the country pull down menu as seen by the end users.

The screenshot displays a web form titled "Dynamic Forms" with a "Dynamic Forms Quick Menu" section. The form contains several fields: "First name:", "Last Name:", "Email Address:", "Country:", "Street:", and "Comments:". The "Country:" field is highlighted with a red box, and its pull-down menu is open, showing a list of countries. The list includes Bangladesh, Barbados, Belarus, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bermuda (which is highlighted), Bhutan, Bolivia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, and Botswana. The "Country:" label is also highlighted with a red box.

Figure 103: Example of the country element

7.29 Creating a Data Grid field

This option is used for creating a data grid field. In order to create this field, choose “Data Grid” when creating a new form item.

? Question Type:

- | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> TextBox | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox | <input type="radio"/> Combo Box |
| <input type="radio"/> Radio Buttons | <input type="radio"/> Text / HTML | <input type="radio"/> CheckBox Group |
| <input type="radio"/> Hidden Field | <input type="radio"/> Listbox | <input type="radio"/> Date |
| <input type="radio"/> Horizontal Rule (Seperator) | <input type="radio"/> Image | <input type="radio"/> File Attachment / Upload |
| <input type="radio"/> Captcha Image (Security Code) | <input type="radio"/> Rich Text Editor | <input type="radio"/> DNN Country |
| <input type="radio"/> DNN Region | <input type="radio"/> Label | <input type="radio"/> HTML Button |
| <input type="radio"/> GridView / Survey | <input type="radio"/> Rating | <input checked="" type="radio"/> Data Grid |

? Question Options:

- ☒ Enter Options ☐ SQL Driven Options

- ? Update Option Text:
- ? Update Option Value:
- ? Field Type:
- ? List Name:
- ? Move Option:

- ? Hide Data Grid Header: ☐
- ? Column Width:
- ? Wrap Header: ☐
- ? Hide Border: ☐

Figure 104: Creating a data grid field



The following “Data Grid” specific parameters are available:

- **Hide Data Grid Header** - select this option if you would like to hide the header for a data grid field (note the absence of the header for the first question “Related Work Experience” and the prominent header for the “Education”)



  Related Work Experience

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Alabama
----------------------	----------------------	---------

  Education

Educational Level	School/University Attended	Major/Minor
Bachelor's Degree	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

- **Wrap Header** – select this option if you would like to wrap the header for the data grid field. This feature will automatically wrap the text within the column/cell header if its larger than the cell width.
- **Hide border** - select this option if you would like to hide the border that the data grid normally displays (note the border around the “Related Work Experience” field and the absence of border for the “Education” field)

Related Work Experience

Please enter informaion on years employed (example: 2001 - 2005)	Company Name	State
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Alabama

Education

Educational Level	School/University Attended	Major/Minor
Bachelor's Degree	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Note: see section 7.18 for further information on creating and managing options since the procedure is identical to creating a comb box.

7.30 Editing a question

In order to edit a question choose the “Manage Questions/Settings” option from the main menu and select the desired question from the pull down menu.

Dynamic Questions

Add or update your dynamic forms settings below. Dynamic forms fields can be either HTML or a field such as textbox, dropdownlist, radio buttons, or a checkbox. Additional options allow you to make some fields as required and others as optional, add javascript validation to a field, choose to take advantage of querystring and session variables, and much more. For a full list of available options help please refer to the Dynamic Forms User Guide located at datasprings.com.

Dynamic Question:

First Name

Clone Question:

First Name

Question:

First Name

Short Name:

FirstName

Help Text:

Please enter your first name

Sort Order:

10

Question Type:

☒ TextBox
☐ Radio Buttons
☐ Hidden Field
☐ Horizontal Rule (Seperator)
☐ Captcha Image (Security Code)
☐ DNN Region
☐ Singleline textbox (Short)
☐ Multiline textbox

☐ CheckBox
☐ Text / HTML
☐ Listbox
☐ Image
☐ Rich Text Editor
☐ Label
☒ Singleline textbox (Long)

☐ Combo Box
☐ CheckBox Group
☐ Date
☐ File Attachment / Upload
☐ DNN Country
☐ HTML Button

Advanced Field Options

Question Look / Feel

Question Header / Footer

Question Validation

Delete

Update Field

Update Field / Exit

Update Settings

Exit

Figure 105: Editing a question

The screen with the parameters set for the chosen question will be displayed where you can make the desired changes and click on the “Update Field” in order to save them.

Note: see section [7.2](#) for further information about the question parameters.

7.31 Deleting a question

In order to delete a question, choose the desired question from the “Dynamic Question” pull down menu and click on the “Delete” link.

Dynamic Questions

Add or update your dynamic forms settings below. Dynamic forms fields can be either HTML or a field such as textbox, dropdownlist, radio buttons, or a checkbox. Additional options allow you to make some fields as required and others as optional, add javascript validation to a field, choose to take advantage of querystring and session variables, and much more. For a full list of available options help please refer to the Dynamic Forms User Guide located at datasprings.com.

Dynamic Question:

First Name

Clone Question:

First Name

Question:

First Name

Short Name:

FirstName

Help Text:

Please enter your first name

Sort Order:

10

Question Type:

☒ TextBox
☐ Radio Buttons
☐ Hidden Field
☐ Horizontal Rule (Seperator)
☐ Captcha Image (Security Code)
☐ DNN Region
☐ Singleline textbox (Short)
☐ Multiline textbox

☐ CheckBox
☐ Text / HTML
☐ Listbox
☐ Image
☐ Rich Text Editor
☐ Label
☒ Singleline textbox (Long)

☐ Combo Box
☐ CheckBox Group
☐ Date
☐ File Attachment / Upload
☐ DNN Country
☐ HTML Button

Advanced Field Options

Question Look / Feel

Question Header / Footer

Question Validation

Delete

Update Field

Update Field / Exit

Update Settings

Exit

Figure 106: Deleting a question

Once you click on the “Delete” link, the selected question will be deleted.

7.32 Managing Module Configuration

In order to start managing general settings choose the “Module Configuration” option.

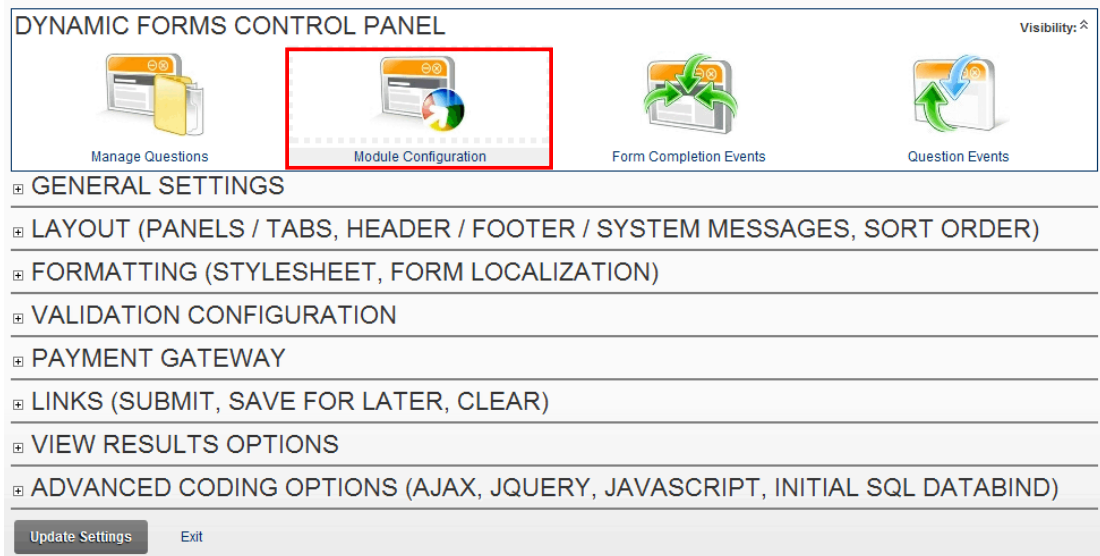


Figure 107: Managing general settings – Common Settings, Layout, Question Order, Stylesheet

The following options are available inside this screen:

- **General Settings** – see section [7.33](#)
- **Layout** – see section [7.34](#)
- **Formatting** - see section [7.35](#)
- **Validation Configuration** – see section [7.36](#)
- **Payment Gateway** – see section [7.37](#)
- **View Results Options** – see section [7.45](#)
- **Advanced Coding Options** - see section [7.46](#)

7.33 Managing General Settings

In order to start managing general settings click on the “+” symbol next to the “General Settings” label.

Figure 108: Managing General Settings

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Select the summary field** – the summary field is the field you would like to be displayed within the form results grid.
- **Enable debug mode** - this setting will put the dynamic forms module in debug mode until the setting is disabled. Note: When this setting is enabled the user-facing administration interface to enable/disable debug mode will not function as the module will always be in debug mode at this time.
- **Align Link Buttons** – align the ‘save/submit/complete’ link button towards the left or right of the module.
- **Align Question Labels** – align the question labels towards the left of the label cell or right of label cell.
- **Label Vertical Alignment** – align the label vertically within the field rows either top, within the middle of the cell, or towards the bottom of the cell.
- **Field Vertical Alignment** - align the field vertically within the field rows. Options include either top, middle, or bottom of the cell.

- **Label Cell Width** – depending on how long your field labels are you might want to expand the width of the label cell. For example if you have a field label of: “Please provide your first name.” you might want to have a larger width than if your field label is “First Name:”.
- **Hide Help Icons** – select this checkbox in case you wish to hide the help icons
- **Only allow form submission once per user** – select this checkbox if you wish to prevent the users from using the form more than once.
 - **Note:** You can specify the message the user receives if they navigate back to the page to submit the form again in the ‘Layout / System Messages Section’
- **Limit form submissions to a specific number** – Enter a number here to allow the submissions of the form to be limited to a specific number. You can leave this setting to be blank if you would like to disable this feature.
 - **Note:** You can specify the message the user receives if they navigate back to the page to submit the form again in the ‘Layout / System Messages Section’
- **Force fields labels and fields on same column?** – select this checkbox if you wish to force the fields labels and fields to appear on the same column
- **Enter key forces form submission** - select this checkbox if you would like the form to be submitted if the user clicks the ‘Enter key’ on the page
- **Set focus to first field on form?** - select this option if you would like the form to set the focus to the first field after loading
- **Pass unique completionID?** – select this checkbox if you wish to pass along a unique completionID session variable. This variable can then be picked up by ^{3rd} party modules or other Data Springs modules such as ‘Tailored Text/HTML’ to retrieve form results
- **Display message to user after initial save?** – check this checkbox if you want to display the message to the user after initial save
- **Link text to continue** - link text displayed if you select to display a message after the form is submitted. I.e. “Thanks for submitting the form”. **“Click Here” to continue...**
- **Default Short Field Length** – input field for setting default short textbox length i.e. maximum allowed number of characters
- **Default Long Field Length** - input field for setting default long textbox length i.e. maximum allowed number of characters
- **Question Suffix** – enter the suffix that will be appended to each question
- **Check blacklist for invalid responses** – select this checkbox if you want to enable checking blacklist for invalid responses
- **Disable Word Wrap Field Label** – select this checkbox if you want to word wrap the field label
- **Redirect Page After Save** – choose the page user should be redirected to after clicking on save
- **Disable the in-line editor** – specify this feature if you wish to disable the in-line label and property editor. The in-line editor is the pencil icon that allows you to change field labels, question header/footer, form header/footer and other changes directly on the user-facing form directly without needing to go into the manage questions / settings area. To disable this feature you can check this box.
- **Disable the Drag and Drop admin feature** - select this checkbox if you wish to disable the drag and drop features within the administration user-facing form
- **Disable the help section of the admin menu** - select this checkbox if you wish to hide the help section of the administration user-facing form
- **Disable field quick stats info** – select this option to disable the quick stats field icon next to each field when in edit mode

- **Disable form quick edit** - the Quick Edit feature is a user-facing administration feature which can manage many form fields directly on the form. This feature is useful however there is a performance hit when enabled.
- **Disable editing results** – select this option to disable the editing form results feature within the module. The editing results is a token that can be used within email events and also within the module 'View Results' section.
- **Do not save results to the database** - select if you would like to not save the results to the default Dynamic Forms database tables. This setting can be defined per individual field but enabling this feature here will be specific to all fields within this module.
- **Opt Out of the Datasprings Repository (Global Setting)** The Data Springs global repository is a collection of questions, completion events, and form configurations that allow you to share the fields you setup with others in the Data Springs community. No private information is ever given out or any specific details related to your specific instance such as SQL, database passwords etc... All fields are approved by Data Springs staff before being published within the repository. If you would like to opt out of sharing these fields please check this box. This will opt you out sharing for all objects setup on your entire DNN installation however you will still be able to utilize searching and using other objects within the repository.
- **Log each completion event within the event log** – select if you would like to log the details of each completion event into the event log. From here you can review the event log by navigating to Admin, Event Viewer.

Note: You will need to enable “DEBUG INFO” which appears as purple within the Event Log before these event logs will appear. You can do this by navigating to Admin, Event Viewer, and click “Add Log Setting” within the module menu. You will then Add “Debug Info” and check the enabled checkbox.

Logging Settings

Logging Enabled: ☒ ☐

Log Type:

Portal:

Keep Most Recent:

Email Notification Settings

[Update](#) [Cancel](#) [Delete](#)

[Add Log Setting](#)

- **Wrap each field within an HTML DIV tag** - select if you would like to wrap each form field / field configuration within its own individual DIV HTML element. This setting can be helpful if you are wanting to utilize CSS and jQuery to manipulate the location of the field and would like to work with DIV's instead of simply TABLES and TABLE TAGS etc...

The screenshot below demonstrates the layout of the form when the labels and the fields have not been forced on the same column.

Dynamic Forms ▾

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu

Icons: Folder, Document, Form, Form with arrows

First name:

Last Name:

Email Address:

Street:

Comments:

Figure 109: Normal layout of the fields and labels

In order to force the fields and labels on the same column, select the “Force fields labels and fields on same column?:” checkbox within the “General Settings” page. You may also enable this feature on the field level.

The screenshot below demonstrates the layout of the form in case the fields labels and fields have been forced to appear on the same column.

Dynamic Forms ▾

Dynamic Forms Quick Menu

**First name:****Last Name:****Email Address:****Street:****Comments:**

Figure 110: Example of the form in case the fields and labels are forced on same column

7.34 Managing Layout

In order to start managing the layout, click on the “+” symbol next to that label.

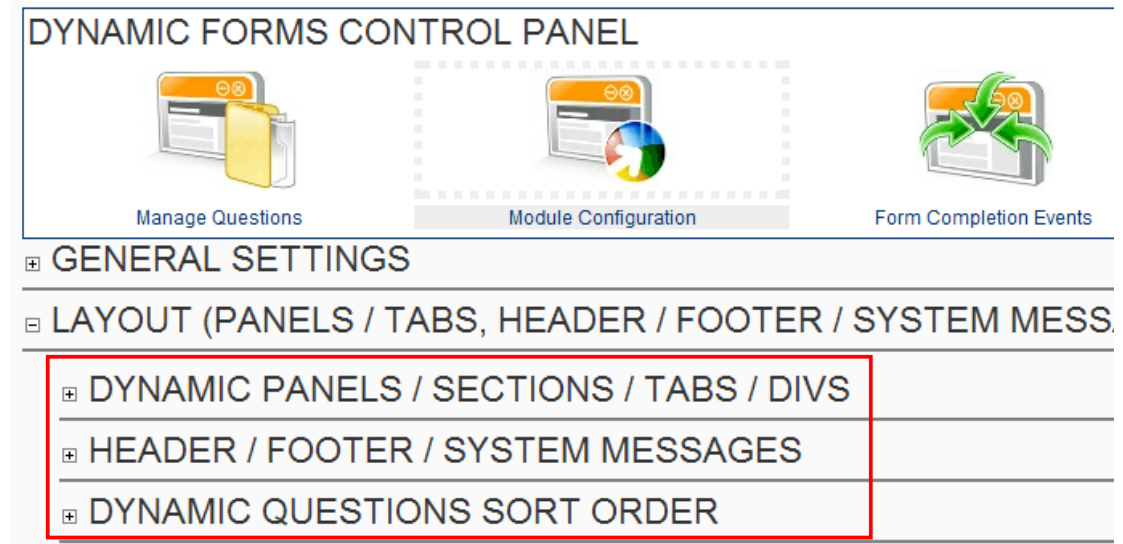


Figure 111: Choosing option “Header/footer/System Messages”

The following options will become available.

- **Dynamic Panels/Sections/Tabs/Divs** – see section 7.34.1
- **Header/Footer/System Messages** – see section 7.34.2
- **Dynamic Questions Sort Order** – see section 7.34.3

7.34.1 Managing the Dynamic Panels/Sections/Tabs/Divs

Enable Dynamic Panels Feature?: ☐ Disabled

Dynamic form panel: ☐ - Select Dynamic Panel -

Panel name:

Panel sort order:

Note: At this time panels cannot utilize fields that are already present within another panel. You can get started below by enabling panels and choosing the first question you would like to be displayed and the last question you would like to be displayed within the panel based on that questions sort order.

Dynamic question starting sort order: ☐

Dynamic question ending sort order: ☐

Include ruler under title: ☐ ☒

Initially expanded?: ☐ ☒

Panel alternate CSS Class:

Hide / show panel by role: ☐ Hide

Hide / show panel from these roles: ☐ Administrators ☐ Subscribers
☐ Registered Users ☐ Translator (en-US)

Hide Panel from Anonymous Users?: ☐ ☐

Hide until forced visible by question event: ☐ ☐

[Delete Panel](#) [Add / Update Panel](#)

Figure 112: Managing the Dynamic Panels/Sections/Tabs/Divs

The following parameters are available:

- **Enable Dynamic Panels Feature** – In order to enable this feature, you must select the “DNN jQuery Panel(DNN 6+ Only)” option.
- **Dynamic Form Panel** –this will allow you to select and edit an existing Dynamic Form Panel or create a new Dynamic Form Panel.
- **Panel Name** – this must be a unique name and will represent the name of the panel. The name of the Panel will be display on the front end of the form.
- **Panel Sort Order** – the sort order allows a sequential line up of the panels. Basically it’s a stacking order from lowest Sort Order number to Highest.
- **Include ruler under title** –this will place a Horizontal Rule below the name of the panel. Example:

Name of Panel

- **Initially expanded** – usually you will enable this for a panel if it has the lowest Sort Order, upon page load if enabled, the panel will be expanded, except for some cases, you may want more than one Panel initially expanded which is permissible
- **Panel alternate CSS class** - If you provide any text like “MyCSSClass” then the default Panel class will be overridden with the name of the class “MyCSSClass”. However for styles to actually override the defaults, you must have an associated CSS class name added into the Dynamic Forms Stylesheet(under Module Configuration -> Formatting -> Stylesheet).

- **Hide/show panel by role** – If you want to show a panel to Users with the Administrator Role, you can do so by checking the associated checkbox or vice versa if you'd like to hide a panel from Users with the Administrator Role
- **Hide/show panel from these roles** – this works in combination with the feature above this "Hide/show panel by Role". This section allows you to select which roles to hide or show the panels to by checking the checkboxes.
- **Hide Panel from anonymous users**
- **Hide until forced visible by question event** – this means that initially the Panel will be hidden until you configure a Question Event to unhide the Dynamic Form Panel. Very similar to Hiding a Question until force visible by question event for question types.

7.34.2 Header/Footer/System Messages

In order to start setting up the header, footer and system messages, click on the plus sign next to that label.

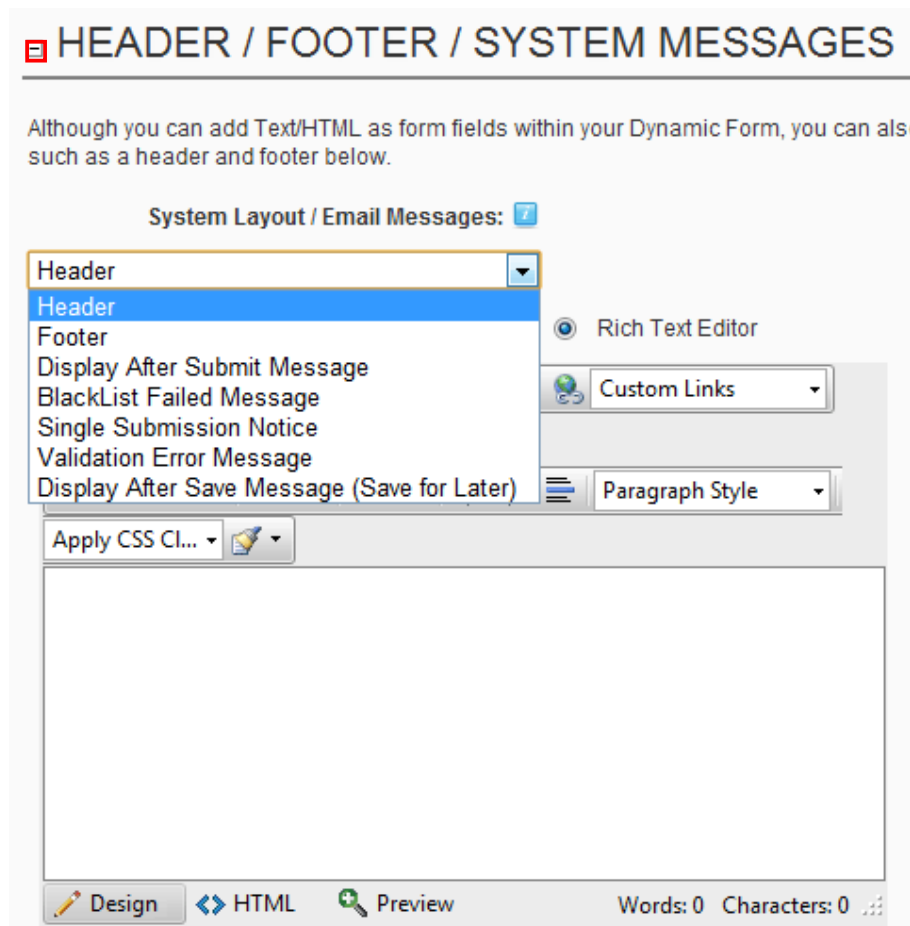


Figure 113: Managing the system messages

The following options are available:

- **Header** – select this option in order to define the introductory text for your form (**note:** displayed as a header above the form)
- **Footer** – select this option if you want to enter any additional information for the user after they have completed the form (**note:** displayed as footer below the form)
- **Display After Submit Message** – option for defining a message that will be displayed to the user after filling the form and submitting information (**e.g.** “thank you for submitting information”)
- **BlackList Failed Message** – option for defining a message which will be displayed to a user posting an unacceptable response within the form (**e.g.** “This kind of response is considered unacceptable”) – see section [7.36.3](#) for further information on creating blacklist responses
- **Single Submission Notice** – use this option to define the message displayed to the user in case they have tried to submit the form more than once (**note:** this option is used in case you wish to allow the users to submit the form once only; for this to work you should also select the “**Only allow form submission once per user**” option within the settings page - see section [7.33](#))
- **Validation Error Message** - use this option to define the message displayed to the user in case there has been a validation error

- **Display After Save Message** – use this option to define a message displayed after saving the message.
- **Limit Form Submissions Message** – use this option to define a message displayed after the user has submitted the form more times than are allowed within the module configuration settings. The limited form submissions messages goes hand in hand with setting “Limit form submissions to a specific number” setting.

After setting the desired parameters, click on the "Update Message" link in order to save the changes.

7.34.3 Setting the Dynamic Questions Sort Order

In order to set the desired sort order for the dynamic questions, choose option “Dynamic Questions Sort Order” after clicking on the “Module Configuration” option.

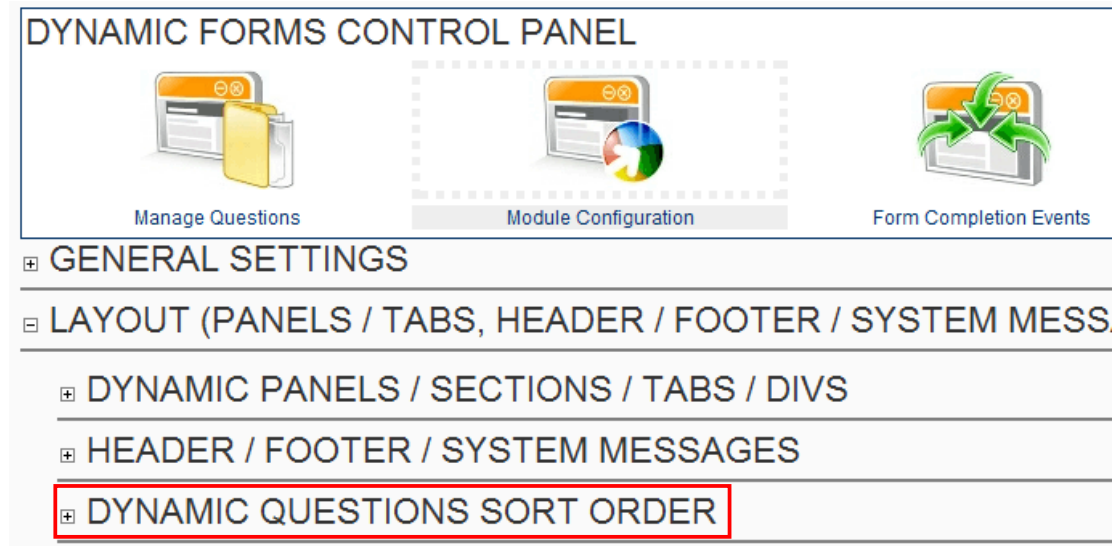


Figure 114: Setting the Dynamic Questions Sort Order (step 1/2)

The following screen will be displayed.

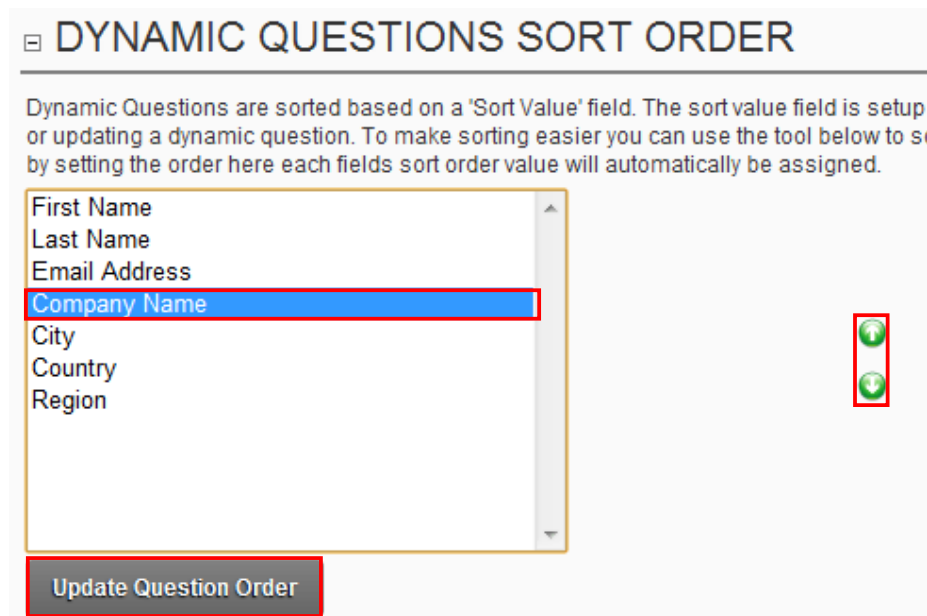



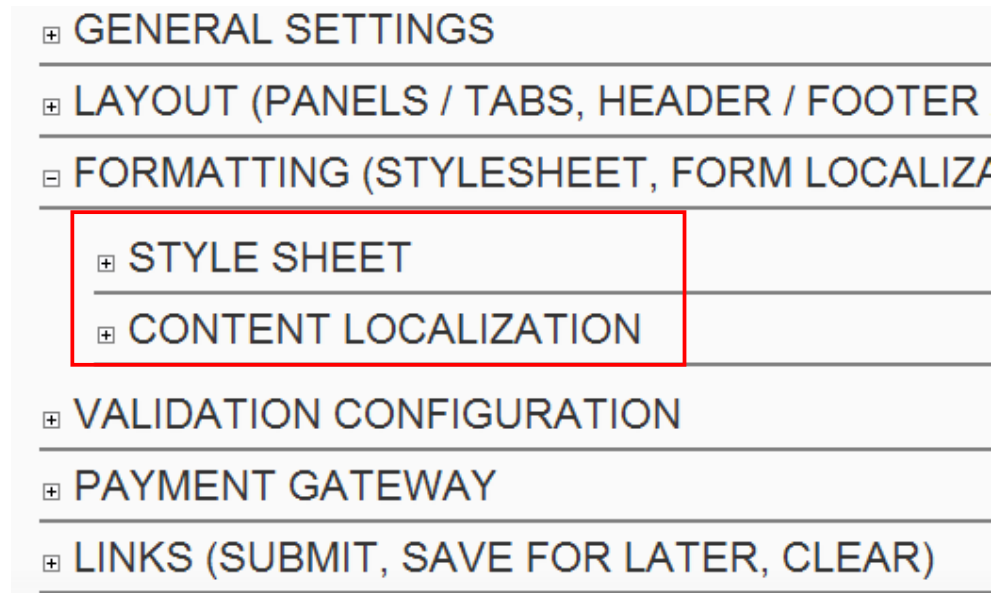
Figure 115: Setting the Dynamic Questions Sort Order (step 2/2)

Select the desired question and use the up and down arrows  to set the desired sort order. Once you set the desired sort order, click on "Update Question Order" link to save the changes.

Note: With v2.3 Question Sort order is now done via ASP.NET AJAX / JavaScript. This helps with improved performance and quicker sorting as no postback occurs to the server until you click 'Update Question Order'.

7.35 Formatting (Stylesheet, Form Localization)

In order to start using the formatting options, click plus next to the "Formatting" option.



- + GENERAL SETTINGS
- + LAYOUT (PANELS / TABS, HEADER / FOOTER)
- FORMATting (STYLESHEET, FORM LOCALIZATION)
 - + STYLE SHEET
 - + CONTENT LOCALIZATION
- + VALIDATION CONFIGURATION
- + PAYMENT GATEWAY
- + LINKS (SUBMIT, SAVE FOR LATER, CLEAR)

Figure 116: Formatting (Stylesheet, Form Localization)

The following parameters are available:

- **Style sheet** – see section 7.35.1
- **Content localization** – see section 7.35.1.1

7.35.1 Modifying the Style Sheet

In order to modify the style sheet, choose option "Style Sheet" from the "Formatting" menu.

STYLE SHEET

Dynamic Forms allows you to use both the standard DotNetNuke styles for your form or a custom Dynamic forms style sheet if you choose to. By selecting a custom style sheet you will be able to work from a default style sheet template and modify style classes within the forms module.

☐ Use Standard DotNetNuke Style Sheet

☒ Use Custom Dynamic Forms Style Sheet

```
/* DATA SPRINGS Inc. - DYNAMIC FORMS STYLE SHEET */

.DynamicForms_Maintable {
    width: 100%;
    padding: 2px;
}

.DynamicForms_TableRow td:hover {
}

.DynamicForms_QuestionTableCell {
```

Update Style Sheet

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Use Standard DotNetNuke® Style Sheet** – leave this option if you want to use the standard style sheet
- **Use Custom Dynamic Forms Style Sheet** – choose this option in order to enable the text area containing style sheet tags where you can modify the desired parameters

After setting the desired parameters, click on the "Update Style Sheet" to save the changes.

Note: After updating the style sheet and exiting the settings area, you **MUST** refresh the browser before the new style sheet settings will take effect. You can refresh the page by hitting F5 within the browser.

7.35.1.1 Managing Content Localization

The content localization feature allows you to setup different form headers/footers/submit button text or button depending on the language the user has tied to their account or chosen on the site from the list of available languages

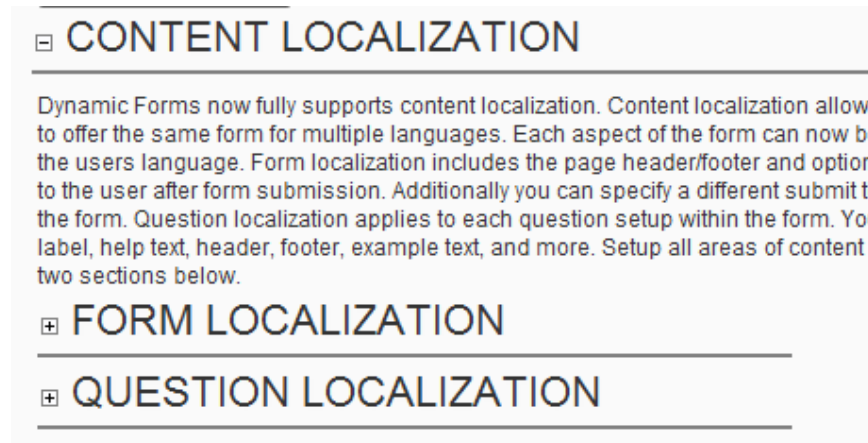


Figure 117: Managing Content Localization

The following options are available inside this screen:

- **Form Localization** – option for localizing the form i.e. displaying the elements of the form in different languages based on the end user choice of language (see section [7.35.1.2](#))
- **Question Localization** – option for localizing the questions i.e. displaying the questions in different languages based on the end user choice of language (see section [7.35.1.3](#))

7.35.1.2 Managing Form Localization

The purpose of the “Form Localization” option is to allow you to define form elements in different languages based on the end user choice of language.

In order to start localizing the form, click on the “+” symbol next to the “Form Localization” label.
Note: To enable languages for your portal please refer to the DotNetNuke® User Guide. You can install language packs under Admin, Languages. Once you have enabled additional language packs within your portal those languages will be available from the dropdownlist below.

Figure 118: Managing form localization

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Language** – choose the language this form will be related to; i.e. once the user chooses the desired language, the content localization connected to that language will be displayed
- **Continue Text** – enter the text that will serve as a “Continue” text
- **System Header / Footer/ Message** – select the desired option from the pull down menu to define header, footer or message displayed after the form has been submitted in the desired language
- **Use Submit Linkbutton** – select this option if you want to use the standard submit button or link
- **Use Custom Image Submit Button** – select this option in case you wish to upload a custom submit image
- **Submit Text** – enter the text which will be displayed within the standard submit button (**note:** in case you have chosen “use submit linkbutton” option)

- **Submit Image** – select the custom image by using the “File Location” and “File Name” pull down menus or upload the new file by clicking on the “Upload New File” link

After setting the desired parameters, click on the “Update Form Localization” link.

7.35.1.3 Managing Question Localization

The purpose of the “Question Localization” option is to allow you to define questions in different languages based on the end user choice of language.

In order to start localizing the questions, click on the “+” symbol next to the “Question Localization” label. The following screen will be displayed.

Figure 119: Managing Question Localization

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Dynamic Field** – choose the dynamic question you wish to define a different language for
- **Localization Language** – choose the language this question will be connected to
- **Field Label** – enter the question label in the desired language
- **Help Local** – enter the help text in the desired language
- **Example Text Local** – enter the example text in the desired language
- **Required Field Text** – enter “Required field” text in the desired language
- **Required Validation Text** – enter the required validation text in the desired language
- **Regular Expression** – enter the help text in the desired language
- **Regular Expression Text** – enter the regular expression text in the desired language
- **Question Header/Footer Localization** – click on the “+” symbol next to this label to define question header and/or footer
- **Tip:** If you want to localize options for combo box, radio buttons, checkbox groups, or listbox’s you will need the options to be included within a table and use the ‘SQL Options’ option when setting up the options. You would need to create a column within the table to reference the values for a language. Here is an example:

Select Text as QuestionOption, Text as QuestionOptionValue from YourTable where Language = '\$(CurrentLanguage)'

The parameter to pull the users current language is \$(CurrentLanguage). This example above demonstrates pulling options from a table called ‘YourTable’ with two columns; One column called ‘Text’ and another column called ‘Language’.

For more information on this topic please refer to the Data Springs Product Forums.

After setting the desired parameters, click on the "Update Question Localization" link to save the changes. You can repeat this procedure for all questions inside the form. The screenshot below demonstrate the procedure of choosing a different language.

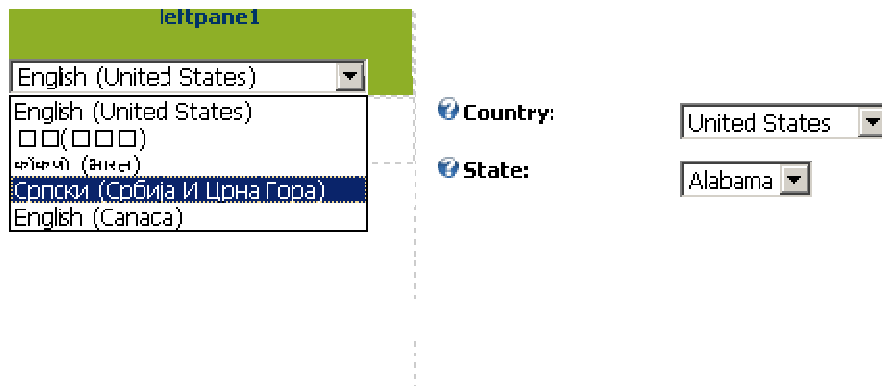


Figure 120: Choosing a desired language

The screenshot below demonstrates the form with the localized questions.

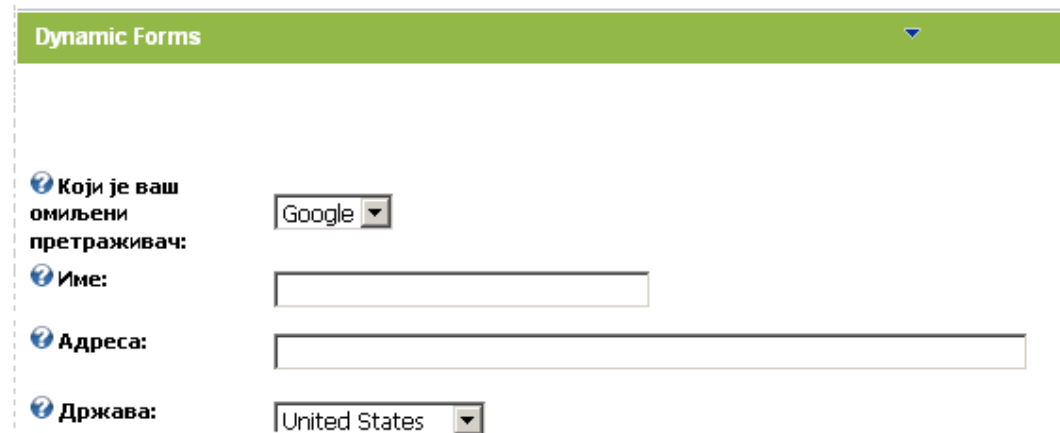


Figure 121: Localized questions

7.36 Managing Validation Configuration

Dynamic Forms allows you to manage various options related to the way the responses from your users are being validated.

In order to start configuring the validation methods, click on the “+” symbol next to the “Validation Configuration” label (after clicking on “Module Configuration” within the “Settings” page).

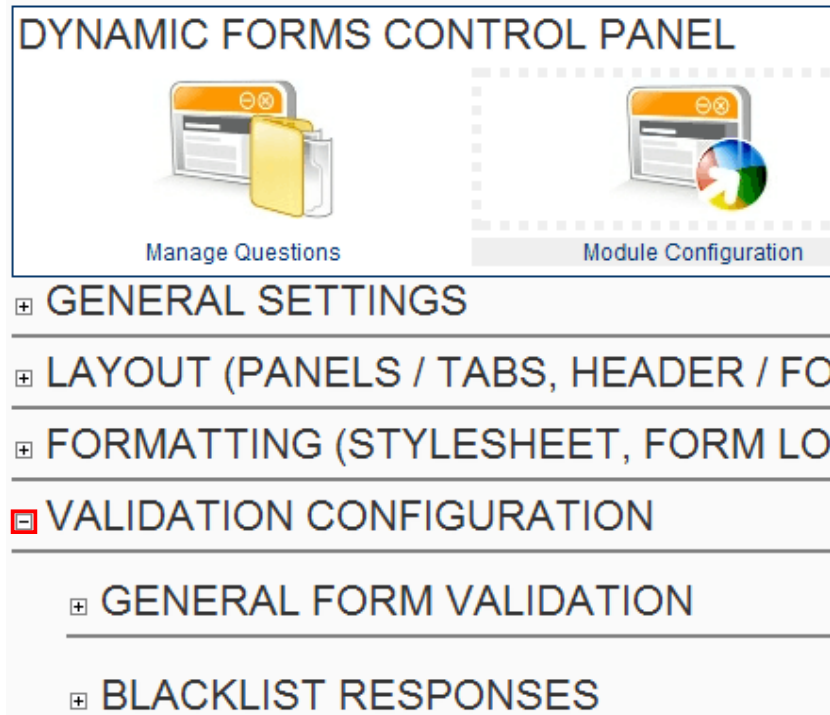


Figure 122: Choosing option "Validation Configuration"

The following parameters are available:

- **General Form Validation** – see section 7.36.1
- **Blacklist Responses** –The idea of a black list is that any values provided within this list will be validated against upon form submission. For instance if I created a black list response of “Inappropriate”. Upon form submission the Blacklist will be checked, if any of the fields contain a Blacklisted item the form will NOT submit(execute form submission). Here are the steps to enabling the Blacklist.

Step 1: Go to Module Configuration -> General Settings and make sure that the “Check Blacklist for invalid responses” checkbox is checked

Step 2: Go to Module Configuration -> Validation Configuration -> Blacklist Responses and add values in this section to represent values you don’t want submitted to the data base.

Step 3: Go to Module Configuration -> Layout (Panels / Tabs, Header / Footer / System Messages, Sort Order) -> Header / Footer / System Messages -> Select the Blacklist Failed Message item from the “System Layout / Email Messages” Combo Box.

7.36.1 Managing the General Form Validation

In order to start managing the general form validation, choose that option from the “Validation Configuration” menu (see above). The following page will be displayed.

GENERAL FORM VALIDATION

Enable Client Side Validation: ☒

ASP.NET error message location: Right of Field

Enable Server Validation: ☒

Display * next to field label: ☐

Hide Validation Summary: ☐

Validation Summary Location: Top

Display validation summary message: ☐

Use custom CSS style sheet class for invalid validation fields.: ☐

Force user to top or bottom of form after invalid validation?: None

Set focus on first validation error field: ☐

Enable custom SQL Validation script: ☐

Validation SQL Query (should return one column called IsValid):

Validation Error Message:

Figure 123: Managing Validation Configuration

Tips: Please review the following blog post related to differences between ASP.NET/Client Side Validation and Server Side Validation:

<http://www.datasprings.com/News/Blog/tabid/980/PostID/16/language/en-US/Dynamic-Forms/-Registration-and-Validation-.aspx>

The following parameters are available within this screen:

- **Enable Client Side Validation** – select this checkbox to enable the client side validation (**Question:** the validation will be performed via JS/Ajax?) – (note: this feature will enable ASP.NET Client Side Validation controls; these include regular expression validations, compare validations, and standard validation for fields which will display a * - or expression text - directly next to the field).
- **ASP.NET error message location** - select the location of the error messages which appear next to the ASP.NET Client Side validation controls (these are usually displayed as * next or below the field)
- **Enable Server Validation** – select this checkbox to enable the server side validation. Server side validation functions separate from client side validation and does not use ASP.NET validation controls. Server side validation is required for certain field types such

as checkbox, Captcha, Country, Region, Image, File Upload, and multi selection field types such as Check Box Lists.

- **Display * next to field label** - select this option if you would like an asterisk (*) to appear to the right of each field label
- **Hide Validation Summary** – select this checkbox if you wish to hide the validation summary. The validation summary is a bulleted list of invalid form fields and is separate from an text that appears directly next to fields. This summary (when visible) is either at the top or bottom of the form depending on the validation summary location setting.
- **Validation Summary Location** – use this pull down menu to set the desired location of the validation summary (e.g. “Top”)
- **Display validation summary message** – select this option to display the validation summary message. The validation summary message can be defined in the ‘Header / Footer / System Messages are. The setting to modify this message is ‘Validation Error Message’ within the dropdownlist (see section [7.34](#))
- **Use custom CSS stylesheet class for invalid validation fields** – select this checkbox in case you wish to use custom CSS Stylesheet class for invalid validation fields. This feature will change the CSS class for fields that have been flagged as invalid during the validation process. (*server validation only*)
 - **Note:** The CSS class for these invalid form fields will be set to: `DynamicForms_FieldError`
 - **Example:**

```
.DynamicForms_FieldError
{
    background-color: red;
}
```
 - The CSS class can be setup within the styles sheet section of module configuration (see section [7.35.1](#))

* The email field is a required field

Hide Field / Disable Field Demonstration

First Name:	<input type="text"/>
Last Name:	<input type="text"/>
Email Address:	<input type="text"/>

Figure 124: Example of the CSS setting applied to a field

- **Force user to top or bottom of form after invalid validation** – choose the desired location for forcing the user after a response has been marked as invalid (*server validation only*)
- **Set focus on first validation error field** – select this option if you wish the page to jump to the location of the first spotted error in user response i.e. move to that exact location within the page (*server validation only*)
- **Enable custom SQL Validation script** – select this option you would like to enable a custom SQL Validation Script (**note:** validation via SQL should *always* use stored procedures to prevent SQL Injection when referencing fields)
- **Validation SQL Query (should return one column called IsValid)** - enter an SQL query to perform custom validation for this field; the SQL query should return one column called **IsValid**; If the column returns 0 or False then the validation error message will be thrown,

anything else and the user can continue; validation via SQL should *always* use stored procedures to prevent SQL Injection when referencing fields

○ **Tips:**

- You can return an additional column called ValidationError that can be referenced within the Validation Error Message with the token \$(ValidationError)
- SQL Validation Queries can reference the following tokens:
 - **\$(DSParam1), \$(DSParam2), \$(DSParam3)** – These can be querystring parameters that are parsed specifically for SQL Injections. The querystring parameters would need to be DSParam1, DSParam2, or DSParam3.
 - **\$(DSSession1), \$(DSSession2), \$(DSSession3)** – These can be session value parameters
 - **\$(PortalID), \$(ModuleID), \$(TabID), \$(PortalAlias), \$(UniqueCompletionID), \$(CurrentURL), \$(URLReferrer), \$(UserID), {objectQualifier}, {databaseOwner}, \$(IPAddress), \$(CurrentLanguage)** – These are all reserved tokens that can be parsed within your SQL Validation query. For example, if you want to use the users current userID within the query, simply reference \$(UserID).
 - **\$(ShortFieldName)** - all short field names for fields can be referenced. For example, if you asked a user to enter their birth date you could then reference that within the query by using the short field name such as \$(BirthDate)
- **Validation Error Message** – enter the text which will be displayed to the user in case a validation error occurred

7.36.2 Managing Blacklist Responses

Dynamic Forms allows you to create a 'blacklist' of unacceptable values or responses. After the user submits such a response, he will be notified that the response was inappropriate and the response will not be saved.

In order to enable the “Blacklist” feature you must enable the setting “Check blacklist for invalid responses” under “Module Configuration” (see section [7.32](#)).

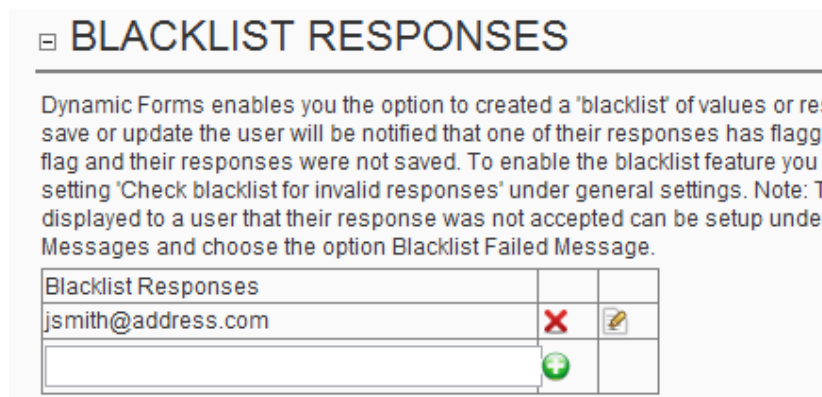






Figure 125: Managing black list responses

The following options are available inside this screen:

-  - option for creating a new blacklist response (see section [7.36.3](#))
-  - option for editing a blacklist response (see section [7.36.4](#))
-  - option for deleting a blacklist response (see section [7.36.5](#))

7.36.3 Creating a Blacklist response

In order to create a blacklist response, enter the desired response into the input field and click on the add icon .

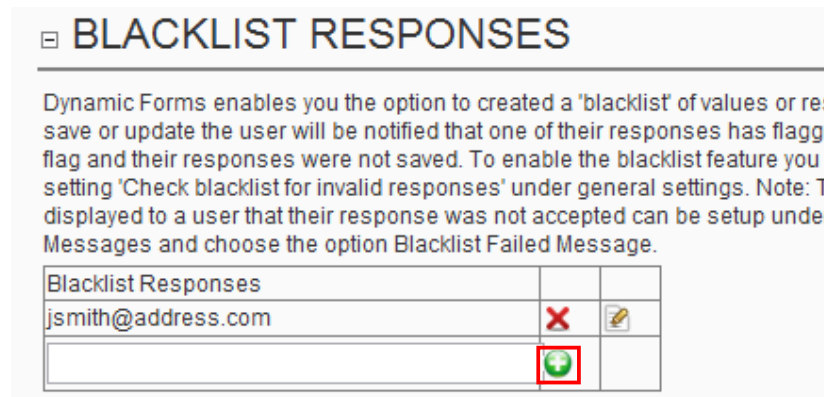


Figure 126: Creating a blacklist response

The new blacklist response will be created.

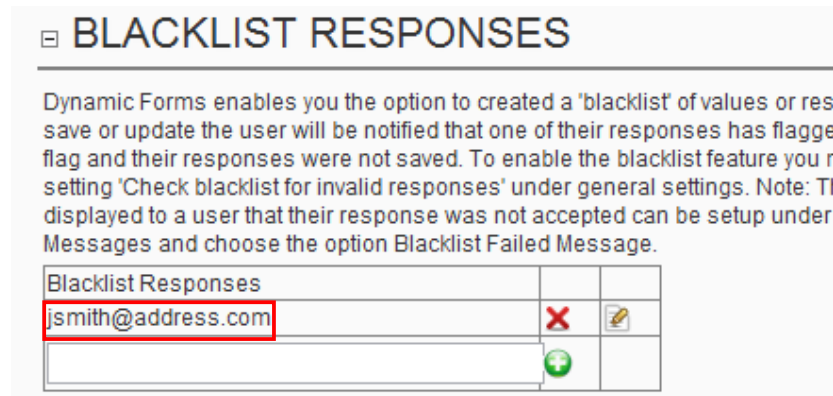


Figure 127: Blacklist response created

From this point on, this response will be treated as unacceptable and users posting such a response will be notified of this fact.

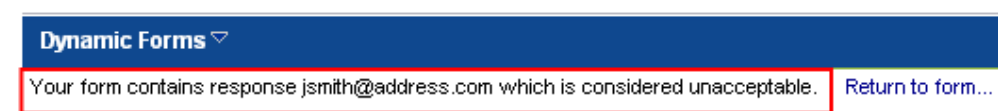



Figure 128: Example of the message displayed to the user posting blacklist response

Note: the error message seen in the screenshot can be set under the "Layout Settings" section.

7.36.4 Editing a blacklist response

In order to edit a blacklist response, click on the edit icon  next to the desired response.

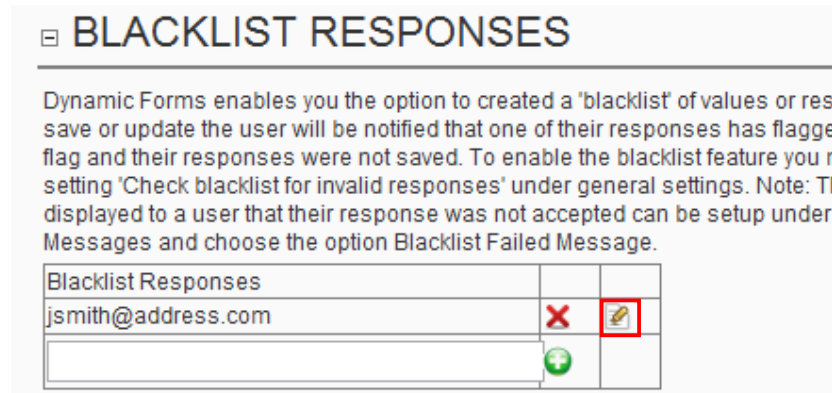



Figure 129: Editing a blacklist response

Change the response and click on the “Update Settings” in order to save the changes.

7.36.5 Deleting a blacklist response

In order to delete a blacklist response, click on the delete icon  next to the desired response.

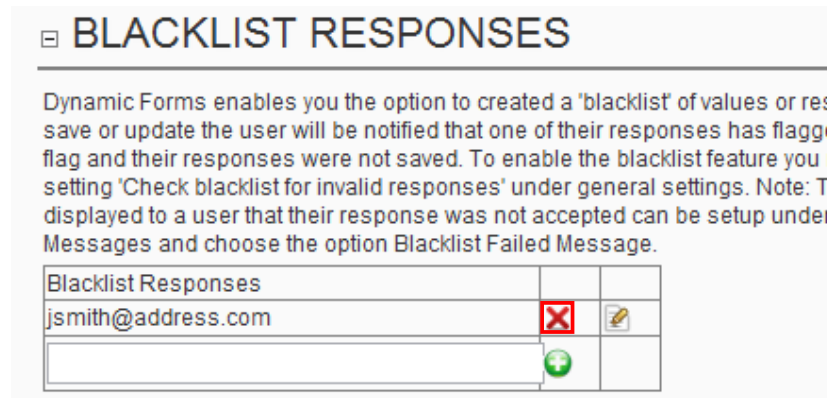


Figure 130: Deleting a blacklist response

Once you click on the delete icon, the selected blacklist response will be deleted.

7.37 Setting up the Payment Gateway

The Payment Gateway feature is a few enhancement added within the 2.6 release of Dynamic Forms.

This feature will allow you to process payments using Dynamic Forms, offering the ability to use the module as a ecommerce solution and single-form payment solution. Within the current version the module supports the following payment methods:

- **Authorizenet Gateway** – see section [7.38](#)
- **Authorize.NET ARB (Recurring Billing)** – please consult this blog post for detailed instructions on setting up this payment gateway
<http://www.datasprings.com/news/blog/postid/50/dynamic-registration-authorizenet-arb-billing>
- **PayPal Gateway** - see section [7.39](#)
- **PayFlow Pro** – see section [7.40](#)
- **Verifi** – see section [7.41](#)
- **Ideal Payment Gateway** – please consult this blog post for detailed instructions on setting up this payment gateway
<http://www.40fingers.net/WeblogsNews/Weblogs/tabid/58/ID/104/language/en-US/Using-Datasprings-Dynamic-Forms-to-make-iDeal-payments.aspx>
- **IPPay** – see section [7.42](#)
- **RealEx** – see section [7.43](#)

The payment gateway feature (when enabled) will process payments after form validation but before any form completion events. This will allow you to validate the form fields before processing a payment, but only process any completion events such as adding the user to a role, sending out an email, or any other processing takes place.

To view a demonstration of Dynamic Forms being used as a payment gateway you can visit this [Dynamic Forms w/ Authorizenet Tutorial](#).

In order to start setting up the payment gateway, choose option “Payment Gateway” after clicking on “Module Configuration”.

PAYMENT GATEWAY

The Dynamic Forms payment gateway currently supports Authorizenet and PayPal.

Enable Payment Gateway: ☐ No

Payment Gateway: ☐ Authorizenet

Test Mode: ☐ Authorizenet
 Authorize.NET ARB (Recurring Billing)
 PayPal
 PayFlow Pro
 Verifi
 IPPay

Calculation Total (optional): ☐

AUTHORIZENET GATEWAY

PAYPAL GATEWAY

PAYFLOW PRO

VERIFI

Figure 131: Setting up the payment gateway

The following parameters are available:

- Enable Payment Gateway** – choose “Yes” to enable the payment gateway or “No” to disable it
 - Note:** You can create a field with a short field name called ‘EnablePGateway’ to allow the user to choose for this feature to be enabled or not enabled. For this setting to operate correctly, you must still enable the gateway within this setting
 - The field option value should be ‘True’ to enable the gateway or ‘False’ to not enable the gateway.
- Payment Gateway** – pull down menu for choosing the desired payment gateway
 - Note:** You can create a field with a short field name called ‘PGateway’ to allow the user to choose if they want to pay via which Gateway.
 - For example, this could include a dropdownlist for Authorizenet (credit cards) or PayPal and allow the user to choose which payment gateway they would like to use.
 - The field option value should be ‘Authorizenet’ or ‘PayPal’ when being configured.
- Test Mode** – select this checkbox to try the payment gateway functionality in test mode. Test mode is a feature allowed by Authorizenet which (even in production mode) will force the transaction to function within a testing environment and not actually process the transaction as a live transaction. This can be useful for testing as any responses you receive will be ‘live’, even if the transaction itself is not. For example, the system could return ‘Invalid Credit Card Number’ even in test mode.

- **Calculation Total (optional)** – This field can perform an optional calculation and then later be referenced as the parameter `$(Calc_TotalField)` within the Authorize net or PayPal additional parameters.

Examples:

- $10 * $(ProductPrice)$
- $(5.00 * $(ProductQuantity)) + 10.00$

Note: You can add the querystring parameter `&Debug=True` to the URL (if friendly URLs `/Debug/True/Default.aspx` instead of `/Default.aspx`) in order to debug the field calculation that is being executed. You must be a portal administrator to use this feature.

Note: New features have been added to 2.5 to also calculate checkboxlists and listbox multi selection fields. To use these you need to use parameters `$(CalculateList:ShortFieldName)`. To set values within the checkbox group/listbox fields you need to set each list items value to be `VALUE01_Price`. You can have up to 20 items with values in it. For example `VALUE01_19.99`, `VALUE02_9.99`, `VALUE03_29.99`, `VALUE04_19.99`, `VALUE05_9.99`. By using this feature you can create total fields such as 'Check all items you want to purchase' or 'Check all add-on's you want to add' and Dynamic Forms will total all of the checked or selected items for you with this token.

- **Authorizenet Gateway** – for further information on how to setup the authorizenet gateway, see section [7.38](#)
- **PayPal Gateway** - for further information on how to setup the authorizenet gateway, see section [7.39](#)

7.38 Setting up Authorizenet Gateway

In order to start setting up the “Authorizenet Gateway”, choose option “Module Configuration” from the “Settings” page, click on “Payment Gateway” and then on “Authorizenet Gateway”.

■ Authorizenet Gateway

The screenshot displays the 'Authorizenet Gateway' configuration page. On the left, there are input fields for 'Login', 'Verification Code', and 'Gateway URL' (which is set to 'Standard Gateway'). Below these is a section for 'Additional Parameters' with an example text area containing tokens like `&x_first_name=$(FName)` and `&x_city=$(WhatIs)`. On the right, there are two scrollable lists: 'Authorizenet Tokens' and 'Field Tokens'. The 'Authorizenet Tokens' list includes items like `x_first_name`, `x_last_name`, `x_company`, `x_address`, `x_city` (which is highlighted), `x_state`, `x_zip`, `x_country`, `x_email`, `x_phone`, `x_fax`, `x_invoice_num`, `x_description`, `x_cust_id`, and `x_method`. The 'Field Tokens' list includes `$(firstName)`, `$(LastName)`, `$(Email)`, `$(Street)`, `$(Comments)` (highlighted), `$(WhatIs)`, `$(HtmlText)`, `$(Region)`, `$(Receive)`, `$(ImageUp)`, `$(RichText)`, `$(Date)`, `$(Uploads)`, `$(PortalID)`, and `$(ModuleID)`.

Figure 132: Setting up Authorizenet gateway

The following parameters are available:

- **Authorizenet Login** – use this field to enter your authorizenet username
- .You receive this within Authorizenet by logging into the account settings and generating a transaction key (also known as API Transaction key or verification key)
- **Gateway URL** – Select the authorizenet gateway to use. The standard gateway (and most commonly used) is <https://secure.authorize.net/gateway/transact.dll> and the Developer

Test Gateway is <https://test.authorize.net/gateway/transact.dll>. The developer test gateway should only be used if you are a developer and do not actually have a live Authorizenet account.

- **Additional parameters** - These additional parameters are passed. Within the Authorizenet section you will notice two listbox's. One that includes Authorizenet Tokens and another that includes Dynamic Tokens that are available from Dynamic Forms fields. The additional parameters can pass as many (or as few) parameters to Authorizenet for processing. This 'advanced method' allows the most flexibility for your implementation.

Note: There are a few parameters that **MUST** be included or else Authorizenet will simply not work. At a minimum the credit card number, expiration date, method type (i.e. credit card), and amount **MUST** be set. Items such as currency and all of the billing contact info are optional. Setting these parameters follows a very generic and standard method. These should be &AuthorizenetToken=SomeValue

Note: Selecting a token from the Authorizenet token listbox or Dynamic Fields listbox will automatically move that token over to the additional parameters textbox in the standard format of &AuthorizenetToken=

Examples:

- To specify the first name, last name, email, credit card number, credit card expire date, and the amount, the additional parameters would be:
`&x_first_name=$(FName)&x_last_name=$(LName)&x_email=$(Email)&x_method='CC'&x_amount=20.00&x_card_num=$(CardNum)&x_exp_date=$(ExpDate)`
- This example just displays using the calculation field for the amount:
`&x_first_name=$(FName)&x_last_name=$(LName)&x_email=$(Email)&x_method='CC'&x_amount=$(Calc_TotalField)&x_card_num=$(CardNum)&x_exp_date=$(ExpDate)`
- This example makes the billing reoccurring and changes the system from credit cards to checks, also collects the users zip code, passes the IP Address along to Authorizenet, and also collects the users drivers license number.
`&x_first_name=$(FName)&x_last_name=$(LName)&x_email=$(Email)&x_method='ECHECK'&x_amount=$(Calc_TotalField)&x_bank_name=$(BankName)&x_bank_acct_type=$(AcctType)&x_bank_aba_code=$(BankABACode)&x_bank_acct_num=$(BankAccountNumber)&x_recurring_billing="TRUE"`
`&x_drivers_license_num=$(AnotherField)&x_ip_address=$(IPAddress)`
- **Authorizenet Tokens** – This is the full list of available Authorizenet tokens that can be passed information for this transaction
- **Field Tokens** – This is the full list of available Dynamic Tokens that can be parsed. This list is based on the short field names of dynamic fields and other internal tokens such as portal ID, UserID, IP Address, and others.

Tips:

- Don't forget that Authorizenet requires SSL to be setup on your site for the system to operate in a production or live environment.
- If you are curious what is happening behind the scenes, you can add the &Debug=True to your URL when processing payments to determine the exact post that module is sending to Authorizenet. You must be a site administrator or host user to review this.
- During an Authorize.net Transaction, two session variable are created called "AuthNetAuthCode" AND "AuthNetTransactionID". These represent the authorize.net code

and transaction ID that are returned from Authorize.net. These can be replaced within email events by referencing. `$(AuthNetAuthCode)` and `$(AuthNetTransactionID)`

- When setting up and using the Authorize.net ARB setup/configuration, please reference `$(AuthARBSubscriptionID)` to retrieve the subscription ID from within email and SQL completion events.
- To can review a live demonstration of Dynamic Forms with Authorizenet from the following tutorial/demonstration: [Dynamic Forms w/ Authorizenet Tutorial](#)

7.39 Setting up PayPal Gateway

In order to start setting up the “PayPal Gateway”, choose option “Module Configuration” from the “Settings” page, click on “Payment Gateway” and then on “PayPal Gateway”. The following screen will be displayed.

PAYPAL GATEWAY

PayPal Login (email):

PayPal Payment Type:

PayPal URL (test or standard):

Additional Parameters (Required, should include no spaces):
 Example:
`&item_name=$(ItemName)¤cy_code=USD
 &amount=$(amount)&no_shipping=1
 &first_name=$(FName)&last_name=$(LName)
 &email=$(Email).For a full list of tokens and token descriptions please visit PayPal.com.`

PayPal Tokens:

- item_name
- item_number
- amount
- shipping
- page_style
- no_shipping
- currency_code
- cn
- quantity
- handling
- no_note
- on0
- os0
- on1
- invoice
- image_url
- cs
- email
- first_name

Dynamic Tokens:

- \$(FirstName)
- \$(LastName)
- \$(Email)
- \$(Comp)
- \$(City)
- \$(Country)
- \$(Region)
- \$(TabID)
- \$(CurrentURL)
- \$(URLReferrer)
- \$(ViewLink)
- \$(ViewLinkURL)
- \$(EditLink)
- \$(EditLinkURL)
- \$(PortalAlias)
- \$(PortalID)
- \$(ModuleID)
- \$(UserID)
- \$(IPAddress)

PayPal Last Status:

Form Completion Events:

PayPal Payment Status:

- ☐ Before redirection to PayPal
- ☐ Redirect Successfully
- ☐ Redirect After Cancel
- ☐ Completed (Standard)
- ☐ Pending
- ☐ Completed (Subscription Sign Up)
- ☐ Completed (Subscription Payment)
- ☐ Completed (Subscription Payment Failed)
- ☐ Completed (Subscription Cancellation)
- ☐ Completed (Subscription End of Terms)
- ☐ Failed
- ☐ Denied
- ☐ Refunded

Save Completion Event / PayPal Status Setting

Figure 133: Setting up PayPal Gateway

The following parameters and options are available inside this screen:

- **PayPal Login (email)** – enter the email address connected to your PayPal account
- **PayPal Payment Type** – choose the payment type between the following:
 - **Purchase** – the ‘Purchase’ payment type represents single instance purchases within this form/payment; you will want to add additional parameters for the amount of the purchase and the contact info for the user. For a full list of variables that affect [Purchases or ‘Buy Now’ payments click here.](#)
 - **Note:** This payment type represents the `x_click` PayPal payment cmd variable
 - **Subscription** – the subscription payment type represents a recurring purchases subscriptions. You will want to add additional parameters for the subscription rate, billing cycle, and billing unit. These parameters represent A3, P3, and T3 PayPal

variables. For example: \$10.00 (rate), every 3 (units) months (billing cycle). For a full list of available variables that affect [subscription payments click here](#).

- **Note:** This payment type represents _xclick-subscriptions PayPal payment cmd variable
- **Shopping Cart** – select this option if you wish the PayPal to work with the shopping cart
- **Donation** – select this option if you want to allow PayPal donation type of payment
- **PayPal URL (test or standard)** – choose if you would like the payment to be processed by the standard PayPal gateway or the sandbox gateway
 - **PayPal.com (Production)** – choose this to use PayPal live gateway
 - **Sanbox.PayPal (test)** – choose this to use PayPal test gateway
 - **Note:** The PayPal Sandbox gateway requires you to setup a separate PayPal account at <http://sandbox.paypal.com>.
 - During testing and setup of the PayPal Payment Gateway within Dynamic Forms, it is highly suggested to setup a SandBox environment for testing of your form payments.
- **Additional Parameters (Required, should include no spaces)** – use this field to enter the additional parameters for this PayPal transaction; this includes passing dynamic tokens for each optional PayPal token such as the users first and last name, the amount, the item name, etc.
 - PayPal tokens represent variables that you can pass to PayPal for the transaction. Within the additional parameters these tokens should be references as &PayPalVariable=
 - Dynamic tokens represent the short field names for the Dynamic Fields that you have setup within Dynamic Forms. These fields should be referenced as \$(ShortFieldName)
 - Example: Let's assume that you wanted to accept payments and you wanted the user to enter the amount that they wanted to pay in a field you setup with a short field name of 'MyAmount'. Additionally, standard contact fields are setup such as name and address, set the currency to be USD, and disable shipping within this purchase.
 - The additional parameters would look something like this:
 - &amount=\$(MyAmount)¤cy_code=USD&item_name=YourProductName&no_shipping=1&first_name=\$(FName)&last_name=\$(LName)&email=\$(Email)
 - Example 2: Let's assume that you wanted to accept a subscription recurring payment for 10 dollars every 1 month. Additionally, standard contact fields are setup such as name and address.
 - The additional parameters would look something like this:
 - &a3=10.00&p3=1&t3=M&no_note=1¤cy_code=USD&item_name=YourProductName&no_shipping=1&first_name=\$(FName)&last_name=\$(LName) &email=\$(Email)
- **PayPal Tokens:**
- The following variables can also be found at: https://www.paypal.com/IntegrationCenter/ic_std-variable-reference.html
- The following tokens are required as additional parameters for single purchases:
 - Amount
 - Item_name
- The following tokens are required as additional parameters for subscription purchases:

- **A3** (represents subscription rate)
 - **P3** (represents billing cycle.) Such as '3' for every 3rd instance of the setting T3.
 - **T3** – (represents billing cycle units). This is the units of the regular billing cycle (p3, above) Acceptable values are: D (days), W (weeks), M (months), Y (years).
 - **No_note** – This must be set to 1 as PayPal does not support allowing a note to a subscription
- **Dynamic Tokens** - select the dynamic tokens below; these tokens should be used within the PayPal additional parameters area.
- **PayPal Last Status** - select this field if you would like to represent the status field from the last PayPal IPN or status
- **Form Completion Events** - this dropdownlist represents the form completion events that have been setup for this form; within this configuration area you can determine which completion events will be executed based on which specific payment status as returned from PayPal. When the PayPal payment gateway is enabled, no completion events will be fired off until payment has been completed and are linked to these payment status codes.
 - **Note:** keep in mind that often these notifications from PayPal can happen multiple times throughout the users transaction and do not necessarily reflect when the user is returned to the form after payment; for example, if a user cancels their subscription months from the initial signup, the PayPal system will send notification back to your Dynamic Forms module and it will then execute the appropriate completion events to fire off.
- **PayPal Payment Status** - check the status which will enable this completion event to be executed
 - Redirect Successfully
 - Redirect After Cancel
 - Completed (Standard)
 - Pending - Often if the user uses an ECheck option
 - Completed (Subscription Sign Up)
 - Completed (Subscription Payment)
 - Completed (Subscription Payment Failed)
 - Completed (Subscription End of Terms)
 - Completed (Subscription Cancellation)
 - Failed
 - Denied
 - Refunded
- To can review a live demonstration of Dynamic Forms with PayPal® from the following tutorial/demonstrations:
 - [Dynamic Forms PayPal® Integration for Purchase Demonstration](#)
 - [Dynamic Forms PayPal® Integration for Subscription Demonstration](#)
 - [Dynamic Forms PayPal Integration \(optionally turn payment gateway off based on short field name 'EnablePGateway'\)](#)
 - [Dynamic Forms PayPal® Integration \(optionally switch between PayPal and Authorizenet payment gateways based on short field name of 'PaymentGateway'\)](#)
- **Troubleshooting / Extras:**

- Having problems with your completion events firing off? Please make sure to review this blog post:
<http://www.datasprings.com/News/Blog/tabid/980/PostID/7/language/en-US/Help-Trouble-with--Completion-Events-after-PayPal.aspx>
- The following tokens are available within email and SQL Events (besides standard email tokens) when PayPal is enabled.
 - \$(PayPal:txn_id)
 - \$(PayPal:receiver_email)
 - \$(PayPal:item_name)
 - \$(PayPal:item_number)
 - \$(PayPal:quantity)
 - \$(PayPal:invoice)
 - \$(PayPal:custom)
 - \$(PayPal:payment_status)
 - \$(PayPal:pending_reason)
 - \$(PayPal:payment_date)
 - \$(PayPal:payment_fee)
 - \$(PayPal:payment_gross)
 - \$(PayPal:txn_type)
 - \$(PayPal:first_name)
 - \$(PayPal:last_name)
 - \$(PayPal:address_street)
 - \$(PayPal:address_city)
 - \$(PayPal:address_state)
 - \$(PayPal:address_zip)
 - \$(PayPal:address_country)
 - \$(PayPal:address_status)
 - \$(PayPal:payer_email)
 - \$(PayPal:payer_status)
 - \$(PayPal:payer_id)
 - \$(PayPal:payer_payment_type)
 - \$(PayPal:notify_version)
 - \$(PayPal:verify_sign)
 - \$(PayPal:payer_payment_type)
 - \$(PayPal:notify_version)
 - \$(PayPal:verify_sign)
 - \$(PayPal:subscr_date)
 - \$(PayPal:period1)
 - \$(PayPal:period2)
 - \$(PayPal:period3)
 - \$(PayPal:amount1)
 - \$(PayPal:amount2)

- \$(PayPal:amount3)
- \$(PayPal:recurring)
- \$(PayPal:reattempt)
- \$(PayPal:retry_at)
- \$(PayPal:recur_times)
- \$(PayPal:username)
- \$(PayPal:password)
- \$(PayPal:subscr_id)
- \$(PayPal:response)
- \$(PayPal:memo)
- \$(PayPal:tax)
- \$(PayPal:contact_phone)

7.40 Setting up PayFlow pro

In order to start setting up the “PayFlow Pro”, choose “Module Configuration” from the “Settings” page. Then click on “Payment Gateway” and choose “PayFlow pro”. The following screen will be displayed.

Figure 134: Setting up PayFlow pro

The following parameters and options are available inside this screen:

- **PayFlow Pro User Login** – enter the email address connected to your PayFlow Pro
- **PayFlow Pro Password** - enter the password connected to your PayFlow Pro
- **PayFlow Pro Partner** - enter your partner information for Pay Flow Pro account
- **PayFlow Pro Vendor** - enter your vendor information for Pay Flow Pro account
- **PayFlow Pro Post URL** - specify the parameters that are passed to this payment gateway
- **PayFlow Pro Parameters** – specify the PayFlow Pro parameters

Note: You can use the following tokens with SQL and Email events to reference transaction ID's that are returned from Pay Flow Pro.

- **\$(PayFlowProTransactionID)** - this will return the PayFlow Pro TransactionID that is returned from PayFlow Pro.

- **\$(PayFlowProProfileID)** – this will return the PayFlow Pro ProfileID that is returned from PayFlow Pro

7.41 Setting up Verifi

In order to start setting up the “Verifi”, choose option “Module Configuration” from the “Settings” page. Then, click on “Payment Gateway” and choose “Verifi”. The following screen will be displayed.

Figure 135: Setting up Verifi Gateway

The following parameters and options are available inside this screen:

- **Verifi User Login** – enter your Verifi username
- **Verifi Password** - enter your Verifi password
- **Verifi Parameters** – specify Verifi parameters
- **Verifi Tokens** – select the desired Verifi tokens

Note: You can use the following tokens with SQL and Email events to reference transaction ID's that are returned from Verifi payment gateway.

- **\$(VerifiTransID)** - this will return the PayFlow Pro TransactionID that is returned from PayFlow Pro.

7.42 Setting up IPPay

In order to start setting up the “IPPay”, choose option “Module Configuration” from the “Settings” page. Then, click on “Payment Gateway” and choose to enable the Payment Gateway by selecting Enabled.

Note: The IPPay payment gateway works differently than several of the other payment gateways because specific fields with specific short field names have to be setup.

Step 1: Enable IPPay - After you have enabled the payment gateway, you must create a field (usually a hidden field) that is called “**PGateway**”. The **PGateway** field needs to have a default value of “**IPPay**”

Step 2: Create specific fields with specific short field names as listed below. You will need to reference the IPPay system / user guide (http://www.ippay.com/index.php?q=integration_center) for specifics on any of the optional fields below:

- IPPAY_TransType
- IPPAY_TerminalID
- IPPAY_Origin

- IPPAY_IndustryType
- IPPAY_CardNumber
- IPPAY_CVV2
- IPPAY_ExpirationMonth
- IPPAY_ExpirationYear
- IPPAY_Name
- IPPAY_Amount
- IPPAY_Address
- IPPAY_City
- IPPAY_State
- IPPAY_ZipCode
- IPPAY_Phone
- IPPAY_OrderNumber
- IPPAY_CustomerPO
- IPPAY_CustomerEmail
- IPPAY_UserData1
- IPPAY_UserData2
- IPPAY_UserData3

Tip: You can reference IPPay Transaction response codes within email events, HTTP Post events, and SQL Events by referencing the following tokens:

- \$(IPPay_ActionCode)
- \$(IPPay_TransactionID)
- \$(IPPay_ApprovalCode)
- \$(IPPay_ResponseCode)

7.43 Setting up RealEx

In order to start setting up the “RealEx”, choose option “Module Configuration” from the “Settings” page. Then, click on “Payment Gateway” and choose to enable the Payment Gateway by selecting Enabled.

Note: The RealEx payment gateway works differently than several of the other payment gateways because specific fields with specific short field names have to be setup.

Step 1: Enable RealEx - After you have enabled the payment gateway, you must create a field (usually a hidden field) that is called “**PGateway**”. The **PGateway** field needs to have a default value of “Realex”

Step 2: Create specific fields with specific short field names as listed below. You will need to reference the Realex system / user guide for specifics on any of the optional fields below.

- Realex_MerchantID
- Realex_SharedSecret
- Realex_RebatePassword
- Realex_RefundPassword
- Realex_CreditCardType
- Realex_CreditCard

- Realex_CardHolderName
- Realex_CVNCode
- Realex_ExpireDate
- Realex_TransactionAmount
- Realex_TransactionCurrency (default is “EUR”)
- Realex_AccountName (default will be the Portal Name)
- Realex_TransactionType (default is “auth”)
- Realex_BillingAddressCountry
- Realex_ShippingAddressCountry
- Realex_TransactionComments
- Realex_TransactionComments2
- Realex_TransactionCustomerNumber
- Realex_TransactionProductID
- Realex_TransactionVariableReference
- Realex_TransactionAmount

Tip: You can reference Realex Transaction response codes within email events, HTTP Post events, and SQL Events by referencing the following tokens:

- \${RealexAuthCode}
- \${RealexResultOrderID}
- \${RealexScore}

7.44 Managing the links

In order to start managing the links, click the + symbol next to the “Links” label.

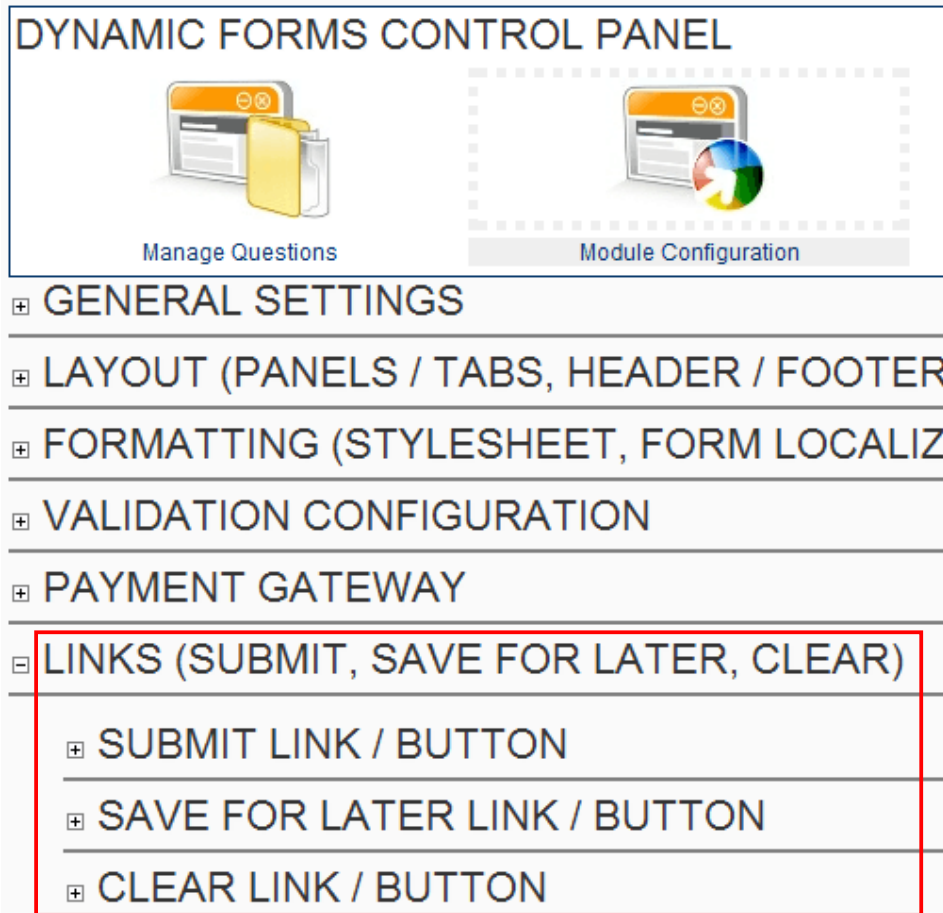


Figure 136: Managing the links

The following parameters are available:

- **Submit link/button** – see section 7.44.1
- **Save for later link/button** – see section 7.44.1
- **Clear link/button** – see section 7.44.1

7.44.1 Setting the Submit Link or Button

This option is used for choosing whether the “submit” option for your form will be text or image and if it is image, which one should be used. In order to start setting the link or button, choose option “Submit link/Button” inside the “General Settings” page.

Figure 137: Setting submit link or button (step 1/2)

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Use Linkbutton** – if you choose this option the text link will be displayed below the form
- **Use Custom Image Submit Button** – select this radio button in case you wish to use a custom image for the submit option
- **Use HTML Input Button** - select this radio button in case you wish to use a standard HTML Input Button for the submit option
- **Initially hide form submission button** – by enabling this feature the submission link/image button will initially be hidden. This feature works with the Client Side Events feature to then display the hidden submission buttons.(For example, hide the submit button until the user clicks the terms and conditions) [View Demonstration](#)
- **Display submit button to the right of the last field** - by selecting this feature the submit link, image, or html input button will be displayed to the right of the last field (same table row) instead of at the very bottom of the form
- **Save Text** – enter the desired text for the submit link in case you have chosen that option (e.g. “Submit”)
- **Select Custom Submit Image** – choose the desired image file from this pull down menu after choosing option “Use Custom Image Submit Button”

After setting the desired parameters, click on the "Update Settings" button to save the changes.

7.44.2 Tips for Client Side Event w/ Submit Button

- You can automatically hide the submit button until you use a client side event to unhide the submit button. [View Demonstration](#)
- You can optionally modify the submit button text by referencing these two tokens within a client side event:
 - \$(SubmitButton_Field) – this can be used to modify the value / text of the submit button. Utilize this token to change the text dynamically of the submit button.
 - \$(SubmitButton_FieldID) – this can be used to reference the submit button field ID within a client side event

7.44.3 Save for later Link/Button

If you enable the Save for Later link feature then the module will present both a submit / save button and also a linkbutton next to the submission icon that allows the user to save the form data and return later.

When using the save for later feature the module will not make use of required field validation. You can use the \$(EditURL) feature within email events to email the user a hyperlink so that they can return to the form in the previous state.

A few field types are not currently supported within the save for later feature, these include Data Grids, Grid Views, and Images.

☐ **SAVE FOR LATER LINK / BUTTON**

If you enable the Save for Later link feature then the module will present both a submit / save button and also a linkbutton next to the submission icon that allows the user to save the form data and return later. When using the save for later feature the module will not make use of required field validation. You can use the \$(EditURL) feature within email events to email the user a hyperlink so that they can return to the form in the previous state. A few field types are not currently supported within the save for later feature, these include Data Grids, Grid Views, and Images.

☐ Use Save for Later Linkbutton
☐ Use Custom Image Save for Later Button
☐ Use Save for Later HTML Input Button

Enable Save for Later Button?: ☒ ☐

Save for Later Text: ☒

Select Custom Save for Later Image: ☒

File Location:

File Name:

[Upload New File](#)

Figure 138: Save for later Link/Button

7.44.4 Clear Link/Button

This option is used for including a reset i.e. clear button within your form, which the users can use in order to start filling it from the beginning.

The clear button will appear directly next to the form submission button and will reset the form to its initial results when the form was loaded. The form clear or reset button can optionally be a link button, or an image button, and you can specify the clear text for the link button or image below.

The reset button can either be setup to use AJAX / Javascript client side code or can be simply refresh the page. The AJAX method is faster but is not available for forms that utilize features such as server side dynamic question events.

In order to start defining this button, click on the “+” symbol next to the “Clear Link / Button” label.

CLEAR LINK / BUTTON

You can optionally include a form reset or clear button within your form. The clear button will appear directly next to the form submission button and will reset the form to its initial results when the form was loaded. The form clear or reset button can optionally be a link button, or an image button, and you can specify the clear text for the link button or image below. The reset button can either be setup to use AJAX / JavaScript client side code or can simply refresh the page. The AJAX method is faster but is not available for forms that utilize features such as server side dynamic question events.

Enable Form Clear / Reset Button?: ☐

Clear Button Type: ☐ Use Clear Link Button ☐ Use Custom Image Clear Button

Clear Button Functionality Type: ☐ JavascriptReset ☐ Page Refresh (required for forms using question events)

Clear / Reset Text:

Clear warning message:

Clear / Reset Image:

File Location:

File Name:

[Upload New File](#)

Figure 139: Defining the Clear Link / Button

The following parameters and options are available inside this screen:

- **Enable Form Clear / Reset Button** - select if you would like to enable a clear link or image button for your form
- **Clear Button Type** – select the desired type for the “Clear” button
 - **Use Clear Link Button** – select this option if you only want to use a link
 - **Use Custom Image Clear Button** – select this option if you wish to define a custom image for the clear button (**note:** you can set the desired image under “Clear/Reset Image”)
- **Clear Button Functionality Type** - select the clear button functionality type for this form
 - **The javascript type** is faster but will only work on forms that do not use postback / question events.

- **Page Refresh** (required for forms using question events) - the redirect or page refresh page will not be as fast but is required for forms that use question events
- **Clear / Reset Text** – enter the text for the link in case you wish to display the link (e.g. “Reset”)
- **Clear warning message** - the clear warning message is an optional message pop up that can ask the user if they are sure they want to reset the form
 - **Note:** the clear warning message will not fire if this setting is left blank or if the page refresh option is checked (only the javascript reset feature includes this optional pop up message)
- **Clear / Reset Image** – use these pull down menus to select the image in case you wish to use a custom image for the reset function
 - **Note:** choose “Upload New File” to upload an image from your PC





The screenshots below demonstrate each of the 3 cases.



The screenshot shows a web interface for 'Dynamic Forms'. At the top is a blue header with the text 'Dynamic Forms' and a dropdown arrow. Below the header is a section titled 'Dynamic Forms Quick Menu' which contains four small icons representing different form types. The main area of the form contains six input fields, each preceded by a blue question mark icon and a small icon of a notepad and pencil. The fields are labeled: 'First Name:', 'Last Name:', 'Email Address:', 'City:', 'Postal Code:', and 'How did you hear about us?:'. Each field is a yellow rectangular box. At the bottom left of the form area is a blue 'Submit' button.



Figure 140: The form when the reset function has not been enabled



Dynamic Forms ▾



Dynamic Forms Quick Menu



   



  **First Name:**

  **Last Name:**

  **Email Address:**

  **City:**

  **Postal Code:**





  **How did you hear about us?:**



Submit [Reset](#)



Figure 141: The form when the reset function has been setup as a textual link



Dynamic Forms ▾



Dynamic Forms Quick Menu



   



  **First Name:**

  **Last Name:**

  **Email Address:**

  **City:**

  **Postal Code:**

  **How did you hear about us?:**

Submit [Reset](#)

Figure 142: The form when the reset function has been setup as a button

7.45 Managing the access rights for form results

The users with the “view” (non-admin role) rights can also be allowed to view, edit, manage templates, export, and purge form results.

In order to start managing the rights for accessing these options, click “Module Configuration” and then choose “View Results Options/Security”.

VIEW RESULTS OPTIONS

View Results Security Role: Disabled

Allow non admins the ability to purge form results?: ☐

Allow non admins the ability to export form results?: ☐

Allow non admins the ability to manage the form results template?: ☐

Export File Type: CSV/Excel (.XLS)

Alternate CSV Delimiter:

Alternate Export Map Path:

Alternate Export Directory Folder:

Export Excel w/ Short Field Names as Columns: ☐

Display results directly within user-facing form display?: Not Displayed

Figure 143: Managing the View Results Options

The following options and parameters are available:

- **View Results Security Role** – use this option to select the security role which will be allowed to view results within the module; if the feature is disabled only users with edit rights will be able to view the results
- **Allow non admins the ability to purge form results** – select this option to allow the users with “view” rights to purge the form results
- **Allow non admins the ability to export form results** – select this option to allow the users with “view” rights to export the form results
- **Allow non admins the ability to manage form results** – select this option to allow the users with “view” rights to manage the form results
- **Allow non admins the ability to manage form results template** – If enabled, any users with view results right will also have the ability manage the results template.
- **Export file type** - select the export file type that you would like to use. You can choose between the CSV/Excel file type and the CSV TEXT file type.
- **Alternate CSV Delimiter** – use this field to specify alternate CSV Delimiter for exporting results to Excel within the View Results area of the module (see section 9). If no delimiter is selected the default delimiter will be a comma
- **Alternate Export Map Path** – specify an alternate map path for files that are exported via the View Results page.
 - **Note:** If no alternate map path is selected the default map path is the portals home directory (typically \portals\0\)

- **Alternate Export Directory Folder** - please select an alternate folder for files that are exported via the View Results page
 - **Note:** If no alternate folder is selected the default directory is DynamicForms_Exports
- **Export Excel w/ Short Field Names as Columns** - select this option if you want to represent the exported columns based on the short field name. If this feature is not enabled the question label itself will be used instead of the short field name
- **Display results directly within user-facing form display** – use this option to define the location of the results i.e. in the header or footer of the form; this is useful for instances of a module such as comments or ratings where you might want a user to be able to leave feedback that would be displayed directly on the user-facing page

7.46 Managing the Advanced Coding Options

In order to start managing the advanced coding options, click on a + symbol next to this label.

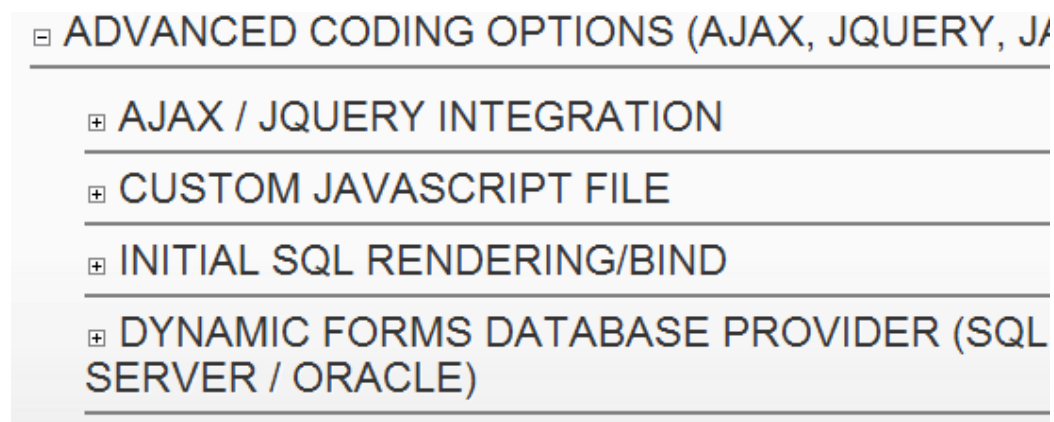


Figure 144: Managing the advanced coding options

The following parameters are available:


- **Ajax/Jquery Integration** – see section 7.46.1
- **Custom Javascript File** – see section 7.46.2
- **Initial SQL rendering/bind** – see section 7.46.3
- **Dynamic Forms Database Provider (SQL Server/Oracle)** – see section 7.46.4



7.46.1 Managing the AJAX/Jquery Integration


In order to start managing the Ajax/Jquery Integration, click on this label within the “Advanced Coding Options” menu.


AJAX / JQUERY INTEGRATION


You can enable and disable AJAX and jQuery integration below. Some field types will not function properly when AJAX is enabled (These include file / image Upload, Rich Text Editor, and Captcha.). The modal popup message for AJAX forms will pop up a processing message during question events. jQuery is required for some field types such as masked edit textbox's, ability to add items to a dropdownlist, and enable features such as check all for check box groups.


Disable AJAX within module configuration:  ☒

Form Processing / Submission AJAX:  Disabled 

Enable EZ Checkbox Plug In:  ☐

Enable Form Highlights Plug In:  ☐

Hide AJAX modal popup message?:  ☐


Hide progress image for AJAX modal popup.:  ☐


Link Type:


☐ None

☒ File (A File On Your Site)

File Location:

Root 

Alternate Modal Popup Image:  **File Name:**

<None Specified> 

[Upload New File](#)

Generate Image


Alternate Modal Popup Message: 

Figure 145: Managing the Ajax/Jquery Integration

The following parameters are available:

- **Disable Ajax within module configuration** - disable AJAX features within the module configuration and control panel administration area.
- **Form processing submission AJAX** – use this option to disable AJAX within the form for fields and question events
 - **Note:** sometimes some field types will not render properly or save properly if AJAX is enabled with a combination of some fields.

- **Enable EZ Checkbox plug in** - select if you would like to enable the EZ Checkbox Plug In. This plug in creates custom looking checkbox fields.
- **Enable form highlights plug** - select if you would like to enable the Form Highlights Plug In. This plug in creates custom looking fields.
- **Hide AJAX modal popup message** - select if you would like to hide the AJAX modal popup message displayed for AJAX interaction. This message will only be displayed if jQuery and AJAX are enabled.
- **Alternate modal popup message** - Select an image name which you would like to use as the alternate modal popup image for the display. By default the progress image will use the progress.gif file located in the Dynamic Forms folder under /desktopmodules/dynamic forms/. If you would like to enter an alternate image from that directory enter the name of that file here.

7.46.2 Managing Custom JavaScript File

In order to start managing the custom JavaScript file, click on this label within the “Advanced Coding Options” menu. The following screen will be displayed.

CUSTOM JAVASCRIPT FILE

JavaScript can be used throughout your Dynamic Forms implementation. For JavaScript you would like to be executed within the form loading (or after postback) you can enter JavaScript within the Initial JavaScript property. The JavaScript file is used for specific JavaScript functions. Some JavaScript functions have already been included within the application but if you need to include your own you can store them in this file. The JavaScript functions are used directly with client side events property within each field under advanced field settings. To find out more about client side events, or for examples, please visit the product forums on www.datasprings.com.

Initial JavaScript:

Submit / Save JavaScript:

JavaScript File:

```

/*****
* Data Springs Custom Javascript File
* Insert any custom client side javascript to be rendered for Dynamic Forms

function validateNumber(fieldvalue){

```

Update Javascript File

Figure 146: Managing the custom JavaScript file

The following options are available:

- **Initial Javascript** – use this text area to enter the initial javascript that will be executed when the initial form loads or when a post back occurs.

- **Submit/Save Javascript** – use this text area to enter the javascript that will be executed when the submission button is clicked.
- **Javascript file** - enter any custom javascript functions into the javascript file for this Dynamic Forms instance

7.46.3 Examples of Client Side Events

The JavaScript file is used for advanced settings as an option to enable any client side script you would like rendered when the form is rendered. A default file is included for scripts to calculate checkbox groups, create pop up help text, create pop up alerts for require fields, and other useful functions.

You can add/change any of the client side scripting code here so that you can enable additional client side code for your form. Please visit the Data Springs Product Forums for additional tips and tricks for client side code.

Note: The custom JavaScript file can be used along with the 'Client Side Event' feature for each form feature (please refer to section 7.3, setting up advanced field options)

Example client side events can include features to hide/show html, hide/show the form submission ability, pre-populate fields, calculate checkbox fields, etc, You can review the following demonstration for more detailed tutorial on setting up some client side events:

[Dynamic Forms Client Event Demonstration](#)

[Dynamic Forms Client Event Demonstration for Form Calculations](#)

[Dynamic Forms Client Event Demonstration w/ Query](#)

[Client Side Event Blog Post Demonstration](#)

Tips: We highly recommend downloading and using FireBug for FireFox when debugging client side events. This free and useful tool can display any exact error messages that your JavaScript is generating and assists in testing and debugging. You can download this at <http://www.getfirebug.com>

Examples:

- **To fill the text of a field based on the text of another field.** This is assuming the short field names for the fields were DisplayName, FirstName, and LastName

```
$(DisplayName) = $(FirstName) + ' ' + $(LastName)
```

- **To calculate check box group** ([View demonstration](#)). This is assuming the client event is placed on a checkbox group field with a short field name of 'Products' and that you are wanting to display the total in an HTML DIV tag called 'Total'.

```
Total.innerHTML = '<B>Your total comes to: ' + '$' +  
CalculateCheckBoxListValues($(Products_FieldID), $(Products_ValueFieldID)) +  
'</b>'
```

- **Hide form submission button unless the user types in 'YES' within a textbox.** This is assuming that the short field name for this field is Termsonkeyup and that you have enabled the feature within the link / submit buttons to 'Initially hide form submission button'.

```
if ( $(Termsonkeyup).toUpperCase() == 'YES')  
{  
  showhtml('SaveForm')  
}  
else  
{  
  hidehtml('SaveForm')
```



```
}
```

- **Hide form submission button unless the user checks a checkbox** (i.e. terms and conditions). This is assuming the client side event is applied to a checkbox field that has a short field name of 'chkShowHide'.

```
if ( $(chkShowHide))  
    showhtml('SaveForm')  
else  
    hidehtml('SaveForm')
```

Client Side Events are processed based on fields onblur events (except where noted below). For textbox fields, you might want to process client side events in situations besides onblur. For these, you can use the following keywords within the fields short field name.

- **onclick** – Adds the client side event to the textbox onclick event
- **onfocus** – Adds the client side event to the textbox onfocus event
- **onkeypress** - Adds the client side event to the textbox onkeypress event
- **onkeydown** - Adds the client side event to the textbox onkeydown event
- **onkeyup** – Adds the client side event to the textbox onkeyup event

Would you like to to enable a client side event that you do not see an example of? Please write a post in the [Dynamic Forms Product Forums](#) area for community involvement. If we find the request useful we will create an example or tutorial and include the example in the next user guide

Note: Writing and debugging client side events is not covered via Data Springs Standard Support. You can find the our full support policy at <http://www.datasprings.com/productsupport>. If you need more direct assistance or implementation of your projects we do offer these services via Premium Support services. You can find more information and get an estimate for your project at <http://www.datasprings.com/PremiumSupport>.

7.46.4 Setting up the Initial SQL Rendering/Bind

The initial SQL rendering/ databind functionality allows you to build more interactive form implementations.

For example, a form that might be able to offer something such as an insert, edit, delete type functionality with tables within your database. As with all SQL functionality, you should always use caution to avoid SQL injection and we strongly recommend using a stored procedure to retrieve your results.

The initial SQL databind works similar to single field default value generation by SQL, however it can work for all fields with just this one query. The query should return a single data row and each column within the datarow that would like to retrieve should match a short field name within your query.

For example, 'Select DateOfBirth from YourTable where ID = 1'. If you had a field on the form with a short field name of DateOfBirth and this table returned a value, it would render the value within the form load.

In order to start managing the custom Initial SQL rendering/bind, choose option "Initial SQL Rendering/Bind" after clicking on the "Module Configuration" option.

[Dynamic Forms Initial SQL Rendering Demonstration](#)

INITIAL SQL RENDERING/BIND

The initial SQL rendering/ databind allows you to build more interactive form implementations. For example, a form that might be able offer something such as an insert, edit, delete type functionality with tables within your database. As with all SQL functionality, you should always use caution to avoid SQL injection and we strongly recommend using a stored procedure to retrieve your results. The initial SQL databind works similar to single field default value generation by SQL, however it can work for all fields with just this one query. The query should return a single data row and each column within the datarow that would like to retrieve should match a short field name within your query. For example, 'Select DateOfBirth from YourTable where ID = 1'. If you had a field on the form with a short field name of DateOfBirth and this table returned a value, it would render the value within the form load.

☐ Enable initial SQL data bind: ⓘ

☐ Only enable when querystring value is present?: ⓘ

Initial SQL Query: ⓘ

External DB Connection: ⓘ

Figure 147: Setting up the Initial SQL Rendering/Bind

The following options and parameters are available:

- **Enable initial SQL data bind** – select this checkbox to enable the form to initially render / bind data from an SQL query; the form will retrieve data based on the SQL table rendered and each fields short field name

- **Only enable when querystring value is present?** - enter the querystring parameter you would like to enable the initial SQL database.
 - **For example:** if you passed a querystring variable such as DBBind and a value of true it would enable the SQL binding feature, if it was not true it would not enable the binding feature. This is useful if you do not want to enable binding feature for initial submission, however maybe you want to enable the binding feature to update a record. This feature only works if you already have enabled the initial SQL data bind feature.
- **Initial SQL query** - select the initial SQL data bind query. The query should return a single data row and each column within the data row should be called the short field name of the form field.
 - **Tips:**
 - You can enable 'Debug Mode' to see the exact query that is being rendered upon page load
 - Each column name returned from the query should be unique. If you return the same column name twice the SQL binding feature will not work
 - Initial SQL Binding queries can reference the following tokens:
 - **\$(DSParam1), \$(DSParam2), \$(DSParam3)** – These can be querystring parameters that are parsed specifically for SQL Injections. The querystring parameters would need to be DSParam1, DSParam2, or DSParam3.
 - **\$(DSSession1), \$(DSSession2), \$(DSSession3)** – These can be session value parameters
 - **\$(PortalID), \$(ModuleID), \$(TabID), \$(PortalAlias), \$(UniqueCompletionID), \$(CurrentURL), \$(URLReferrer), \$(UserD), {objectQualifier}, {databaseOwner}, \$(IPAddress), \$(CurrentLanguage)** – These are all reserved tokens that can be parsed within your SQL initial bind query. For example, if you want to use the users current userID within the query, simply reference \$(UserID).
 - **\$(ShortFieldName)** - All short field names for fields can be referenced. For example, if you asked a user to enter their birth date you could then reference that within the query by using the short field name such as \$(BirthDate).
- **External DB Connection** – enter the code for establishing the connection to an external database

7.46.5 Managing the Database Provider (SQL Server/Oracle)

In order to start managing the database provider, click on this label within the “Advanced Coding Options” menu. The following screen will be displayed.

DYNAMIC FORMS DATABASE PROVIDER (SQL SERVER / ORACLE)

Please select the database provider you would like throughout the instance of this module. This provider can currently be either SQL Server or an Oracle provider and requires an external connection string. This provider will be used as the default provider for areas such as SQL Options within fields. The provider can be overridden in several areas throughout the module such as SQL Events and Initial SQL Databind.

Database Provider Type: SQL

Database Provider Connection String:

[Update Settings](#) [Exit](#)

Figure 148: Managing the Database Provider (SQL Server/Oracle)

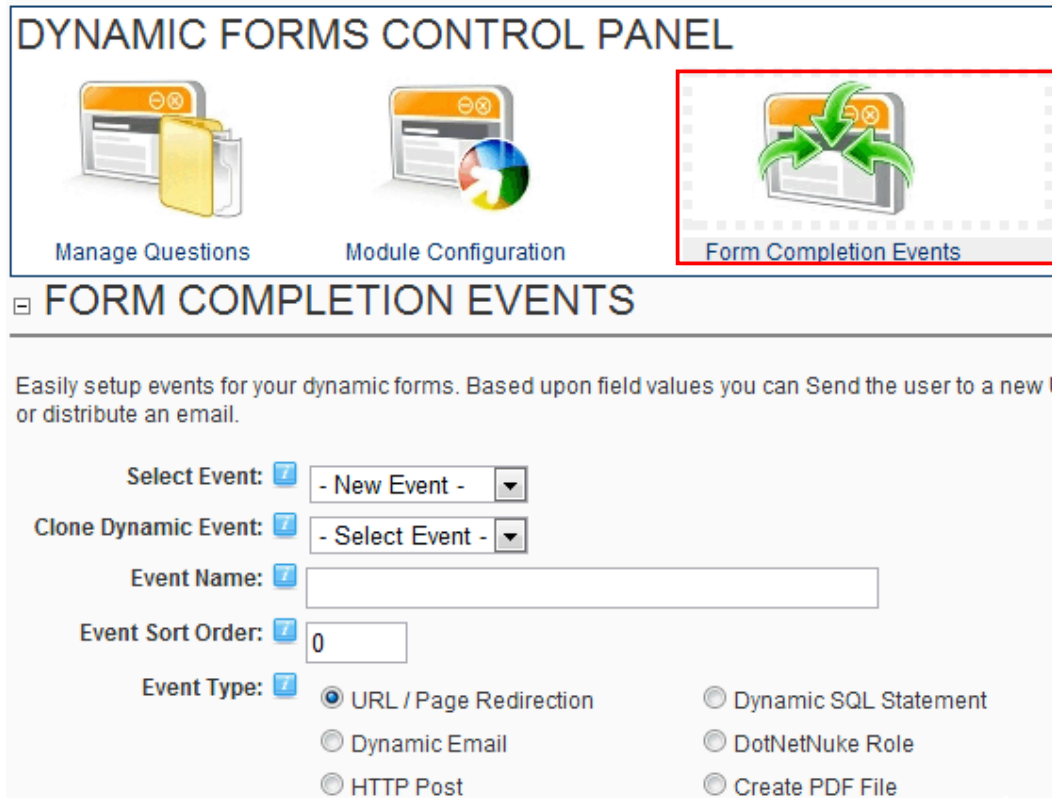
The following parameters are available:

- **Database provider type** - select the database provider type (SQL Server or Oracle) you would like to use for this form instance.
- **Database provider connection string** – specify the database provider connection string
 - **Oracle External Connection String example:** `Data Source=TORCL;UserId=myUsername;Password=myPassword;`
 - **MS SQL Server example:** `Server=IPOfServer;Database=DBname;UserID=userhere;Password=passhere;`

After setting the desired parameters, click "Update settings" to save the changes.

7.47 Managing Form Completion Events

In order to start managing form completion events, choose option “Manage Questions/Settings” from the main menu and then click on the “Form Completion Events” icon.



The screenshot shows the 'DYNAMIC FORMS CONTROL PANEL' with three icons: 'Manage Questions' (a folder), 'Module Configuration' (a globe), and 'Form Completion Events' (a document with green arrows). The 'Form Completion Events' icon is highlighted with a red border. Below the icons is a section titled 'FORM COMPLETION EVENTS' with a description: 'Easily setup events for your dynamic forms. Based upon field values you can Send the user to a new L or distribute an email.' The form contains the following fields:

- Select Event:** A dropdown menu with the option '- New Event -' selected.
- Clone Dynamic Event:** A dropdown menu with the option '- Select Event -' selected.
- Event Name:** A text input field.
- Event Sort Order:** A text input field with the value '0'.
- Event Type:** A group of radio buttons with the following options:
 - ☒ URL / Page Redirection
 - ☐ Dynamic SQL Statement
 - ☐ Dynamic Email
 - ☐ DotNetNuke Role
 - ☐ HTTP Post
 - ☐ Create PDF File

Figure 149: Managing events

The following options are available inside this screen:

- **New Event** – see section [7.48](#)
- **Editing an existing event** – see section [7.48.7](#)
- **Deleting an event** – see section [7.48.8](#)
- **Cloning an event** – use this option to quickly make an identical copy of the already created event (see section [7.48.9](#))

7.48 Creating a new event

In order to start creating a new event choose option new from the “Select Event” pull down menu and choose the desired event type.

Figure 150: Creating a new event

The following are the available event types:

- **URL/Page Redirection** – choose this option if you want to redirect the user submitting the form based on the answers given in the form (see section [7.48.1](#))
- **Dynamic SQL Statement** – the dynamic sql event is for advanced users who wish to execute a SQL insert/update statement upon form submission. For example, if you wanted to insert form results into a log table you could execute a statement similar to this:

```
Insert Into MyLogTable(FirstName, LastName, EmailAddress)
Values($MyFirstName), $(MyLastName), $(MyEmailAddress). – see section
7.48.2
```

- **Dynamic Email** – choose this option if you want to send an email either to the administrator or the user submitting the form based on the answers given in the form (see section [7.48.3](#))
- **DotNetNuke® Role** – the option for assigning a desired role on the system based on the response from the user (see section [7.48.5](#))
- **HTTP Post** – choose this option if you wish to post data from the form to another URL (**note:** you can post parts of the form or whole form to any URL you want i.e. web service such as Salesforce.com or virtually any form you can post to) – see section [7.48.4](#)
- **Create PDF File** – the option for creating an event which will generate a PDF file – see section [7.48.6](#)

7.48.1 Example of the URL/Page Redirection Event

URL Page Redirection event is used for redirecting the user to a desired page based on the response given within the form.

For the purpose of this example a website offering the services for job seekers and employers is taken.

Since there are two types of users, you can create a dynamic question asking the user about the account type i.e. whether he is an employer or a job seeker (choosing option radio buttons as a question type).

Then you could create URL/Page Redirection event which will redirect the user to the page appropriate for his account type. In other words, you would redirect employers to the page containing information for employers and job seekers to their appropriate page.

In order to start creating URL/Page redirection event, choose option "New Event" from the "Select Event" menu and then select option "URL/Page Redirection".

Form Completion Events

Easily setup events for your dynamic forms. Based upon field values you can Send the user to a new URL, execute a SQL query, or distribute an email.

?

Select Event:

- New Event -

?

Event Name:

?

Event Type:

☒ URL / Page Redirection
 ☐ Dynamic SQL Statement

☐ Dynamic Email
 ☐ DotNetNuke Role

☐ HTTP Post

?

Event Details:

Select which DNN Field and field response for this event. Based upon the users response they will be redirected to this URL after the form is submitted.

?

Dynamic Field:

User type

?

User Response:

☐ Job Seeker
 ☐ Employer

?

Event Actions:

?

Redirect Page:

Link Type:

☒ URL (A Link To An External Resource)
 ☐ Page (A Page On Your Site)

Location: (Enter The Address Of The Link)

http://

[Select An Existing URL](#)

Delete Event

Update Event

Update Settings

Exit

Figure 151: Creating URL/Page Redirection Event

The following are the parameters for defining the URL/Page Redirection event:

- **Dynamic Field** – choose the dynamic field you want to associate with this event (**e.g.** account type question asking the users to state if they are employers or job seekers)
- **User Response** – once you choose the desired dynamic field, the user response field will be refreshed with available options for choosing which user response will be associated to the event (**e.g.** “Job Seeker”); in this case the event will be applied to all users that chose “Job Seekers” as an account type
- **Event Actions** – this is the pull down menu for choosing the page on your website that the user will visit based on the given response (**e.g.** if the chooses “Job Seeker” as a response, he will be redirected to the page containing information for “Job Seekers”)

After setting these parameters click on the “Update Event” button and the new event will be created.

Note: you will need to create another event for the “Employer” which would redirect the users to the page containing information related to employers.

7.48.2 Example of the Dynamic SQL Statement event

In order to start creating the “Dynamic SQL Statement” event, choose option “New Event” from the “Select Event” menu and then select option “Dynamic SQL Statement” option.

FORM COMPLETION EVENTS

Easily setup events for your dynamic forms. Based upon field values you can Send the user to a new L or distribute an email.

Select Event:

Clone Dynamic Event:

Event Name:

Event Sort Order:

Event Type:

- ☒ URL / Page Redirection
- ☐ Dynamic SQL Statement
- ☐ Dynamic Email
- ☐ DotNetNuke Role
- ☐ HTTP Post
- ☐ Create PDF File

Figure 152: Creating a Dynamic SQL Statement event (step 1/2)

The screen will be refreshed containing the parameters for setting up the Dynamic SQL Statement event.

Include these parameters below into your SQL query (some parameters are based on short field names for your questions), these parameters will be replaced when the SQL statement is executed.

- \$(FirstName)
- \$(LastName)
- \$(Email)
- \$(Comp)
- \$(City)
- \$(Country)
- \$(Region)
- \$(TabID)
- \$(CurrentURL)
- \$(URLReferrer)
- \$(ViewLink)
- \$(ViewLinkURL)
- \$(EditLink)
- \$(EditLinkURL)
- \$(PortalAlias)
- \$(PortalName)
- \$(PortalID)
- \$(CurrentLanguage)
- \$(ModuleID)
- \$(UserID)
- \$(IPAddress)

SQL Parameters
Assistance - What's this?

Generate Create Table SQL (One time only execution)
Generate Insert SQL Query
Generate Update SQL Query
Generate Delete SQL Query

External DB Connection:

SQL Failure Redirect URL (Optional):

Delete Event Update Event

Figure 153: Creating a Dynamic SQL Statement event (step 2/2)

The following parameters and options are available:

- **Dynamic Field** - select the dynamic field that this event will based on
- **User Response** - select the response for this event that will cause the event to initialize
- **Event Actions** – this part of the screen is used for defining the event action and contains the following parameters:
 - **SQL Statement** – the text area for entering the SQL statement that will be executed based on the users response or after the form results have been saved

Note: The following tokens will be replaced at runtime within the SQL Options

- \$(ShortFieldName) – Any field that has been already stored in viewstate or rendered should be able to be rendered with the value based on using the short field name wrapped within the token.
- \$(DSParam1), \$(DSParam2), \$(DSParam3) – Querystring parameters DSParam1, DSParam2, and DSParam3.
- \$(DSSession1), \$(DSSession2), \$(DSSession3) – Session parameters DSSession1, DSSession2, and DSSession3
- \$(PortalID), \$(ModuleID), \$(TabID), \$(PortalAlias) - Portal / Module / TabID of the current module instance
- \$(UniqueCompletionID) – Current unique identifier for the form submission
- \$(CurrentURL) – Current URL that the form is located on
- \$(CurrentDomain) – Current domain that the form is located on

- \$(URLReferrer) – Referring URL from within the HTTP Context
 - \$(UserID) – The UserID of the current user or -1 for anonymous
 - \$(IPAddress) – The IP Address of the user
 - \$(CurrentLanguage) – The currently selected language for session within DotNetNuke.
 - \$(ApplicationPath) – The application path from the HTTP Context
 - \$(RAWURL) – The RAW URL from the HTTP Context
 - {objectQualifier} – This will be replaced with the object qualifier of your DotNetNuke site if you have one defined within the web.config.
 - {databaseOwner} – This will be replaced with the database owner (or dbo.) as defined within your database connection settings for DotNetnuke within your web.config file.
- **SQL Parameters** – this is a list of SQL parameters which you can use in your SQL query (some parameters are based on short field names for your questions); to include the desired parameter **e.g.** First name, you can either double click it in the menu or drag and drop it inside the SQL Statement text area
 - **Assistance links** - The auto generate SQL assistance links help to provide the functionality and quick assistance with building work-flow applications using Dynamic Forms. Dynamic Forms currently already saves data into relational database tables, and from those tables you can query the results/export the results to excel/view the results within the 'View Results' area of the module. The assistance has been added to provide further implementation assistance for users wanting to create Insert/Update/Delete implementations for a 'flat' table within your web site. The following assistance links are available:
 - **Generate Create Table SQL (One time only execution)** - this should be created after your form fields have been setup. A SQL script will be created which will generate a table based on the forms instance, and create a column within the table based on each form fields 'short field name'. This query should only be executed one time and should be executed under Host, SQL.
 - **Generate Insert SQL Query** - this should be created and utilized as a SQL Completion Event. You might consider creating a hidden field to represent 'Submit', 'Edit', 'Delete' functionality as described within the demonstration #14, and then only firing the insert statement for initial form submission.
 - **Generate Update SQL Query** - this should be created and utilized as a SQL Completion Event. You might consider creating a hidden field to represent 'Submit', 'Edit', 'Delete' functionality as described within the demonstration #14, and then only firing the update statement for editing or updating a form submission
 - **Generate Delete SQL Query** - this should be created and utilized as a SQL Completion Event. You might consider creating a hidden field to represent 'Submit', 'Edit', 'Delete' functionality as described within the demonstration #14, and then only firing the delete statement for deleting a form submission.
 - **External DB Connection** – use this field in case you want to connect to a database outside of the standard DNN database connection
 - **SQL failure redirect URL (optional)** - this is an optional configuration option which you can enable to automatically redirect the user to a separate URL if the SQL Event comes back with a failure or error.

Tip: You can reference the response from SQL events within other email events, http post events, and SQL events. This allows you to (based on the sort order of the event) capture the response returned from the SQL query. To do this you need to reference the event name within the token. The format is **\$(SQLResponse_EventName)**.

Note: As with all SQL Queries, you should always use caution and test against any possible SQL Injection attacks. Although Dynamic Forms does guard against SQL injection routines, you should always use stored procedures to guard against SQL Injection.

7.48.3 Example of the Dynamic Email Event

URL Page Redirection event is used for sending an email to the user or to you as an administrator based on the response given within the form.

For the purpose of this example a website offering the services for job seekers and employers is taken.

If this is the case you may want to create Dynamic Email event which would send an email to the user based on the response given in the form.

In order to start creating a Dynamic Email event, choose option “New Event” from the “Select Event” menu and then select option “Dynamic Email” (**note:** the screen is presented with two screenshots).

Figure 154: Creating a dynamic email event (screenshot 1/2)

The following parameters for defining a dynamic email event are available inside this part of the screen:

- **Select Event** – select option “New Event”
- **Event Name** – set the name for this email which will help you differentiate this event and its purpose (**e.g.** “Job Seeker Email”)
- **Event Type** – choose option “Dynamic Email”
- **Dynamic Field** – choose the dynamic field this event will be associated with (**e.g.** “Account Type”)
- **User Response** – once you choose the desired dynamic field, the user response field will be refreshed with available options for choosing which user response will be associated to the event (**e.g.** “Job Seeker”); in this case the event will be applied to all users that chose “Job Seekers” as an account type.
 - **Note:** New features were added to the 3.0 release to allow the response to either be ‘equal to’ and now ‘not equal to’ (previous versions always were set to only fire the event when the response was ‘equal to’).

Email Message:

From Email Address:

From Email Name:

Email To:

Email Subject:

ADVANCED EMAIL PROPERTIES

Editor: ☐ Basic Text Box ☒ Rich Text Editor

ABC Custom Links

Paragraph Style

Apply CSS Cl...

Design Words: 0 Characters: 0

Update Settings Exit Update Event

Generate Results Template
Generate Full Results Template
Message Parameters

Include these parameters below in your email to, subject, or email message. These parameters will be replaced with the email is sent.

- \$(FirstName)
- \$(FirstName_FullResults)
- \$(LastName)
- \$(LastName_FullResults)
- \$(Email)
- \$(Email_FullResults)
- \$(Comp)
- \$(Comp_FullResults)
- \$(City)
- \$(City_FullResults)
- \$(Country)
- \$(Country_FullResults)
- \$(Region)
- \$(Region_FullResults)
- \$(TabID)
- \$(CurrentURL)
- \$(URLReferrer)
- \$(ViewLink)
- \$(ViewLinkURL)
- \$(EditLink)

Figure 155: Creating a dynamic email event (screenshot 2/2)

The second part of the screen contains parameters for defining an email message that will be sent to the user:

- **From Email Address**— enter the from email address for this email event. The from email can either be static, such as 'host@yoursite.com' or it can be dynamic based on a fields response. To base the field on a users response you would use the short field name in between the parentheses, such as \$(YourFromDynamicField).
 - **Note:** If the from address is blank then the systems administrator address will be used as the from address
- **Email To** – enter the “short name” parameter for the email question; during the procedure of creating a dynamic question requesting email address form the users you are asked to set a short name for this parameter; in this example it is “email”; in order to send this email to the user submitting the form you need to enter this variable into the “Email To” input field (e.g. \$(email) where “email” is the short name for the email address question and \$() are the symbols telling the application that this is a variable)
 - **Note:** alternatively you can enter your email if you want to receive an email notification once the user submits the form
 - **Tip: You can email to all users within a security role**
Use tokens such as \$(Role_RoleName) and replace the “RoleName” text with the role name you would like for users to be emailed to. These tokens can be referenced for the Email To, Email CC, and Email BCC properties
- **Email Subject** – input field for entering email subject

- **Email Body** – text area for entering the body of the email message; this space can also be used for incorporating responses for all previously created dynamic questions (e.g. if you have created a question “account type” and given it a “acctype” short name, then enter **\$(acctype)** inside the body of the email message to display this information to the user i.e. “job seeker”)
- **File Attachments:** You can use the short field names for images and file attachments within the email just as you do with other parameters within the email body. For example **\$(MyFileUpload)** or **\$(MyImage)**. The difference is that the file attachment is not actually attached, its references as the HTTP reference within the email to download the file. For example:
 - Please download the file here **\$(MyFileUpload)**
 - To include it as a click use html such as this: `Click here to download this file`
 - **Tip:** If you want to include the file attachments within the email as actual attachments then include the text “AttachFiles” within the email body. If this text is included within the email it will automatically be removed by the module and the file attachments will be added to the email.

Note: New tokens were added in version 2.5. These tokens reflect several new features added to the module.

- **\$(ShortFieldName_FullResults)** – For each form field, a new token is available to display both the field label and the users’ response as one token. This token will only render results if there is a response from the user
- **\$(ShortFieldName_Text)** – You can now retrieve text values as tokens for fields such as Combo Box, Radio Button, ListBox, and Check Box Groups. Previously you were only able to retrieve a question option value and not the text. For example if you specified a question option with the text of ‘California’ but a value of ‘CA’ you can use **\$(ShortFieldName)** to retrieve ‘CA’ and **\$(ShortFieldName_Text)** to render ‘California’.
- **\$(CalculateList_ShortFieldName)** – You can now have a form ‘total’ items from a checkbox group or multi-selection listbox field types.
 - To set values within the checkbox group/listbox fields you need to set each list items value to be **VALUE01_Price**. You can have up to 20 items with values in it.
 - For example **VALUE01_19.99, VALUE02_9.99, VALUE03_29.99, VALUE04_19.99, VALUE05_9.99**.
 - By using this feature you can create total fields such as ‘Check all items you want to purchase’ or ‘Check all add-on’s you want to add’ and Dynamic Forms will total all of the checked or selected items for you with this token.
- **\$(IPAddress)** – Including the **\$(IPAddress)** token within the email will render the users IP Address
- **\$(UniqueCompletionID)** – Include the unique completion ID to identify this individual form submission
- **\$(DateTime)** – Include the current date and time of the submission
- **AttachFiles** - If you want to include the file attachments within the email as actual attachments then include the text “AttachFiles” within the email body. If this text is included within the email it will automatically be removed by the module and the file attachments will be added to the email. These are for file attachments using the File Upload field type. This is not necessary if you are setting up an attachment within the advanced completion email event settings.

After setting these parameters click on the “Update Event” link in order to complete the procedure of creating Dynamic Email event.

7.48.4 Setting up a HTTP post completion event

The HTTP post completion event is used in case you wish to post data from the form to another URL (**note:** you can post parts of the form or whole form to any URL you want i.e. web service such as Salesforce.com or virtually any form you can post to).

In order to start setting up this type of completion event, select “HTTP Post” within the “Event Type” part of the screen.

FORM COMPLETION EVENTS

Easily setup events for your dynamic forms. Based upon field values you can Send the user to a new URL, or distribute an email.

Select Event: - New Event -

Clone Dynamic Event: - Select Event -

Event Name:

Event Sort Order: 0

Event Type: ☐ URL / Page Redirection ☐ Dynamic Email ☒ **HTTP Post**

Event Details:

Setup the HTTP Form Post event below, specify the HTTP URL, the full HTTP Post, and if you would like the administrator. The HTTP Post should include parameters that you would like to post to the URL along with based on the short field name. For example, %26fname=\$(firstname)%26lname=\$(lastname). Note: The form will redirect and post to the URL.

Dynamic Field: - Select Dynamic Field -

User Response: Equals

Event Actions:

HTTP Post Details:

HTTP Post URL:

HTTP Post:

Email Response to Site Admin?: ☐

Figure 156: Setting up a HTTP post completion event

The following other parameters are available:

- **HTTP Post URL** – this is the actual URL which the form should post an HTTP Post to
- **HTTP Post** – this is the post which should be processed; the post should include a starting post variable followed by = and then the post response.
 - **For example**, a HTTP Post could be.
Myname=Test&MyLastName=Test2&MyEmail=Test3
 - **Note:** To review an example of how to use Dynamic Forms to send an HTTP Post from one Dynamic Forms to another Dynamic Forms please review this demonstration here: <http://www.datasprings.com/products/dnn-modules/dynamic-forms/dynamic-forms-demo-33-silent-post-demonstration>
- **Email Response to Site Admin** – you might want a confirmation that the HTTP Post returned a result; if so you can choose to email the site administrator the results from the HTTP Post.

Tip: You can reference the response from HTTP Post events within other email events, http post events, and SQL events. This allows you to (based on the sort order of the event) capture the response returned from the HTTP Form Post. To do this you need to reference the event name within the token. The format is **\$(PostedResponse_EventName)**.

After setting the desired parameters, click on the “Update Event” link in order to save the changes.

7.48.5 Setting a DotNetNuke® Security Role based on the response

The DotNetNuke® role completion event is used in case you wish to assign a specific role to the user based on the response within the form.

In order to start setting up this type of completion event, select “DotNetNuke® Role” within the “Event Type” part of the screen.

FORM COMPLETION EVENTS

Easily setup events for your dynamic forms. Based upon field values you can Send the user to a new URL, execute a SQL query, or distribute an email.

Select Event: - New Event -

Clone Dynamic Event: - Select Event -

Event Name:

Event Sort Order:

Event Type: ☐ URL / Page Redirection ☐ Dynamic SQL Statement ☒ **DotNetNuke Role** ☐ Dynamic Email ☐ HTTP Post ☐ Create PDF File

Event Details:

Select which DNN field / field response should be linked to a DNN Role. Based upon the users response they will be added or removed from selected role.

Dynamic Field: - Select Dynamic Field -

User Response: Equals

Event Actions:

DNN Role:

Role Action Type: Add / Remove Role

Role Expire Type: ☐ Days ☐ Static Date

Expire Days / Date:

Delete Event Update Event

Update Settings Exit

Figure 157: Setting up a DotNetNuke® completion event

The following parameters are available:

- **DNN® Role** – choose the role which should be assigned to the user
- **Role Action Type** – use this pull down menu to specify the type of action which should be performed to the user role; the following two options are available:
 - **Add / Remove** – choose this option to add a role based on the user response, or remove the user from the role if the user doesn't match the response
 - **Add** – choose this option to add a role based on the user response
 - **Remove** – choose this option to remove the role from the user based on the response
 - **Note:** Prior to version 3.0 this completion event type always functioned in an add/remove action type. The user would be added to the security role if the response matched, and if the criteria did not match they would be removed from the security role. The updated enhancement allows you to

setup many completion events for the same security role, without the risk of the user removing the security role etc...

- **Role Expire Type** – choose the type of role expiration; whether the role should expire in a set number of days (e.g. 20 days from today) or on a specific date in mm/dd/yyyy format (e.g. 01/01/2015). This field is used in combination with the field below where you should enter the specific values according to the choice you have made here (either the number of days or a date). If this field is empty the role will be added without an expiration date.
- **Role Expire Days/Date** – set the number of days or the specific date this role will be assigned for (e.g., enter 45 days if you wish to assign the role for 45 days; after this period the user will automatically be demoted). Note: You can leave this field empty if you never want the role to expire.

Set the desired parameters and click on the “Update Event” link to save the changes. The screenshot below demonstrates the form as seen by the end users.

Show Hidden Fields / Form Completion Event Demonstration

Would you like the system to execute a completion event upon form submission?; Yes

Select the completion event you would like the form to execute:

- ☐ Email Form Results Event
- ☐ Redirection Event
- ☒ Role Event
- ☐ HTTP Post Event
- ☐ SQL event

Submit

Figure 158: Example of assigning the role based on response

7.48.6 Creating the PDF file

The “Create PDF file” completion event is used in case you wish to create a PDF file which will contain the form contents.

In order to start setting up this type of completion event, select “Create PDFfile” within the “Event Type” part of the screen.

FORM COMPLETION EVENTS

Easily setup events for your dynamic forms. Based upon field values you can Send the user to a new page or distribute an email.

Select Event: - New Event -

Clone Dynamic Event: - Select Event -

Event Name:

Event Sort Order:

Event Type:

☒ URL / Page Redirection
 ☐ Dynamic SQL Statement

☐ Dynamic Email
 ☐ DotNetNuke Role

☐ HTTP Post
 ☒ Create PDF File

Fire event on: Both Save / Save For Later

Event Details:

Select which DNN Field and field response for this event. Based upon the users response they will submitted.

Figure 159: Creating a PDF file completion event

Note: When the “Save for Later” feature is enabled (under the Submit/Link Buttons. see section 7.44.3) then an additional option becomes available which allows you to only enable the completion event when the save for later is being implemented.

The following page will be displayed.

Generate PDF document:

PDF Header:

PDF Footer:

PDF Summary:

Display Page Numbers: ☐ No

Editor: ☐ Basic Text Box ☒ Rich Text Editor

Custom Links

Paragraph Style

Apply CSS Cl...

Design HTML Preview Words: 0 Characters: 0

Delete Event Update Event

Update Settings Exit

Generate Results Template
Generate Full Results Template
Message Parameters

Include these parameters below in your email to, subject, or email message. These parameters will be replaced with the email is sent.

- \$(FirstName)
- \$(FirstName_FullResults)
- \$(LastName)
- \$(LastName_FullResults)
- \$(Email)
- \$(Email_FullResults)
- \$(Comp)
- \$(Comp_FullResults)
- \$(City)
- \$(City_FullResults)
- \$(Country)
- \$(Country_FullResults)
- \$(Region)
- \$(Region_FullResults)
- \$(TabID)
- \$(CurrentURL)
- \$(URLReferrer)
- \$(ViewLink)
- \$(ViewLinkURL)
- \$(EditLink)

Figure 160: Creating the PDF

The following options and parameters are available:

- **PDF header/footer** – the fields for defining the PDF header and footer areas
- **PDF summary** – the field for entering the PDF summary
- **Display Page Numbers** – select whether or not you wish to display the page numbers within the PDF file
- **The body of the PDF** – the field for defining the body of the PDF file, i.e. the field which you will use to determine which parameters or results should be extracted and included in the PDF file
- **Generate Results Template** – use this option to automatically generate the results template
- **Generate Full Results Template**– use this option to automatically generate the results template
- **Message Parameters** – use the message parameters to create a custom set of parameters which should be displayed within the PDF file

Important note: PDF completion events can be used as an attached file within email completion events. You must setup the PDF completion event to have a sort order that is lower (i.e 5) then the email completion event (i.e. 10). Then within the email completion event you must reference the PDF event as a token (you should see an additional token in the listbox of available tokens). The tokens are \$(PDFLink:EventName) and \$(PDFAttach:EventName). You should replace 'EventName' with the name of the actual PDF completion event.

Note: For a detailed demo of this functionality please review this link:

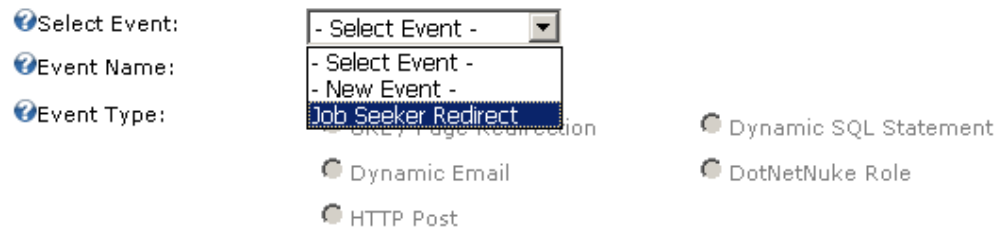
<http://www.datasprings.com/Products/DNNModules/DynamicForms/DynamicFormsDemo22SurveyGridviewPDF/tabid/940/language/en-US/Default.aspx>


7.48.7 Editing an existing event


In order to edit an existing event, choose the desired event from the “Select Event” pull down menu.


Form Completion Events

Easily setup events for your dynamic forms. Based upon field values you can Send the user new URL, execute a SQL query, or distribute an email.



 Select Event: - Select Event -

 Event Name: - Select Event -

 Event Type: - New Event -

☒ Dynamic SQL Statement

☐ Dynamic Email

☐ HTTP Post

☐ DotNetNuke Role

☐ Page Redirection

Figure 161: Editing an existing event

The page will be refreshed and the parameters set for the chosen event will be displayed. Change the desired values and click on the “Update Event” link in order to save the changes.

7.48.8 Deleting an event

In order to delete an event, choose the desired event from the “Select Event” pull down menu.

Form Completion Events

Easily setup events for your dynamic forms. Based upon field values you can Send the user new URL, execute a SQL query, or distribute an email.

? Select Event: - Select Event -
 ? Event Name: - Select Event -
 ? Event Type: - New Event -
Job Seeker Redirect
☐ Dynamic SQL Statement
☐ Dynamic Email
☐ DotNetNuke Role
☐ HTTP Post

Figure 162: Deleting an event

The page will be refreshed and the option “Delete Event” will be available. Click on this link to delete the chosen event.

7.48.9 Cloning an event

In order to clone an existing event i.e. quickly create an identical copy of an event, choose the desired event you wish to use as a template from the “Clone Dynamic Event” pull down menu.

Manage Dynamic Questions ▾
 Exit
Dynamic Forms Control Panel
 Manage Questions Module Configuration Form Completion Events
Form Completion Events
 Easily setup events for your dynamic forms. Based upon field values you can Send the user to a new query, or distribute an email.
 ? Select Event: - New Event -
 ? Clone Dynamic Event: - Select Event -
 ? - Select Event -
 Event Name: Testing File Attachment(Email)
 ? Event Sort Order: Page Redirection Event(redirect)
 ? Event Type: ☒ URL / Page Redirection ☐ Dynamic SQL Statement
☐ Dynamic Email ☐ DotNetNuke Role
☐ HTTP Post ☐ Create PDF File
 ? Event Details:

Figure 163: Cloning an event

The page will be refreshed containing automatically populated fields from the event chosen as a template. You can enter a different name for this new event at this point and click “Update” to save the changes, i.e. complete the procedure of cloning an event.

7.48.10 Managing Question Events

In order to start managing question events, choose option “Manage Settings/Questions” from the main menu and then click on the “Question Events” icon.

DYNAMIC FORMS CONTROL PANEL

Manage Questions Module Configuration Form Completion Events **Question Events**

QUESTION EVENTS

Question Events are new enhancements added within V2.3. Question events allow for users to be prompted with other new questions they were not previously privileged too, hide questions they were previously privileged to, or set the default value of a field.

Question Event: - New Question Event -

Event Name:

Is Disabled?: ☐

Event Type:

- ☒ Hide question based on another questions response
- ☐ Set question default / return SQL response based on another questions response
- ☐ Display hidden question based on another questions response
- ☐ Disable question based on another questions response
- ☐ Execute Form Submission

Initiation / Postback Question: - Select Dynamic Field -

Execute event for any response: ☐

Initiation Response:

Affected Question:

- ☐ First Name(FirstName) ☐ Company Name(Comp) ☐ Country(Country)
- ☐ Last Name(LastName) ☐ City(City) ☐ Region(Region)
- ☐ Email Address(Email)

[Delete Question Event](#)

[Exit](#)

Figure 164: Managing Question Events

The following parameters are available inside this screen:

- **Question Event** – pull down menu for choosing the editing the desired question event or creating a new one
- **Event Name** – input field for entering the name of the new question event
- **Is disabled?** – select this option to disable the event; you can use the same option to enable it subsequently
- **Event Type** – options for choosing the type of the question event
 - **Hide question based on another question’s response** – see section [7.48.11](#)
 - **Set Question Default/return SQL response based on another question** – see section [7.48.12](#)
 - **Display hidden question based on another question’s response** – see section [7.48.13](#)
 - **Disable question based on another question’s response** – see section [7.48.14](#)
 - **Execute Form Submission** - see section [7.48.15](#)

- **Initiation / Postback Question** – select the desired postback question; it will be the specific response to this question that will affect displaying or hiding another question (“Affected Question” option)
- **Execute Event for any response** – select this option in case the desired event (hiding or displaying) should be executed no matter the response given to the postback question
- **Initiation Response** – pull down menu for choosing the initiation response, i.e. the response that will trigger the event (showing or displaying the affected question)
- **Affected Question** – pull down menu for choosing the question that will be affected by the event; in other words which question will be displayed or shown based on the response given for the postback question
- **Affected Question New Value** - If you have previously selected the option to change the value of a field based on the response to another field you can set the new value here.

7.48.11 Hiding a question based on the response

This type of event is used in case you want to hide a question after the user has given certain response to a given question.

For the purpose of explaining this feature, the example of asking the user about the type of PC has been taken.

The assumption is that most of the users filling the form will have a laptop and that you want to acquire further information about their preferred laptop accessory (either a bag or a backpack).

In case the user does own a laptop, he will select “Laptop” from the first question (which is a **postback question** in our example). Then this user can move on and supply information about the preferred accessory.

However, if the user has a “Desktop” PC, he will choose the “Desktop” option from the pull down menu (which is **initiation response**) thus making the question about the preferred laptop unnecessary. That question will be automatically hidden from the user (**affected question** in our case). Read below to find detailed instructions on how to define this type of an event.

Question Events

Question Events are new enhancements added within V2.3. Question events allow for users to be pro new questions they were not previously privileged too, hide questions they were previously privileged default value of a field.

Question Event:

Event Name:

Event Type:

☒ Hide question based on another questions response

☐ Set question default based on another questions response

☐ Display hidden question based on another questions response

☐ Disable question based on another questions response

Initiation / Postback Question:

Execute event for any response: ☐

Initiation Response:

Affected Question:

☐ First name

☐ Last name

☐ HR

☐ Are you a US citizen?

☐ Choose your country

☐ Operating System

☐ Enter the characters displayed in the image

☐ Favorite Search Engine

☐ Receive a Newsletter

☐ Which products do you like?

☐ Example of a listbox

☐ Image Upload

☐ Date

☐ Upload a file

☐ Rich Text editor

☐ What kind of PC do you have?

☒ Preferred laptop accessory

Affected Question New Default Value:

[Delete Question Event](#) [Update Question Event](#)

[Update Settings](#) [Exit](#)

Figure 165: Hiding a question based on the response

- **Question Event** – choose option “New Question Event”
- **Event Name** – enter the name of the event (e.g. “Hide accessories”)
- **Event Type** – choose option “Hide question based on another question’s response”
- **Initiation / Postback Question** – select the desired postback question; in this case the postback question would be “What kind of a PC do you have?”
- **Initiation Response** – pull down menu for choosing the initiation response; in our example the initiation response would be “Desktop” which would cause the question about the accessories to be hidden
- **Affected Question** – pull down menu for choosing the question that will be affected by the event; in our example the affected question would be “Preferred laptop accessory”

After setting the desired parameters, click on the "Update Question Event" link and the new event will be created.

The screenshot below demonstrates this question event as seen by the end user.



Dynamic Forms

What kind of a PC do you have?: Laptop

Preferred laptop accessory:

☒ Bag

☐ Backpack

Figure 166: Example of this event as seen by the end user

The default value for the first question has been set to "Laptop". Once the user chooses "Desktop", the "Preferred laptop accessory" question will disappear.

7.48.12 Setting the question default or returning an SQL response based on the response

This type of event is used in case you want to set the default value of another field based on response from a previous field or return an SQL response based on that response.

For example, if the user check's a box (initiation or postback question) you might want to set the default value to another field to be 'Yes'.

Question Events

Question Events are new enhancements added within V2.3. Question events allow for users to be p other new questions they were not previously privileged too, hide questions they were previously p or set the default value of a field.

? Question Event:

? Event Name:

? Is Disabled?: ☐

? Event Type:

- ☐ Hide question based on another questions response
- ☒ Set question default / return SQL response based on another questions response
- ☐ Display hidden question based on another questions response
- ☐ Disable question based on another questions response
- ☐ Execute Form Submission

? Initiation / Postback Question

? Execute event for any response: ☐

? Initiation Response:

? Affected Question:

? Affected Question New Default Value:
 ☒ Enter Options
 ☐ SQL Driven

[Delete Question Event](#) [Update Question Event](#)

[Update Settings](#) [Exit](#)

Figure 167: Setting the question default based on the response

- **Question Event** – choose option “New Question Event”
- **Event Name** – enter the name of the event
- **Is Disabled?** – use this option if you wish to temporarily disable this question event (**note:** you can toggle between disabled or enabled at any time)
- **Event Type** – choose option “**Set question default/return SQL response based on another question’s response**”
- **Initiation / Postback Question** – select the desired postback question
- **Execute event for any response** – select this checkbox in case you wish to trigger the event whatever the response
- **Initiation Response** – pull down menu for choosing the initiation response; in our example the initiation response would be “**Yes**” which would cause the affected question (**PDA manufacturer**) to be displayed to this user
- **Affected Question** – pull down menu for choosing the question that will be affected by the event
- **Affected Question New Default Value** - if you selected the option to change the value of a field based on another field you can set the new value here by using any of the two following options:
 - **Enter options** – Enter the new value the field should render when the initiation response has been triggered.
 - **SQL driven** - Enter a query that should return a single row/column with the column name ‘DefaultValue’. Please note, all queries should use stored procedures to

minimize the risk of SQL injection (especially within question events if you are referencing other field tokens).

▪ **Possible implementations that can utilize this feature might include:**

- Returning a true or false once a user enters a special code
- Have a user take a test of values that check get checked and returns a percentage (such as a having the user take a test and it can return their score)
- Having the user enter a coupon code or promotional code that checks the database for an available discount and then returns the percentage discount. [You can view a demonstration of this example here.](#) This example then modifies via a client side event the final cost of the product after the coupon has been applied.

Dynamic Forms Demonstration - Question & Completion Events

Hide Field / Disable Field Demonstration

First Name:

Last Name:

Email Address:

Hide work phone field?: ☐

Work phone:

Disable web site field?: ☐

Web Site:

Set Field Default Demonstration

Set default example one:

Set default example field two: ☐ No ☐ Yes

Show Hidden Fields / Form Completion Event Demonstration

Would you like the system to execute a completion event upon form submission?:

[Submit](#)

Figure 168: Example of setting the question default based on the response

[Review Demonstration of Default Value Question Event](#)

7.48.13 [Displaying hidden question based on a response](#)

This type of event is used in case you want to display a question that has been hidden from the user the user has given certain response to a given question.

For the purpose of explaining this feature, the example of asking the user about whether he has a PDA device or not has been taken.

Once the user supplies the answer “Yes” (**initiation response** in our case), the question about the PDA manufacturer will be displayed to the user so that he could choose the manufacturer of his PDA device. Read below to find detailed instructions on how to define this type of an event.

Question Events

Question Events are new enhancements added within V2.3. Question events allow for users to be prone new questions they were not previously privileged too, hide questions they were previously privileged default value of a field.

Question Event:

Event Name:

Event Type:

☐ Hide question based on another questions response
☐ Set question default based on another questions response
☒ Display hidden question based on another questions response
☐ Disable question based on another questions response

Initiation / Postback Question:

Execute event for any response: ☐

Initiation Response:

Affected Question:

<input type="checkbox"/> First name	<input type="checkbox"/> Favorite Search Engine file	<input type="checkbox"/> Upload a
<input type="checkbox"/> Last name	<input type="checkbox"/> Receive a Newsletter	<input type="checkbox"/> Rich Text editor
<input type="checkbox"/> HR	<input type="checkbox"/> Which products do you like?	<input type="checkbox"/> What kind of PC do you have?
<input type="checkbox"/> Are you a US citizen?	<input type="checkbox"/> Example of a listbox	<input type="checkbox"/> Preferred laptop accessory
<input type="checkbox"/> Choose your country	<input type="checkbox"/> Image Upload	<input type="checkbox"/> Do you have a PDA?
<input type="checkbox"/> Operating System	<input type="checkbox"/> Date	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> PDA Manufacturer
<input type="checkbox"/> Enter the characters displayed in the image		

Affected Question New Default Value:

[Delete Question Event](#)
[Update Question Event](#)

[Update Settings](#)
[Exit](#)

Figure 169: Displaying hidden question based on a response

- **Question Event** – choose option “New Question Event”
- **Event Name** – enter the name of the event (e.g. “Show PDA manufacturer”)
- **Event Type** – choose option “Display hidden question based on another question’s response”

- **Initiation / Postback Question** – select the desired postback question; in this case the postback question would be “**Do you have a PDA?**”
- **Initiation Response** – pull down menu for choosing the initiation response; in our example the initiation response would be “**Yes**” which would cause the affected question (**PDA manufacturer**) to be displayed to this user
- **Affected Question** – pull down menu for choosing the question that will be affected by the event; in our example the affected question would be “**PDA Manufacturer**”

After setting the desired parameters, click on the “Update Question Event” link and the new event will be created. The screenshot below demonstrates this question event as seen by the end user.

Dynamic Forms

Do you have a PDA?: ☒ Yes ☐ No

PDA manufacturer: ☐ HP ☒ Sharp ☐ Sony ☐ Casio

Figure 170: Example of the event question as seen by the end user

The “PDA manufacturer” question is hidden until the user answers “Yes” to the “Do you have a PDA” question.

Important note: in order for the affected question (**PDA manufacturer**) to be hidden until the user supplies the proper initiation response, you need to select the “**Hide until forced visible by question event**” option within the “Advanced Field Options” page.

Advanced Field Options

Default Value: ☐ Yes ☐ No

DotNetNuke User Default: Fax

Example Text:

Read Only Field: ☐

Text Box Length: 200

Javascript OnBlur Validation:

Hide question from these roles: ☐ Administrators ☐ Subscribers ☐ Registered Users

Hide from anonymous users: ☐

Hide until forced visible by question event.: ☒

Retrieve values from querystring variable for this question: ☐

Figure 171: Editing “Advanced Field Options”


7.48.14 Disabling a question based on another question’s response


This type of event is used in case you want to disable a certain question based on the response for another question. An example for using this option can be a situation where you want to differentiate users from US and those from the rest of the world.


In that case you could create a radio buttons element asking the user whether he is a US citizen or not. Based on the response (YES), you can determine to disable the pull down menu for choosing the country (containing all other countries but US).

Question Events


Question Events are new enhancements added within V2.3. Question events allow for users to be pr new questions they were not previously privileged too, hide questions they were previously privileg default value of a field.


 Question Event:


 Event Name:

 Event Type:


- ☐ Hide question based on another questions response
- ☐ Set question default based on another questions response
- ☐ Display hidden quest on based on another questions response
- ☒ Disable question based on another questions response

 Initiation / Postback Question:


 Execute event for any response: ☐

 Initiation Response:

- ☐ - Any Field Response -
- ☒ Yes
- ☐ No

 Affected Question:

<input type="checkbox"/> First name	<input type="checkbox"/> Operating System	<input type="checkbox"/> Example of a listbox
<input type="checkbox"/> Last name	<input type="checkbox"/> Enter the characters displayed in the image	<input type="checkbox"/> Image Upload
<input type="checkbox"/> HR	<input type="checkbox"/> Favorite Search Engine	<input type="checkbox"/> Date
<input type="checkbox"/> Are you a US citizen?	<input type="checkbox"/> Receive a Newsletter	<input type="checkbox"/> Upload a file
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Choose your country	<input type="checkbox"/> Which products do you like?	<input type="checkbox"/> Rich Text editor

 Affected Question New Default Value:

[Delete Question Event](#) [Update Question Event](#)

[Update Settings](#) [Exit](#)

Figure 172: Disabling a question

The screen shots below demonstrate hiding of the field based on the response from the user.

Dynamic Forms Demonstration - Question & Completion Events

Hide Field / Disable Field Demonstration

First Name:

Last Name:

Email Address:

Hide work phone field?: ☒

Disable web site field?: ☒

Web Site:

Figure 173: Example of disabling a question based on the response (step 1/2)

Once the user selects the “Disable web site field”, the screen will be refreshed and the “Web Site” field will be disabled.

Dynamic Forms Demonstration - Question & Completion Events

Hide Field / Disable Field Demonstration

First Name:

Last Name:

Email Address:

Hide work phone field?: ☒

Disable web site field?: ☒

Web Site:

Figure 174: Example of disabling a question based on the response (step 2/2)

7.48.15 Executing the form submission

This question event is used for automatically submitting the form upon firing. In case the conditions are met, the form will be submitted instantly.

In order to create this question event, choose option “New Question Event” From the “Question Event” menu.

Question Events

Question Events are new enhancements added within V2.3. Question events allow for use other new questions they were not previously privileged too, hide questions they were previously privileged to, or set the default value of a field.

Question Event:

Event Name:

Is Disabled?: ☐

Event Type:

- ☐ Hide question based on another questions re
- ☐ Set question default based on another questi
- ☐ Display hidden question based on another qu
- ☐ Disable question based on another questions
- ☒ Execute Form Submission

Initiation / Postback Question:

Execute event for any response: ☐

Initiation Response:

Affected Question:

☐ First Name ☐ Email Address ☐ Country

☐ Last Name ☐ Street

[Delete Question Event](#) [Update Question Event](#)

[Update Settings](#) [Exit](#)

Figure 175: Executing the form submission

For the “Event Type” choose “Execute Form Submission” and then define the rest of the criteria.

7.48.16 Editing a question event

In order to edit a question event, choose the desired question event from the pull down menu.

Question Events

Question Events are new enhancements added within V2.3. Question events allow for u prompted with other new questions they were not previously privileged too, hide questi previously privileged to, or set the default value of a field.

Question Event:

Event Name:

Event Type:

- ☐ Hide question based on another ques
- ☐ Set question default based on anothe
- ☐ Display hidden question based on an

Figure 176: Editing a question event

The screen will be refreshed containing the parameters of the chosen question event where you can make the desired changes.

7.48.17 Deleting a question event

In order to delete a question event, choose the desired question event from the pull down menu.

Question Events

Question Events are new enhancements added within V2.3. Question events allow for questions to be prompted with other new questions they were not previously privileged too, hide questions previously privileged to, or set the default value of a field.

☐ Question Event: - New Question Event -
☐ Event Name: - Select Question Event -
☐ Event Type: - New Question Event -
Show PDA Manufact. Hide accessories another ques
☐ Set question default based on another question
☐ Display hidden question based on another question

Figure 177: Deleting the question event (step 1/2)

The following screen will be displayed.

☐ Initiation / Postback Question: What kind of a PC do you have?
☐ Execute event for any response:
☐ Initiation Response: Desktop
☐ Affected Question: Preferred laptop accessory
☐ Affected Question New Default Value: ☐ Bag ☐ Backpack

[Delete Question Event](#) [Update Question Event](#)

[Update Settings](#) [Exit](#)

Figure 178: Deleting the question event (step 2/2)

Click on the "Delete Question Event" link and the selected question event will be deleted.

8 ACCEPTING SILENT HTTP POSTS

Dynamic Forms can accept silent posts, if a silent post is sent the form will collect the variables from the post and submit the form (as long as validation is valid with all fields passed via the silent post)

- In order to initiate a silent post to the form you should post data via another application or an HTML Form Post with passing the parameter "SPost" with a value of "True"
- You should pass each form variable with the form variable name matching the short field name of the Dynamic Forms module instance. For example, if you had a field with a short field name of "FName" you should pass that variable via the HTTP Post with a value
- Note: Silent posts will save all of the data from form submission and also enable/fire each and every form completion event as if the user had submitted the form.

9 VIEWING FORM RESULTS

Note: the users with “view” (non-admin role) rights can also be allowed to view, edit, manage templates, export, and purge form results. For further information about this functionality, see section [7.45](#)

In order to view the results of your form choose option “View Form Results” from the “Advanced Features” submenu.

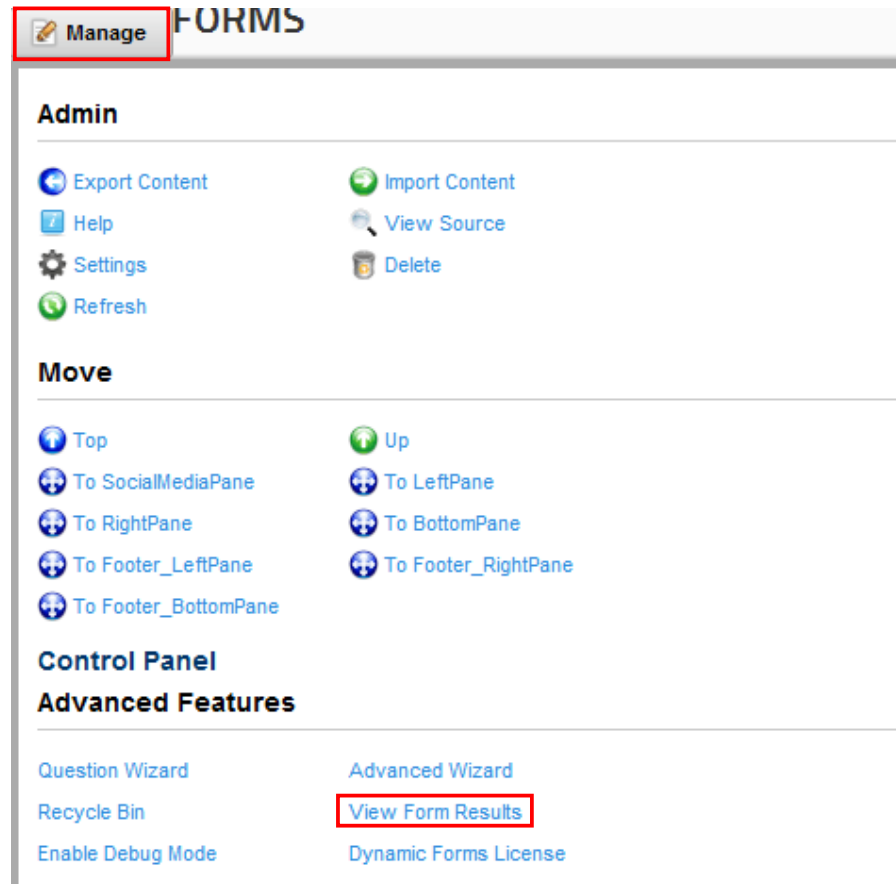


Figure 179: Viewing form results (step 1/2)

The screen containing summary information about users filling the form will be displayed.

View Form Results ▾

Exit Manage Results Template Export all results to Excel Purge All Results

? Page Size: ▾

? Filter: ▾ = Search

1 2				
Results Date / Time				
6/9/2009 12:14:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/23/2009 5:28:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/21/2009 2:46:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/18/2009 3:38:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/16/2009 3:29:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/11/2009 6:52:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:28:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:25:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:24:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:19:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
1 2				

Figure 180: Viewing form results (step 2/2)

The following options are available inside this screen:

- **Manage Results Template** – the option for managing the results template (see section [9.2](#))
- **Export All Results to Excel** – click on this link to export all form results to an excel file (see section [9.7](#))
- **Purge All Results** – the option for purging the form results (see section [9.1](#))
- **Page size** – set the desired number of items per page
- **Filter** – select the field you wish to filter the results for and/or enter the keyword for performing the search
- **View Results** – click on this link to view detailed results of the form (see section [9.1](#))
- **Delete** – click on this link to delete the form result (see section [9.4](#))
- **Edit** – click on this link to edit the form result (see section [9.5](#))
- **Create Copy** – click on this link to create a copy of the form result (see section [9.6](#))
- **Export all results to Excel** – option for exporting results to Excel (see section [9.7](#))

9.1 Purging the form results

In order to purge i.e. delete all form results click the “Purge All Results” link.

View Form Results ▾

[Exit](#)
[Manage Results Template](#)
[Export all results to Excel](#)
[Purge All Results](#)

? Page Size:
 10 ▾

? Filter:
 Filter by Item ▾ = Search

1 2				
Results Date / Time				
6/9/2009 12:14:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/23/2009 5:28:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/21/2009 2:46:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/18/2009 3:38:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/16/2009 3:29:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/11/2009 6:52:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:28:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:25:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:24:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:19:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
1 2				

Figure 181: Purging form results

9.2 Managing the Results Template

In order to purge i.e. delete all form results, click the “Purge All Results” link.

The screenshot shows the 'View Form Results' interface. At the top, there is a blue header bar with the text 'View Form Results' and a dropdown arrow. Below the header, there are four links: 'Exit', 'Manage Results Template' (highlighted with a red box), 'Export all results to Excel', and 'Purge All Results'. Below these links, there is a 'Page Size' dropdown set to '10' and a 'Filter' section with a dropdown set to 'Filter by Item' and a search box. Below the filter section is a table with 5 columns: 'Results Date / Time', 'View Results', 'Delete', 'Edit', and 'Create Copy'. The table contains 10 rows of data, each with a date and time, a 'View Results' link, a 'Delete' link (marked with a red X), an 'Edit' link (marked with a pencil icon), and a 'Create Copy' link (marked with a document icon). The table is paginated with '1 2' at the bottom.

Results Date / Time	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
6/9/2009 12:14:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/23/2009 5:28:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/21/2009 2:46:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/18/2009 3:38:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/16/2009 3:29:00 AM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/11/2009 6:52:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:28:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:25:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:24:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:19:00 PM	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy

Figure 182: Choosing the "Manage Results Template" option

The following page will be displayed.

The screenshot shows the 'View Form Results' interface. At the top, there is a blue header bar with the text 'View Form Results' and a dropdown arrow. Below the header, there are two radio buttons: 'Standard Template' (selected) and 'Custom Template'. Below the radio buttons, there are two links: 'Update Template' and 'Cancel'.

Figure 183: Available form results template options

The following options and parameters are available:

- **Standard Template** – this option is selected by default when the standard template is applied; to modify the template, choose option “Custom Template”
- **Custom Template** – choose this option to begin modifying the form results template according to your preferences; the following screen will be displayed

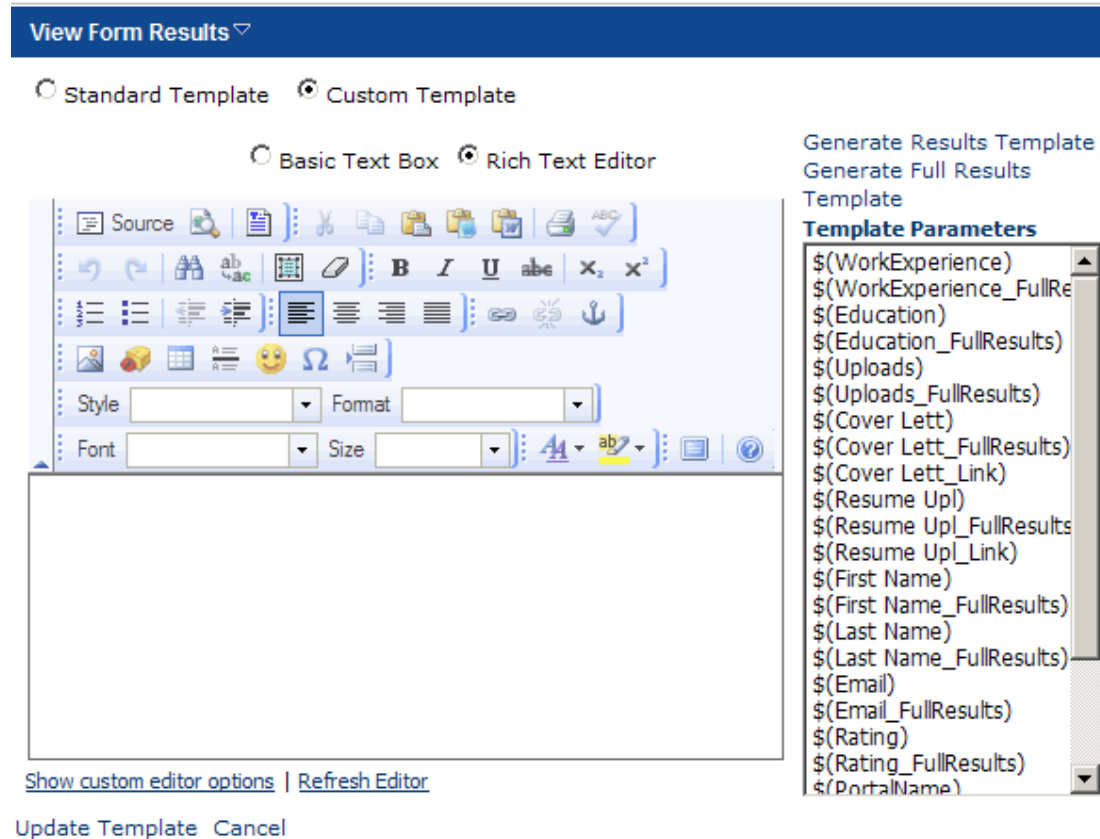


Figure 184: Managing the form results template

The following options and parameters are available:

- **Generate Results Template** – use this option to automatically generate the results template
- **Generate Full Results Template**– use this option to automatically generate the results template
- **Template Parameters** – use the template parameters to create a custom set of parameters which should be displayed within the form

9.3 Viewing a form result

In order to view a form result, click on the “View Results” link next to the desired date.









































1 2				
Results Date / Time				
6/9/2009 12:14:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/23/2009 5:28:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/21/2009 2:46:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/18/2009 3:38:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/16/2009 3:29:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/11/2009 6:52:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:28:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:25:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:24:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:19:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
1 2				

Figure 185: Viewing a form result (step 1/2)

The screen containing detailed form result will be displayed.

View Form Results ▾

[Exit](#)
[Manage Results Template](#)

Related Work Experience :

Years Employed (example: 2001 - 2005)	Company Name	State	Job Highlights
2000-2001	Test	PA	AFHH

Education :

Education Level	School/University Attended	Major/Minor	Awards/Recognition
--------------------	-------------------------------	-------------	--------------------

The File Attachment/Upload field now comes with the option to be saved with a unique name, a friendly name or the exact name. Admins can also choose to have the file stored as the full http reference or just the filename. Lastly, you now have the ability to define the upload directory of your choice. See our tutorial below for more informaton.

Cover Letter Upload :

Resume Upload : http://www.datasprings.com/Portals/0/DynamicForms_Uploads/

How well do you like these new features? : 5

[Back](#)

Figure 186: Viewing a form result (step 2/2)

Note: see section [9.7](#) for further information about exporting results to an Excel file.

9.4 Deleting a form result

In order to view a form result, click on the “Delete” link next to the desired user.









































1 2				
Results Date / Time				
6/9/2009 12:14:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/23/2009 5:28:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/21/2009 2:46:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/18/2009 3:38:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/16/2009 3:29:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/11/2009 6:52:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:28:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:25:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:24:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:19:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
1 2				

Figure 187: Deleting a form result (step 1/2)

Once you click on the “Delete” link the following confirmation dialog will be displayed.

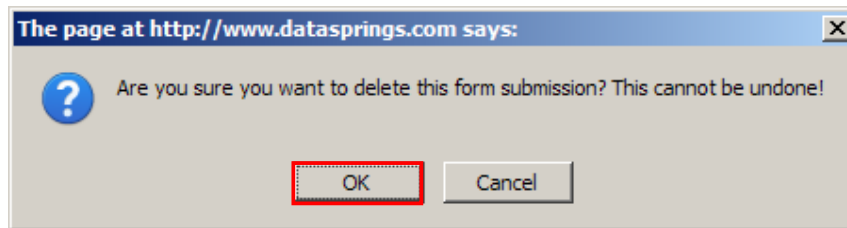


Figure 188: Deleting a form result (step 2/2)

Click “OK” and the selected form submission will be deleted.

9.5 Editing the form result

In order to edit a form result, click the “Edit” link next to the desired result.









































1 2				
Results Date / Time				
6/9/2009 12:14:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/23/2009 5:28:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/21/2009 2:46:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/18/2009 3:38:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/16/2009 3:29:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/11/2009 6:52:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:28:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:25:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:24:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:19:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
1 2				

Figure 189: Deleting a form result (step 1/2)

Once you click on the “Edit” link and the form where you can edit the results will displayed.

9.6 Creating a copy of the result

In order to create a copy of a form result, click the “Create Copy” link next to the desired result.









































1 2				
Results Date / Time				
6/9/2009 12:14:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/23/2009 5:28:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/21/2009 2:46:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/18/2009 3:38:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/16/2009 3:29:00 AM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/11/2009 6:52:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:28:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:25:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:24:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
5/8/2009 1:19:00 PM	 View Results	 Delete	 Edit	 Create Copy
1 2				

Figure 190: Creating a copy of the result

The copy of the selected form result will be created and displayed.

9.7 Exporting results to Excel

In order to export results to an Excel file, click on the “Export all results to Excel” link.

The screenshot shows the 'View Form Results' interface. At the top, there are links: 'Exit', 'Manage Results Template', 'Export all results to Excel' (highlighted with a red box), and 'Purge All Results'. Below these links, there is a 'Page Size' dropdown set to '10' and a 'Filter' section with a 'Filter by Item' dropdown and a search box. The main area displays a table of results with columns for 'Results Date / Time', 'View Results', 'Delete', 'Edit', and 'Create Copy'. The table contains 10 rows of data, each with a timestamp and corresponding action links. The table is paginated with '1 2' at the bottom.

Results Date / Time	View Results	Delete	Edit	Create Copy
6/9/2009 12:14:00 PM				
5/23/2009 5:28:00 AM				
5/21/2009 2:46:00 AM				
5/18/2009 3:38:00 AM				
5/16/2009 3:29:00 AM				
5/11/2009 6:52:00 PM				
5/8/2009 1:28:00 PM				
5/8/2009 1:25:00 PM				
5/8/2009 1:24:00 PM				
5/8/2009 1:19:00 PM				

Figure 191: Exporting results to Excel (step 1/3)

The following screen will be displayed.

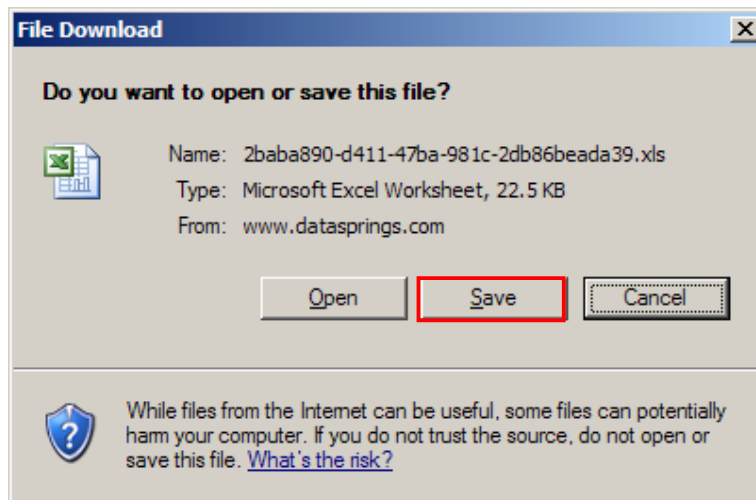


Figure 192: Exporting results to Excel (step 2/3)

Click on the “Save” button in order to save the exported results to your PC and the following screen will be displayed.

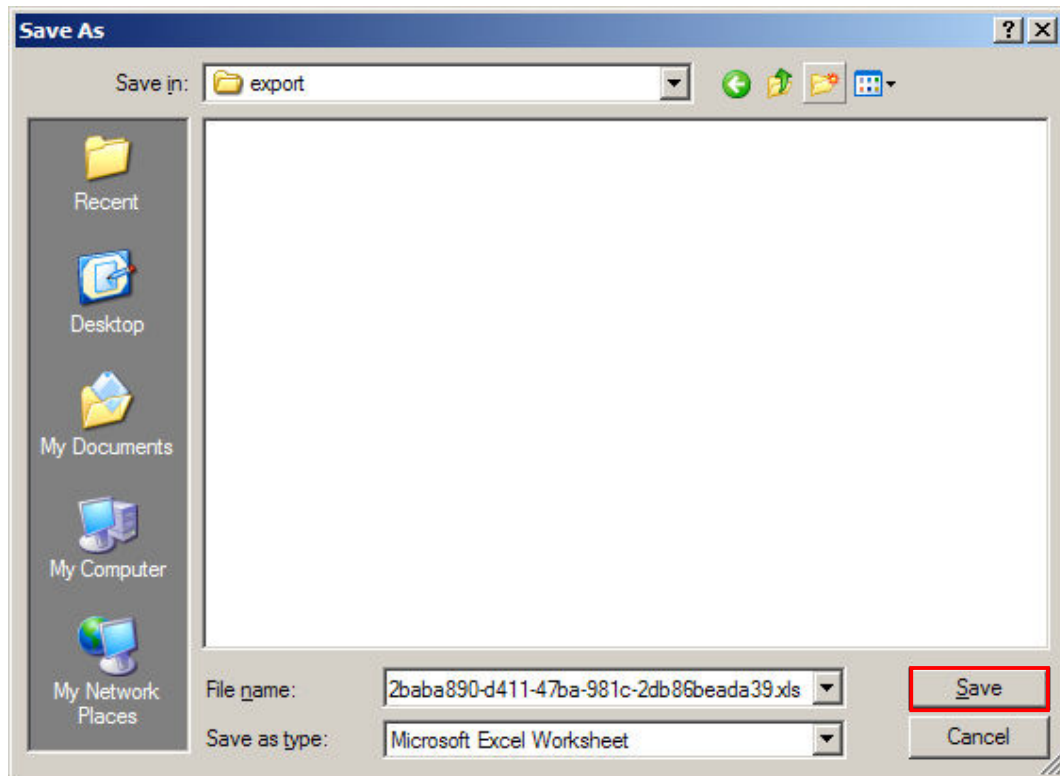


Figure 193: Exporting results to Excel (step 3/3)

Choose the desired location for the exported Excel file and click on the “Save” button in order to save it to your PC. This screenshot demonstrates the layout of the Excel file with exported results.

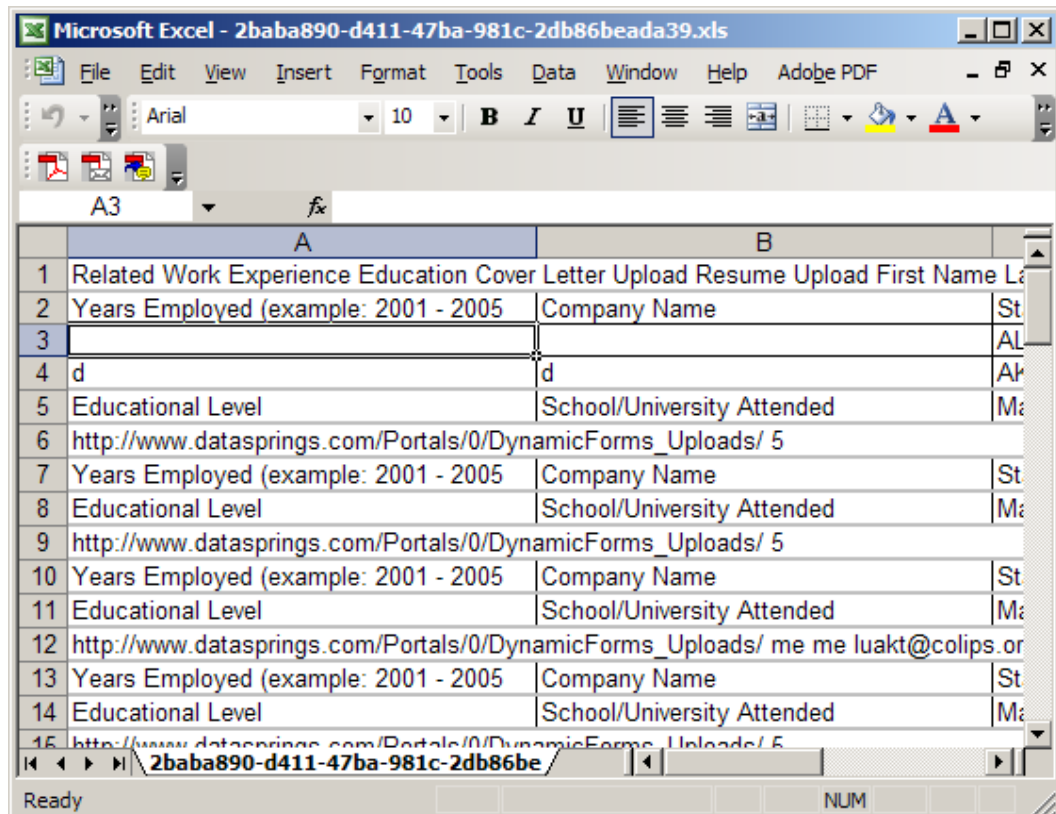


Figure 194: Example of the exported file

10 EXPORTING AND IMPORTING FORMS

The purpose of the export and import options is to allow you to place an already created form on some other page within the website.

The first step is to export the content i.e. export the already created form. Once the content has been exported, you can add the “Dynamic Forms” module to a different page on the website and use the “Import Content” option to add the created form to this page.

10.1 Exporting Content

In order to export the content, choose option “Export Content” from the main menu.

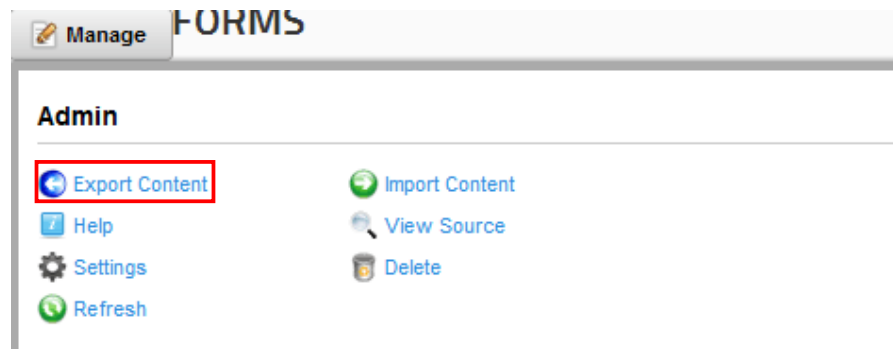


Figure 195: Exporting content (step 1/2)

The following screen will be displayed.

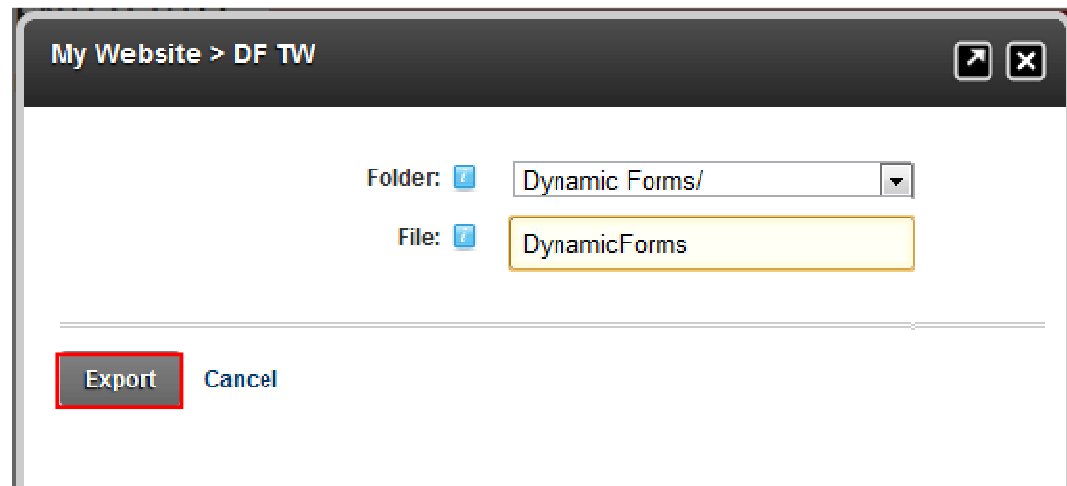


Figure 196: Exporting content (step 2/2)

Choose the desired destination folder and click on the “Export” link. The information about the created form will be exported. The next step is importing the content i.e. form into the desired page (see section [10.2](#)).

10.2 Importing Content

Notes:

- Before you import the content, use the “Export Content” option to export the form first
- After exporting the content, add the “Dynamic Forms” module to a desired page and use the “Import Content” option to add the created form to that page

In order to import the content, i.e. add an already created form to a different page on the website choose option “Import Content” from the main menu.

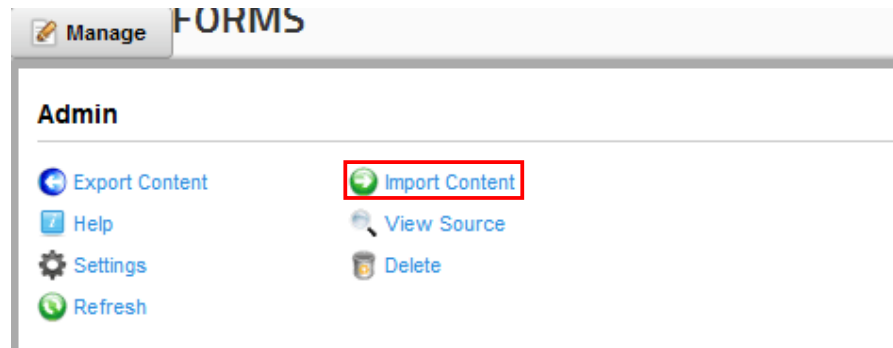


Figure 197: Importing content (step 1/2)

The following screen will be displayed.

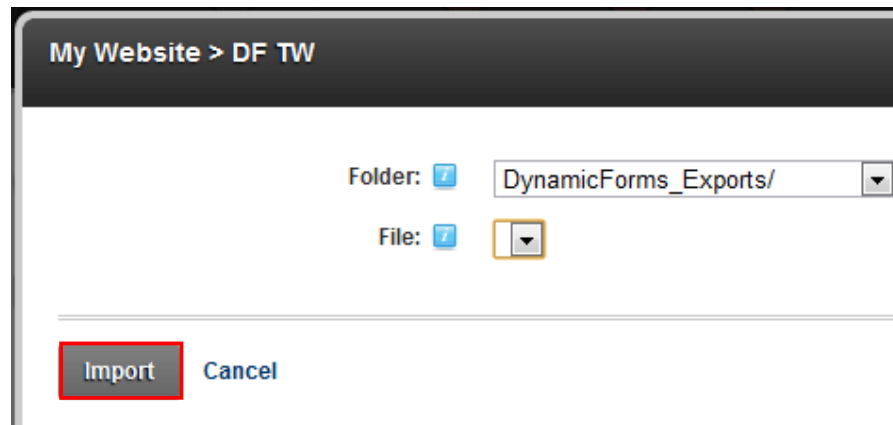


Figure 198: Importing content (step 2/2)

Choose the folder the form has been exported to from the “Folder” pull down menu, then select the desired file and click on the “Import” button. The form will be added to the page.

11 MANAGING SETTINGS

In order to start managing settings choose option "Settings" from the main menu.

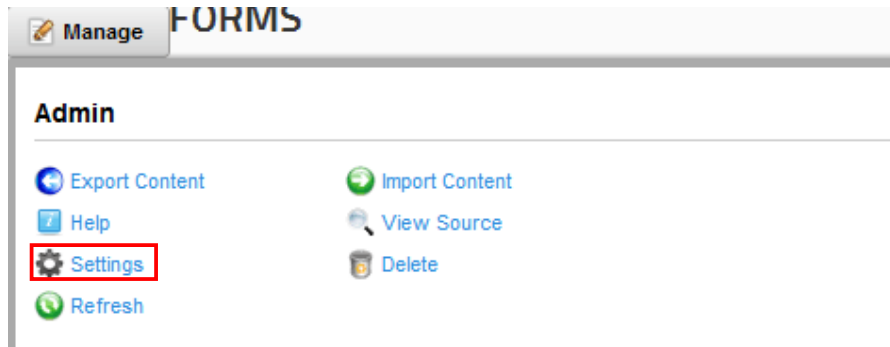


Figure 199: Choosing option "Settings"

The following screen will be displayed.

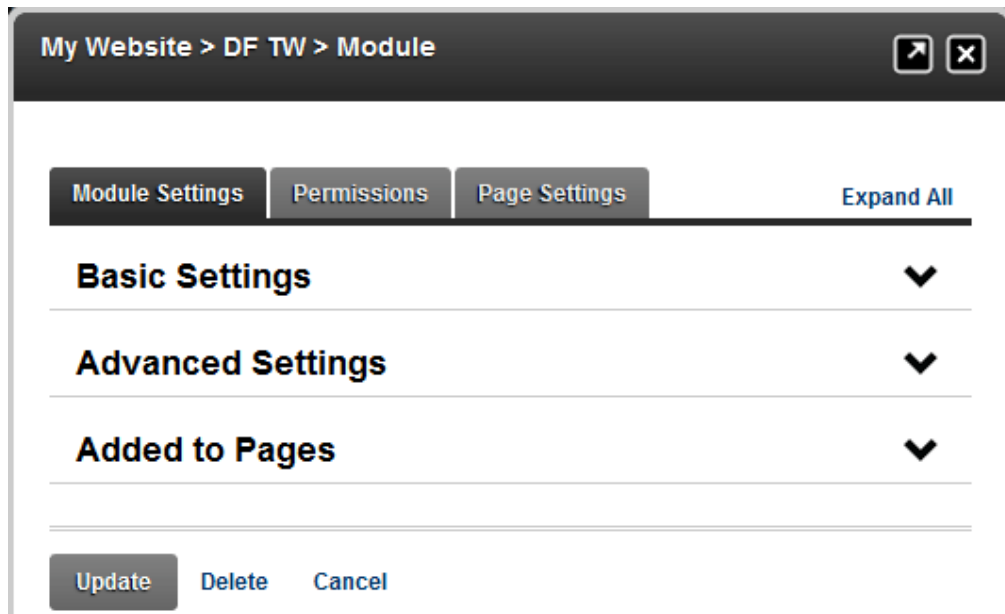


Figure 200: Managing settings

The following options and parameters are available:

- **Basic Settings** – the option for managing the standard DNN basic module settings
- **Advanced Settings** – the option for managing the standard DNN basic module settings
- **Added to pages** – this option will give you the information on all of the additional pages the module has been installed to
- **Page Settings** - the section for managing the settings specific to this particular occurrence of the module for this page

12 DELETING DYNAMIC FORMS MODULE

In order to delete “Dynamic Forms” module, choose option “Delete” from the main menu.

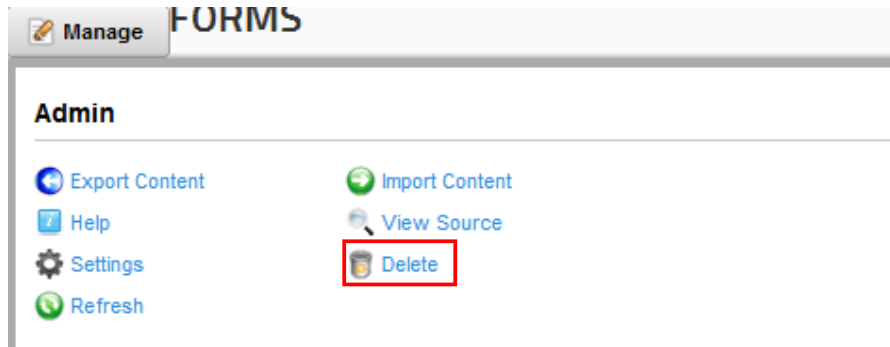


Figure 201: Deleting Dynamic Forms Module (step 1/2)

The following screen will be displayed.

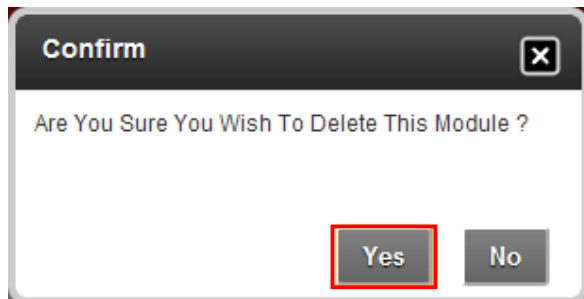


Figure 202: Deleting Dynamic Forms Module (step 2/2)

Click on the “OK” button and the module will be deleted.

13 OTHER RESOURCES

Here is the list of other resources you can use in order to learn as much as possible about different ways you can use the Dynamic Forms module.

13.1 Product Forums:

We encourage you to visit the product forums areas and post support or implementation questions, ideas, enhancement requests, and overall community involvement. Have questions? Often searching the product forums will bring up several threads related to your issue or question.

<http://www.datasprings.com/Products/ProductForums/tabid/727/language/en-US/Default.aspx>

13.2 Undocumented Features / Tips:

The following tips are not documented in other areas but are available within the module. .

- You can pass along a querystring parameter of "DBHIDE" with a value of "True" and the module will be completely hidden. This could be useful with other types of work flow integrations where you may or may not want to show the form depending on the work flow.
- You can pass along a querystring parameter of "Debug" with a value of "True" and this will enable the form within debug mode, highlighting important debug information such as client side events and SQL queries etc...
- You can pass along a querystring value of "ClearCache" with a value of "True" and this will clear the cache from the database fields which is currently set to 20 minutes. You can also enable a setting of "True" for a module setting within the ModuleSettings table for the module setting "ClearCache" and this will also always run without database caching.
- To debug several areas of the module work flow and interaction you can enable "Debug Info" within the event viewer. To do this navigate to Admin, Event Viewer within DotNetNuke and then choose from the module menu "Edit Log Entries". From this page select to display all of "Debug Info" log entries.
- Dynamic Forms 4.1 no longer injects jQuery automatically. If you are running on a version of DotNetNuke that does not inject jQuery, you can create a hidden setting called "IncludejQuery" with a value of "True" within the ModuleSettings table and jQuery library be enabled. This also applies to the module setting "IncludejQueryUI" and a value of "True" as well.
- Form Default Value "Pecking Order": Dynamic Forms will default a field based on specific settings such as the default value, SQL default, querystring, session variables and other possible features. The module is setup to initially set the value from the default value setting, and then the pecking order that can override this is based on DNN Core field default value, querystring paramater, session variable, cookie variable, DNN Core Field default, SQL Binding (Global) and then SQL Default (field level specific).
- Password Fields: Including the text "DSPASSWORD" within the short fieldname of Dynamic Forms textbox fields, will automatically make that field a password field with *****.
- Functions within Dynamic Forms check against SQL Injection. Besides standard checks the module also replaces the following text within SQL options, SQL Events, etc...
 - Update --- Replaced with ###Update###
 - Insert --- Replace with ###Insert###
 - Count(--- Replaced with ###Count(###
 - ; --- Replaced with ###;###
 - -- -- Which is replaced with ###---###

Note: You can easily replace within your SQL query or stored procedure using the SQL Server Replace statement. For example, you can easily replace `###Update###` with just `Update`. These items were added as a security precaution against SQL Injection.

- Dynamic Forms can accept silent posts, if a silent post is sent the form will collect the variables from the post and submit the form (as long as validation is valid with all fields passed via the silent post).
 - In order to initiate a silent post to the form you should post data via another application or an HTML Form Post with passing the parameter "SPost" with a value of "True"
 - You should pass each form variable with the form variable name matching the short field name of the Dynamic Forms module instance. For example, if you had a field with a short field name of "FName" you should pass that variable via the HTTP Post with a value
 - Note: Silent posts will save all of the data from form submission and also enable/fire each and every form completion event as if the user had submitted the form.

13.3 Demonstrations:

We encourage you to review the Dynamic Forms demonstrations from the links below for help in getting started. You can download the IPORTABLE XML files, copy these files to your portals home directory and choose 'Import Content' to start from one of these demonstrations:

Dynamic Forms Demonstrations:

<http://www.datasprings.com/Products/DNNModules/DynamicForms/DynamicFormsDemonstration1/tabid/754/Default.aspx>

Specific Demonstrations:

- [Demonstration #1](#) - Demonstrates the use of Regular Expressions and Question Events)
- [Demonstration #2](#) - Demonstrates the use of Regular Expressions and Question Events with Content Localization)
- [Demonstration #3](#) - Demonstrates the use of Dynamics Forms between multiple user groups)
- [Demonstration #4](#) - Demonstrates tailored text/HTML integrated with Dynamic Forms to create a payment solution with Paypal)
- [Demonstration #5](#) - Demonstrates new features including IPortable, Googles 'Auto Fill' toolbar, updated Question Event features)
- [Demonstration #6](#) - Demonstrates the integration of the Authorizenet Merchant Account)
- [Demonstration #7](#) - Demonstrates advanced field options and client-side events)
- [Demonstration #8](#) - Demonstrates form stylesheet properties and layout options)
- [Demonstration #9](#) - Demonstrates key question and completion events
- [Demonstration #10](#) - Demonstrates how to create Multi-Page/Wizard functionality using Dynamic Forms
- [Demonstration #11](#) - Demonstrates how to create data-driven, dependent dropdowns using Dynamic Forms
- [Demonstration #12](#) - Demonstrates how to perform SQL Validation using Dynamic Forms
- [Demonstration #13](#) - Demonstrates retrieving data from Dynamic Forms from other 3rd party modules, clear results feature, custom javascript error handling, and initial javascript client side events

- [Demonstration #14](#) - Dynamic Forms Initial SQL Rendering Demonstration as well as a work flow for create, edit, and delete with integration of a custom table
- [Demonstration #15](#) - Dynamic Forms PayPal® Integration for Purchase Demonstration
- [Demonstration #16](#) - Dynamic Forms PayPal® Integration for Subscription Demonstration
- [Demonstration #17](#) - Dynamic Forms PayPal Integration (optionally turn payment gateway off based on short field name 'EnablePGateway')
- [Demonstration #18](#) - Dynamic Forms PayPal® Integration (optionally switch between PayPal and Authorizenet payment gateways based on short field name of 'PaymentGateway')
- [Demonstration #19](#) (The main purpose of this demonstration is to showcase the variety of layout options available with Dynamic Forms. This expanded form showcases the use of column spans, label width, field width, and many others.)
- [Demonstration #20](#) (Demonstrates a number of calculation methods to obtain totals using various field types such as radio buttons, dropdown menus and checkbox lists.)
- [Demonstration #21](#) (Similar to demonstration 14, but highlights other 3rd party integration modules for reporting and searching including IndooGrid and Open Web Studio (OWS).)
- [Demonstration #22](#) (Demonstrates using the new Gridview field type, Rating field type, and new PDF Completion Event as some general tutorials on new features for the 3.0 release)
- [Demonstration #23](#) (Demonstrates allowing user to save the form for later use, and new 'View' and 'Edit' links as well as some tutorials on new features including the ability to 'Create copy from' results, editing results, and viewing results within a custom template)
- [Demonstration #24](#) (Demonstrates the new data grid field type and other features such as the ability to choose alternate locations and directories for file upload fields)
- [Demonstration #25](#) (Demonstrates integration examples of how to integrate Dynamic Forms with other modules such as GeoSprawl Store Locator / Map Module allowing user to save the form data and later display their information on a map)
- [Demonstration #26](#) (Demonstrates new jQuery features within Dynamic Forms 3.0 such as watermark, masked textbox editor, select all for check box lists, ability to add new items to a combo box dynamically, and other great new jQuery enhancements.)
- [Demonstration #27](#) (Demonstrates extended work flow functionality and integration with a Tabs module. Within this demonstration we highlight how integration works between Dynamic Forms and DNN Aggregator for creating robust forms with easy tabbed navigation.)
- [Demonstration #28](#) (Demonstrates a variety of methods to implement date fields within Dynamic Forms including date field types, masked edit options for dates with textbox fields, and extended date options including jQuery plugins and examples.)
- [Demonstration #29](#) (Demonstrates DNN Text Suggest field type within Dynamic Forms)
- [Demonstration #30](#) (Demonstrates integration with Dynamic Views, a reporting module that can report and showcase data that has been entered from Dynamic Forms. Dynamic Views can also be used to show data only the user has entered.)
- [Demonstration #31](#) (Demonstrates the use of multi-paged forms with forward navigation that allows the information to be updated with each form submission. How to create a

results form that reads in all of the information the user fills in. How to use hidden fields to send the results to the user that filled out the multiple forms.)

- [Demonstration #32](#) (Demonstrates the use of new question events within the 3.4 release including a tutorial on how to request a coupon code for the user and then apply that coupon code as a discount towards a customers purchase. Additional examples include how to change/manipulate the link button text and to showcase a question event that will automatically submit the form based on a field instead of forcing the user to click submit.)
- [Demonstration #33](#) (Demonstrates how you can use "HTTP Post" to handle the post to some other form, and use the ability to receive a post in Dynamic Forms. Additional examples including real-time screen shots of completion events where you can include the URL where a silent post is to be received. The demo follows with a complete step-by-step instruction guide to how to setup and receive posts via Dynamic Forums and Dynamic Registration.)
- [Demonstration #34](#) (This tutorial will highlight new features within Dynamic Forms 4.0 that showcase how to utilize Panels for grouping fields together. Along with the panels features this tutorial showcases how to implement panels with question events for very efficient performance.)
- [Demonstration #35](#) (This tutorial will highlight new features within Dynamic Forms 4.0 that showcase how to utilize Tabs for grouping fields together. This demonstration is similar to the Panels tutorial above but shows how a similar implementation can be changed easily to utilize Tabs.)
- [Demonstration #36](#) (Highlights the best methods that can be used within Dynamic Forms to create and utilize CSS within forms for rounded backgrounds, rounded corners, unique submit buttons, etc)

13.4 Known Issues

The following are the known issues at the time of 3.0 release at the time of the release (03.00.10):

- There are known issues with AJAX and the file upload/image upload fields. If you are using these fields you should disable AJAX for the form. This is disabled under module configuration, general settings.
- There is a known bug with the Data Grid field type if you also enable the feature to display the label and the field in the same column (instead of left to right). If you have problems with the data grid field please disable the feature to display the label and the field in the same column. Our development team is reviewing this issue.
- Some field types do not currently support the 'Save for later' and 'Edit Results' enhancements. These include the Gridview/DataGrid/File Upload/Image Upload field types.



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